CASIRIVIMAB- casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate
IMDEVIMAB- imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate
REGEN-COV- casirivimab and imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate
REGEN-COV- casirivimab and imdevimab
CASIRIVIMAB WITH IMDEVIMAB- casirivimab and imdevimab
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

FACT SHEET FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS
EMERGENCY USE AUTHORIZATION (EUA) OF REGEN-COV™ (casirivimab and imdevimab)

AUTHORIZED USE

TREATMENT

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has issued an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) to permit the emergency use of the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for the treatment of mild to moderate coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death.

Limitations of Authorized Use

- REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not authorized for use in patients:
  - who are hospitalized due to COVID-19, OR
  - who require oxygen therapy due to COVID-19, OR
  - who require an increase in baseline oxygen flow rate due to COVID-19 in those on chronic oxygen therapy due to underlying non-COVID-19 related comorbidity.
- Monoclonal antibodies, such as REGEN-COV, may be associated with worse clinical outcomes when administered to hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring high flow oxygen or mechanical ventilation.

POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has issued an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) to permit the emergency use of the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2]) **and**
    - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] **or**
    - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

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1 Individuals are considered to be fully vaccinated 2 weeks after their second vaccine dose in a 2-dose series (such as the Pfizer or Moderna vaccines), or 2 weeks after a single-dose vaccine (such as Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine). See this website for more details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated.html#vaccinated
2 See this website for more details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/fully-vaccinated-people.html
3 Close contact with an infected individual is defined as: being within 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more, providing care at home to someone who is sick, having direct physical contact with the person (hugging or kissing, for example), sharing eating or drinking utensils, or being exposed to respiratory droplets from an infected person (sneezing or coughing, for example). See this website for additional details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/quarantine.html

Limitations of Authorized Use

- Post-exposure prophylaxis with REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not a substitute for vaccination against COVID-19.
- REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not authorized for pre-exposure prophylaxis for prevention of COVID-19.

RECENT MAJOR CHANGES

• Dosage and Administration (Box, Section 2.4, Section 3, Section 19): addition of co-packaged carton	Revised 09/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Section 2.4): addition of 5% Dextrose as diluent	Revised 09/2021
• Antiviral Resistance (Box and Section 15): addition of information on susceptibility of SARS-CoV-2 variants to REGEN-COV (Tables 9 and 10)	Revised 08/2021
• Authorized Use: addition of new indication for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19	Revised 07/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Box, and Section 2.2): updated authorized dosage for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19	Revised 07/2021

• Authorized Use: expanded the definition of progression of severe COVID-19 to include death	Revised 06/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Box, and Section 2.2): updated authorized dosage	Revised 06/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Box, Section 2.2 and 2.4): updated with subcutaneous route of administration as an alternative for those who cannot receive intravenous infusion	Revised 06/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Box, Section 2.2 and 2.4): updated with co-formulation	Revised 06/2021
• Warnings: Hypersensitivity Including Anaphylaxis and Infusion-Related Reactions (Section 5.1): addition of vasovagal reactions	Revised 06/2021
• Overall Safety Summary, Clinical Trials Experience (Section 6.1): addition of Phase 3 results and safety with subcutaneous dosing	Revised 06/2021
• Clinical Trial Results and Supporting Data for EUA, Mild to Moderate COVID-19 (Section 18.1): addition of Phase 3 data for the authorized dose	Revised 06/2021
• Dosage and Administration (Box and Section 2.1): updated high risk criteria for patient selection	Revised 05/2021
• Dose Preparation and Administration Instructions (Section 2.4): provides updated minimum infusion times based on size of infusion bag used	Revised 03/2021
• New proprietary name: REGEN-COV	Revised 02/2021
• Warnings: Hypersensitivity Including Anaphylaxis and Infusion-Related Reactions (Section 5.1) – addition of new symptoms	Revised 02/2021
• Warnings: Clinical Worsening After REGEN-COV Administration (Section 5.2) – new warning added	Revised 02/2021

REGEN-COV has been authorized by FDA for the emergency uses described above.

REGEN-COV is not FDA-approved for these uses.

REGEN-COV is authorized only for the duration of the declaration that circumstances exist justifying the authorization of the emergency use of REGEN-COV under section 564(b)(1) of the Act, 21 U.S.C. § 360bbb-3(b)(1), unless the authorization is terminated or revoked sooner.

Treatment

This EUA is for the use of the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*.

Post-Exposure Prophylaxis

This EUA is for the use of the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- **not fully vaccinated[1] or who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2]) and**
  - **have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] or**
  - **who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.**

Criteria for Identifying High Risk Individuals

The following medical conditions or other factors may place adults and pediatric patients (age 12-17 years and weighing at least 40 kg) at higher risk for progression to severe COVID-19:

- Older age (for example, age ≥65 years of age)
- Obesity or being overweight (for example, BMI >25 kg/m^2, or if age 12-17, have BMI ≥85th percentile for their age and gender based on CDC growth charts, https://www.cdc.gov/growthcharts/clinical_charts.htm)
- Pregnancy
- Chronic kidney disease
- Diabetes
- Immunosuppressive disease or immunosuppressive treatment
- Cardiovascular disease (including congenital heart disease) or hypertension
- Chronic lung diseases (for example, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma [moderate-to-severe], interstitial lung disease, cystic fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension)

- Sickle cell disease
- Neurodevelopmental disorders (for example, cerebral palsy) or other conditions that confer medical complexity (for example, genetic or metabolic syndromes and severe congenital anomalies)
- Having a medical-related technological dependence (for example, tracheostomy, gastrostomy, or positive pressure ventilation (not related to COVID-19))

Other medical conditions or factors (for example, race or ethnicity) may also place individual patients at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19 and authorization of REGEN-COV under the EUA is not limited to the medical conditions or factors listed above. For additional information on medical conditions and factors associated with increased risk for progression to severe COVID, see the CDC website: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html. Healthcare providers should consider the benefit-risk for an individual patient.

SARS-CoV-2 Viral Variants

Circulating SARS-CoV-2 viral variants may be associated with resistance to monoclonal antibodies. Health care providers should review the Antiviral Resistance information in Section 15 of this Fact Sheet for details regarding specific variants and resistance, and refer to the CDC website (https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/variant-proportions.html) as well as information from state and local health authorities regarding reports of viral variants of importance in their region to guide treatment decisions.

Available Dosage Forms of REGEN-COV:

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is available as:

1. A single vial which contains two antibodies co-formulated in a 1:1 ratio of casirivimab and imdevimab or
2. Individual antibody solutions in separate vials, which may be supplied in separate cartons or together in a single carton (also referred to as a co-packaged carton), or in a dose pack.

Routes of Administration for REGEN-COV:

REGEN-COV may be administered by intravenous infusion or subcutaneous injection.

FOR TREATMENT, INTRAVENOUS INFUSION IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED. SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION IS AN ALTERNATIVE ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION WHEN INTRAVENOUS INFUSION IS NOT FEASIBLE AND WOULD LEAD TO DELAY IN TREATMENT.

FOR POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS, EITHER SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION OR INTRAVENOUS INFUSION CAN BE USED.

Treatment Dosage

- The authorized dosage is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered together as a single intravenous infusion or by subcutaneous injection as soon as possible after positive SARS-CoV-2 viral testing and within

10 days of symptom onset *[see Dosage and Administration (2.2) and Clinical Trial Results and Supporting Data for EUA (18.1)]*.

- The authorized dosage of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab for subcutaneous administration for treatment is selected based on the totality of the scientific evidence, incorporating clinical data, viral load reduction data (pharmacodynamics) and pharmacokinetic data *[see Clinical Pharmacology (14.2) and (14.3)].*

Post-exposure Prophylaxis Dosage

- The authorized dosage is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered by subcutaneous injection or together as a single intravenous infusion as soon as possible following exposure to SARS-CoV-2.
- For individuals in whom repeat dosing is determined to be appropriate for ongoing exposure to SARS-CoV-2 for longer than 4 weeks and who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination, the initial dose is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion followed by subsequent repeat dosing of 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion once every 4 weeks for the duration of ongoing exposure.
- The authorized dosage including dosage for repeat dosing is based on the totality of the scientific evidence including clinical pharmacology data and clinical trial data *[see Clinical Trial Results and Supporting Data for EUA (18.2) and Clinical Pharmacology (14.3)].*

For Intravenous Infusion:

- Co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab solution in a vial and casirivimab and imdevimab solutions in individual vials must be diluted prior to intravenous administration.
- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab together as a single intravenous infusion via pump or gravity (see Table 1, Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4).
- Clinically monitor patients during infusion and observe patients for at least 1 hour after infusion is complete.

For Subcutaneous Injection:

- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab using the co-formulated solution in a vial or using the individual vials (see Table 5 and Table 6).
- Clinically monitor patients after injections and observe patients for at least 1 hour after injections.
- For treatment, subcutaneous injection is an alternative route of administration when intravenous administration is not feasible and would lead to delay in treatment. For post-exposure prophylaxis, either subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion can be administered.

REGEN-COV may only be administered in settings in which health care providers have immediate access to medications to treat a severe infusion or hypersensitivity reactions, such as anaphylaxis, and the ability to activate the emergency medical system (EMS), as necessary.

Health care providers must submit a report on **ALL MEDICATION ERRORS and ALL SERIOUS ADVERSE EVENTS** potentially related to REGEN-COV. See Sections 8 and 9 of the Full EUA Prescribing Information for reporting instructions below.

- Patients treated with REGEN-COV should continue to self-isolate and use infection control measures (e.g., wear mask, isolate, social distance, avoid sharing personal items, clean and disinfect "high touch" surfaces, and frequent handwashing) according to CDC guidelines.

The authorized dosage may be updated as additional data from clinical trials becomes available.

For information on clinical trials that are testing the use of REGEN-COV in COVID-19, please see www.clinicaltrials.gov.

Contraindications

REGEN-COV is contraindicated in individuals with previous severe hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, to REGEN-COV *[see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)]*.

Dosing

Patient Selection for Treatment and Post-Exposure Prophylaxis

This section provides essential information on the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied in individual vials to be administered together in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death for:

- Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*.
- Post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in high risk individuals who are:
  - not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2]**) and**
    - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] **or**
    - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

Criteria for Identifying High Risk Individuals

The following medical conditions or other factors may place adults and pediatric patients (age 12-17 years and weighing at least 40 kg) at higher risk for progression to severe COVID-19:

- Older age (for example, age ≥65 years of age)
- Obesity or being overweight (for example, BMI >25 kg/m^2, or if age 12-17, have BMI ≥85th percentile for their age and gender based on CDC growth charts, https://www.cdc.gov/growthcharts/clinical_charts.htm)

- Pregnancy
- Chronic kidney disease
- Diabetes
- Immunosuppressive disease or immunosuppressive treatment
- Cardiovascular disease (including congenital heart disease) or hypertension
- Chronic lung diseases (for example, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma [moderate-to-severe], interstitial lung disease, cystic fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension)
- Sickle cell disease
- Neurodevelopmental disorders (for example, cerebral palsy) or other conditions that confer medical complexity (for example, genetic or metabolic syndromes and severe congenital anomalies)
- Having a medical-related technological dependence (for example, tracheostomy, gastrostomy, or positive pressure ventilation (not related to COVID-19))

Other medical conditions or factors (for example, race or ethnicity) may also place individual patients at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19 and authorization of REGEN-COV under the EUA is not limited to the medical conditions or factors listed above. For additional information on medical conditions and factors associated with increased risk for progression to severe COVID-19, see the CDC website: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html. Healthcare providers should consider the benefit-risk for an individual patient.

Dosage

Treatment:

The dosage in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered together as a single intravenous infusion or by subcutaneous injection. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be given together as soon as possible after positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing and within 10 days of symptom onset.

Post-Exposure Prophylaxis:

The dosage in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered by subcutaneous injection or together as a single intravenous infusion. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be given together as soon as possible following exposure to SARS-CoV-2.

For individuals in whom repeat dosing is determined to be appropriate for ongoing exposure to SARS-CoV-2 for longer than 4 weeks and who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination, the initial dose is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion followed by subsequent repeat dosing of 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion once every 4 weeks for the duration of ongoing exposure.

For Intravenous Infusion:

- Casirivimab and imdevimab solution co-formulated in a vial and in individual vials, including co-packaged carton and dose pack, must be diluted prior to intravenous

administration.
- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab together as a single intravenous infusion via pump or gravity (see Table 1, Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4).
- Clinically monitor patients during infusion and observe patients for at least 1 hour after infusion is complete.

For Subcutaneous Injection:
- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab using the co-formulated vial or using the individual vials by subcutaneous injection (see Table 5 and Table 6).
- Clinically monitor patients after injections and observe patients for at least 1 hour.

Dosage Adjustment in Specific Populations

No dosage adjustment is recommended in pregnant or lactating women and in patients with renal impairment *[see Full EUA Prescribing Information, Use in Specific Populations (11)]*.

Preparation and Administration

There are TWO different formulations of REGEN-COV:
- Casirivimab and imdevimab co-formulated solution containing two antibodies in a 1:1 ratio in a vial.
- Casirivimab and imdevimab available as individual antibody solutions in separate vials supplied as follows:
  - Individual vials in individual cartons ,
  - together in a single carton (as referred to as a co-packaged carton), or
  - in a dose pack. The dose pack contains individual vials of casirivimab and imdevimab, configurations that may vary in vial size, strength and appearance and are available in dose pack configurations that include 2, 5, and 8 cartons *[see Full EUA Prescribing Information, How Supplied/Storage and Handling (19)].*

For treatment, intravenous infusion is strongly recommended. Subcutaneous injection is an alternative route of administration when intravenous infusion is not feasible and would lead to delay in treatment.

For post-exposure prophylaxis, either subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion can be used.

There are differences in the way the two formulations are prepared. Carefully follow the preparation procedures below.
- Casirivimab and imdevimab co-formulated solution in a vial and casirivimab or imdevimab as individual antibody solutions in separate 11.1 mL vials may be used to prepare more than one dose simultaneously as appropriate, either in intravenous bags or in syringes for subcutaneous injection. Discard any product remaining in the vial.
- Keep any unopened vials of casirivimab and imdevimab in their original carton in the refrigerator.

Under the EUA, a single-dose vial may be used to prepare more than one dose.

Preparation for Intravenous Infusion

For treatment, the preferred route of administration for casirivimab and imdevimab is by intravenous infusion after dilution.

Casirivimab and imdevimab solution for intravenous infusion should be prepared by a qualified healthcare professional using aseptic technique:

1. Remove the casirivimab and imdevimab vials from refrigerated storage and allow to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes before preparation. **Do not expose to direct heat. Do not shake the vials**.
2. Inspect casirivimab and imdevimab vials visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. Should either be observed, the vial must be discarded and replaced with a new vial.
   - The solution for each vial should be clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow.
3. Obtain a prefilled intravenous infusion bag containing either 50 mL, 100 mL, 150 mL, or 250 mL of either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP.
4. Withdraw the appropriate amount of casirivimab and imdevimab from each respective vial(s) and inject into a prefilled infusion bag containing either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP (see Table 1 and Table 2). If using one vial to prepare more than one infusion bag, then prepare all infusion bags at the same time. The product is preservative-free, therefore do not store unused solution in vial(s).
5. Gently invert infusion bag by hand approximately 10 times to mix. **Do not shake**.
6. This product is preservative-free and therefore, the diluted infusion solution should be administered immediately (see Table 3 and Table 4).
   - If immediate administration is not possible, store the diluted casirivimab and imdevimab infusion solution in the refrigerator between 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) for no more than 36 hours or at room temperature up to 25°C (77°F) for no more than 4 hours. If refrigerated, allow the infusion solution to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 30 minutes prior to administration.

Table 1: Recommended Dilution Instructions for 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag	**Preparing Using Co-Formulated Casirivimab and Imdevimab Vial**	**Preparing Casirivimab and Imdevimab Using Individual Vials***
50 mL	Add 10 mL of co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab (1 vial) into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5%	Add: • 5 mL of casirivimab (may use 2 vials of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and • 5 mL of imdevimab (may use 2 vials of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL)
100 mL		
150 mL		

250 mL	Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below	and inject into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below

* 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab are added to the same infusion bag and administered together as a single intravenous infusion.

Table 2: Recommended Dilution Instructions for 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion for Repeat Dosing*

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag	**Preparing Using Co-Formulated Casirivimab and Imdevimab Vial**	**Preparing Casirivimab and Imdevimab Using Individual Vials†**
50 mL	Add 5 mL of co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below	Add: • 2.5 mL of casirivimab (may use 1 vial of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and • 2.5 mL of imdevimab (may use 1 vial of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and inject into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below
100 mL		
150 mL		
250 mL		

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.
† 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab are added to the same infusion bag and administered together as a single intravenous infusion.

Administration by Intravenous Infusion

Casirivimab and imdevimab infusion solution should be administered by a qualified healthcare professional using aseptic technique.

- Gather the recommended materials for infusion:
  - Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene (PE)-lined PVC, or polyurethane (PU) infusion set
  - In-line or add-on 0.2 micron polyethersulfone (PES) filter
- Attach the infusion set to the intravenous bag.

- Prime the infusion set.
- Administer the entire infusion solution in the bag via pump or gravity through an intravenous line containing a sterile, in-line or add-on 0.2-micron polyethersulfone (PES) filter (see Table 3 and Table 4). Due to potential overfill of prefilled saline bags, the entire infusion solution in the bag should be administered to avoid underdosage.
- The prepared infusion solution should not be administered simultaneously with any other medication. The compatibility of casirivimab and imdevimab injection with intravenous solutions and medications other than 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP is not known.
- After infusion is complete, flush the tubing with either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP to ensure delivery of the required dose.
- Discard unused product.
- Clinically monitor patients during administration and observe patients for at least 1 hour after infusion is complete.

Table 3: Recommended Administration Rate for 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag used	Maximum Infusion Rate	Minimum Infusion Time
50 mL*	180 mL/hr	20 minutes
100 mL	310 mL/hr	21 minutes
150 mL	310 mL/hr	31 minutes
250 mL	310 mL/hr	50 minutes

* The minimum infusion time for patients administered casirivimab and imdevimab together using the 50 mL prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag must be at least 20 minutes to ensure safe use.

Table 4: Recommended Administration Rate for 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion for Repeat Dosing*

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag used	Maximum Infusion Rate	Minimum Infusion Time
50 mL†	165 mL/hr	20 minutes
100 mL	310 mL/hr	20 minutes
150 mL	310 mL/hr	30 minutes
250 mL	310 mL/hr	49 minutes

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.

† The minimum infusion time for patients administered casirivimab and imdevimab together using the 50 mL prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag must be at least 20 minutes to ensure safe use.

Preparation for Subcutaneous Injection

Remove the casirivimab and imdevimab vial(s) from refrigerated storage and allow to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes before preparation. **Do not expose to direct heat. Do not shake the vials.**

Inspect casirivimab and imdevimab vial(s) visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. Should either be observed, the vial must be discarded and replaced with a new vial. The solution for each vial should be clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow.

1. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be prepared using the appropriate number of syringes (see Table 5 and Table 6). Obtain 3 mL or 5 mL polypropylene Luer Lock syringes with luer connection and 21-gauge 1½ inch transfer needles.
2. Withdraw the appropriate amount of solution into each syringe (see Table 5 and Table 6). Prepare all syringes at the same time.
3. Replace the 21-gauge transfer needle with a 25-gauge or 27-gauge needle for subcutaneous injection.
4. This product is preservative-free and therefore, the prepared syringes should be administered immediately. If immediate administration is not possible, store the prepared casirivimab and imdevimab syringes in the refrigerator between 2ºC to 8ºC (36ºF to 46ºF) for no more than 4 hours or at room temperature up to 25ºC (77ºF) for no more than 4 total hours. If refrigerated, allow the syringes to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes prior to administration.

Table 5: Preparation of 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Subcutaneous Injections

Prepare 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab	**Preparation of 4 Syringes**
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Co-formulated Vial	Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into FOUR separate syringes.
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Individual Vials	• **Casirivimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes. • **Imdevimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes. For total of 4 syringes.

Table 6: Preparation of 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Subcutaneous Injections for Repeat Dosing*

Prepare 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab	**Preparation of 2 Syringes**
Using Casirivimab and	

Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Co-formulated Vial	Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes.
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Individual Vials	• **Casirivimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution into ONE syringe. • **Imdevimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution into ONE syringe. For total of 2 syringes.

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.

Administration for Subcutaneous Injection

- For the administration of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab, gather 4 syringes (see Table 5) and prepare for subcutaneous injections.
- For the administration of 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab, gather 2 syringes (see Table 6) and prepare for subcutaneous injections.
- Administer the subcutaneous injections consecutively, each at a different injection site, into the thigh, back of the upper arm, or abdomen, except for 2 inches (5 cm) around the navel. The waistline should be avoided.
- When administering the subcutaneous injections, it is recommended that providers use different quadrants of the abdomen or upper thighs or back of the upper arms to space apart each 2.5 mL subcutaneous injection of casirivimab and imdevimab. DO NOT inject into skin that is tender, damaged, bruised, or scarred.
- Clinically monitor patients after injections and observe patients for at least 1 hour.

Storage

Refrigerate unopened vials at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) in the individual original carton to protect from light. Do NOT freeze, shake, or expose to direct light.

Warnings

There are limited clinical data available for REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab). Serious and unexpected adverse events may occur that have not been previously reported with REGEN-COV use.

Hypersensitivity Including Anaphylaxis and Infusion-Related Reactions

Serious hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been observed with administration of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab). If signs or symptoms of a clinically significant hypersensitivity reaction or anaphylaxis occur, immediately discontinue administration and initiate appropriate medications and/or supportive therapy.

Infusion-related reactions, occurring during the infusion and up to 24 hours after the infusion, have been observed with administration of REGEN-COV. These reactions may be severe or life-threatening.

Signs and symptoms of infusion-related reactions may include:

- fever, difficulty breathing, reduced oxygen saturation, chills, fatigue, arrhythmia (e.g.,

atrial fibrillation, tachycardia, bradycardia), chest pain or discomfort, weakness, altered mental status, nausea, headache, bronchospasm, hypotension, hypertension, angioedema, throat irritation, rash including urticaria, pruritus, myalgia, vasovagal reactions (e.g., pre-syncope, syncope), dizziness, and diaphoresis.

Consider slowing or stopping the infusion and administer appropriate medications and/or supportive care if an infusion-related reaction occurs.

Hypersensitivity reactions occurring more than 24 hours after the infusion have also been reported with the use of REGEN-COV under Emergency Use Authorization.

Clinical Worsening After REGEN-COV Administration

Clinical worsening of COVID-19 after administration of REGEN-COV has been reported and may include signs or symptoms of fever, hypoxia or increased respiratory difficulty, arrhythmia (e.g., atrial fibrillation, tachycardia, bradycardia), fatigue, and altered mental status. Some of these events required hospitalization. It is not known if these events were related to REGEN-COV use or were due to progression of COVID-19.

Limitations of Benefit and Potential for Risk in Patients with Severe COVID-19

Monoclonal antibodies, such as REGEN-COV, may be associated with worse clinical outcomes when administered to hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring high flow oxygen or mechanical ventilation. Therefore, REGEN-COV is not authorized for use in patients *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*:

- who are hospitalized due to COVID-19, OR
- who require oxygen therapy due to COVID-19, OR
- who require an increase in baseline oxygen flow rate due to COVID-19 in those on chronic oxygen therapy due to underlying non-COVID-19 related comorbidity.

Side Effects

Adverse events have been reported with REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) [*see Full EUA Prescribing Information, Clinical Trials Experience (6.1)*].

Additional adverse events associated with REGEN-COV, some of which may be serious, may become apparent with more widespread use.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

As the health care provider, you must communicate to your patient or parent/caregiver, as age appropriate, information consistent with the "Fact Sheet for Patients, Parents and Caregivers" (and provide a copy of the Fact Sheet) prior to the patient receiving REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab), including:

- FDA has authorized the emergency use of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*.
- FDA has authorized the emergency use of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)

co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:
  - not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2]) **and**
    - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] **or**
    - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

- The patient or parent/caregiver has the option to accept or refuse REGEN-COV.
- The significant known and potential risks and benefits of REGEN-COV, and the extent to which such risks and benefits are unknown.
- Information on available alternative treatments and the risks and benefits of those alternatives, including clinical trials.
- Patients treated with REGEN-COV should continue to self-isolate and use infection control measures (e.g., wear mask, isolate, social distance, avoid sharing personal items, clean and disinfect "high touch" surfaces, and frequent handwashing) according to CDC guidelines.

For information on clinical trials that are testing the use of REGEN-COV related to COVID-19, please see www.clinicaltrials.gov.

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR REGEN-COV UNDER EMERGENCY USE AUTHORIZATION:

In order to mitigate the risks of using this unapproved product under EUA and to optimize the potential benefit of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, the following items are required. Use of REGEN-COV under this EUA is limited to the following (all requirements **must** be met):

1. Treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing and who are at high risk for severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*.
2. Post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

    a. not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive

medications[2]) and

- have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] **or**
- who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)].*

3. As the health care provider, communicate to your patient or parent/caregiver, as age appropriate, information consistent with the "Fact Sheet for Patients, Parents and Caregivers" prior to the patient receiving REGEN-COV. Health care providers (to the extent practicable given the circumstances of the emergency) must document in the patient's medical record that the patient/caregiver has been:

   a. Given the "Fact Sheet for Patients, Parents and Caregivers",
   b. Informed of alternatives to receiving REGEN-COV, and
   c. Informed that REGEN-COV is an unapproved drug that is authorized for use under this Emergency Use Authorization.

4. Patients with known hypersensitivity to any ingredient of REGEN-COV must not receive REGEN-COV.
5. The prescribing health care provider and/or the provider's designee are/is responsible for mandatory reporting of all medication errors and serious adverse events* potentially related to REGEN-COV treatment within 7 calendar days from the onset of the event. The reports should include unique identifiers and the words "REGEN-COV use for COVID-19 under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)" in the description section of the report.
   - Submit adverse event reports to FDA MedWatch using one of the following methods:
     - Complete and submit the report online: www.fda.gov/medwatch/report.htm, or
     - Complete and submit a postage-paid FDA Form 3500 (https://www.fda.gov/media/76299/download) and return by:
       - Mail to MedWatch, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20852-9787, or
       - Fax (1-800-FDA-0178), or
     - Call 1-800-FDA-1088 to request a reporting form
     - Submitted reports should include in the field name, "Describe Event, Problem, or Product Use/Medication Error" a statement "REGEN-COV use for COVID-19 under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)."

   *Serious Adverse Events are defined as:
   - death;
   - a life-threatening adverse event;
   - inpatient hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization;
   - a persistent or significant incapacity or substantial disruption of the ability to conduct normal life functions;
   - a congenital anomaly/birth defect;
   - a medical or surgical intervention to prevent death, a life-threatening event, hospitalization, disability, or congenital anomaly.
6. The prescribing health care provider and/or the provider's designee is/are responsible

for mandatory responses to requests from FDA for information about adverse events and medication errors following receipt of REGEN-COV.

7. OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
   - Healthcare facilities and providers must report therapeutics information and utilization data through HHS Protect, Teletracking or National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) as directed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
   - In addition, please provide a copy of all FDA MedWatch forms to:
     Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc
     Fax: 1-888-876-2736
     E-mail: medical.information@regeneron.com
     Or call Regeneron Pharmaceuticals at 1-844-734-6643 to report adverse events.

APPROVED AVAILABLE ALTERNATIVES

There is no adequate, approved and available alternative to REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for patients who have mild to moderate COVID-19 with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death.

There is no adequate, approved and available alternative to REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2]) **and**
  - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per CDC[3] **or**
  - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

Additional information on COVID-19 treatments can be found at https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/index.html. The health care provider should visit https://clinicaltrials.gov/ to determine whether the patient may be eligible for enrollment in a clinical trial.

AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE OF THE EUA

The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) has declared a public health emergency that justifies the emergency use of drugs and biological products during the COVID-19 pandemic.

FDA has issued this EUA, requested by Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for the

unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death.[4] As a health care provider, you must comply with the mandatory requirements of the EUA (see above).

FDA has issued this EUA, requested by Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. for the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- not fully vaccinated[1] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[2)] **and**
    - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[3] **or**
    - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

Although limited scientific information is available, based on the totality of the scientific evidence available to date, it is reasonable to believe that REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, may be effective for the treatment of COVID-19 or for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals as specified in this Fact Sheet. You may be contacted and asked to provide information to help with the assessment of the use of the product during this emergency.

This EUA for REGEN-COV will end when the Secretary determines that the circumstances justifying the EUA no longer exist or when there is a change in the approval status of the product such that an EUA may no longer be needed.

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4 The health care provider should visit https://clinicaltrials.gov/ to determine whether there is an active clinical trial for the product in this disease/condition and whether enrollment of the patient(s) in a clinical trial is more appropriate than product use under this EUA.

CONTACT INFORMATION

For additional information visit www.REGENCOV.com

If you have questions, please contact Regeneron at 1-844-734-6643.

END SHORT VERSION FACT SHEET
Long Version Begins on Next Page

FULL EUA PRESCRIBING INFORMATION

FULL EUA PRESCRIBING INFORMATION: CONTENTS*

1 AUTHORIZED USE
- 1.1 TREATMENT
- 1.2 POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
- 2.1 Patient Selection
- 2.2 Dosage
- 2.3 Dose Adjustment in Specific Populations
- 2.4 Dose Preparation and Administration

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS
- 5.1 Hypersensitivity including Anaphylaxis and Infusion-Related Reactions
- 5.2 Clinical Worsening After REGEN-COV Administration
- 5.3 Limitations of Benefit and Potential for Risk in Patients with Severe COVID-19

6 OVERALL SAFETY SUMMARY
- 6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

7 PATIENT MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

8 ADVERSE REACTIONS AND MEDICATION ERRORS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS

9 OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

10 DRUG INTERACTIONS

11 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS
- 11.1 Pregnancy
- 11.2 Lactation
- 11.3 Pediatric Use
- 11.4 Geriatric Use
- 11.5 Renal Impairment
- 11.6 Hepatic Impairment
- 11.7 Other Specific Populations

12 OVERDOSAGE

13 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

14 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY
- 14.1 Mechanism of Action
- 14.2 Pharmacodynamics
- 14.3 Pharmacokinetics

15 MICROBIOLOGY

16 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

17 ANIMAL PHARMACOLOGIC AND EFFICACY DATA

18 CLINICAL TRIAL RESULTS AND SUPPORTING DATA FOR EUA
- 18.1 Treatment of Mild to Moderate COVID-19 (COV-2067)
- 18.2 Post-exposure Prophylaxis of COVID-19 (COV-2069)

19 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

20 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

21 CONTACT INFORMATION

* Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

1 AUTHORIZED USE

1.1 TREATMENT

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, is authorized for use under an EUA for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19 in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death.

Limitations of Authorized Use

- REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not authorized for use in patients:
  - who are hospitalized due to COVID-19, OR
  - who require oxygen therapy due to COVID-19, OR
  - who require an increase in baseline oxygen flow rate due to COVID-19 in those on chronic oxygen therapy due to underlying non-COVID-19 related comorbidity.
- Monoclonal antibodies, such as REGEN-COV, may be associated with worse clinical outcomes when administered to hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring high flow oxygen or mechanical ventilation *[see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)]*.

1.2 POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, is authorized for use under an EUA for the post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- not fully vaccinated[5] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[6]) **and**
  - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[7] **or**
  - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons).

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5 Individuals are considered to be fully vaccinated 2 weeks after their second vaccine dose in a 2-dose series (such as the Pfizer or Moderna vaccines), or 2 weeks after a single-dose vaccine (such as Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine). See this website for more details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated.html#vaccinated

6 See this website for more details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/fully-vaccinated-people.html

7 Close contact with an infected individual is defined as: being within 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more, providing care at home to someone who is sick, having direct physical contact with the person (hugging or kissing, for example), sharing eating or drinking utensils, or being exposed to respiratory droplets from an infected person (sneezing or coughing, for example). See this website for additional details: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/quarantine.html

Limitations of Authorized Use

- Post-exposure prophylaxis with REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not a substitute for vaccination against COVID-19.
- REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not authorized for pre-exposure prophylaxis for prevention of COVID-19.

2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Patient Selection

The optimal dosing regimen for treatment of COVID-19 has not yet been established.

The recommended dosing regimen may be updated as data from clinical trials become available.

Patient Selection for Treatment and Post-Exposure Prophylaxis

Treatment:

This section provides essential information on the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied as individual vials to be administered together, for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) with positive results of direct SARS-CoV-2 viral testing, and who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*.

Post-Exposure Prophylaxis:

This section provides essential information on the unapproved product, REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) co-formulated product and REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) supplied in individual vials to be administered together, in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) for the post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in individuals who are at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, including hospitalization or death, and are:

- not fully vaccinated[5] **or** who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination (for example, individuals with immunocompromising conditions including those taking immunosuppressive medications[6]) **and**
    - have been exposed to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 consistent with close contact criteria per Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)[7] **or**
    - who are at high risk of exposure to an individual infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons) *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.2)]*.

The following medical conditions or other factors may place adults and pediatric patients (age 12-17 years and weighing at least 40 kg) at higher risk for progression to severe COVID-19:

- Older age (for example, age ≥65 years of age)
- Obesity or being overweight (for example, BMI >25 kg/m^2, or if age 12-17, have BMI ≥85th percentile for their age and gender based on CDC growth charts, https://www.cdc.gov/growthcharts/clinical_charts.htm)

- Pregnancy
- Chronic kidney disease
- Diabetes
- Immunosuppressive disease or immunosuppressive treatment
- Cardiovascular disease (including congenital heart disease) or hypertension
- Chronic lung diseases (for example, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma [moderate-to-severe], interstitial lung disease, cystic fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension)
- Sickle cell disease
- Neurodevelopmental disorders (for example, cerebral palsy) or other conditions that confer medical complexity (for example, genetic or metabolic syndromes and severe congenital anomalies)
- Having a medical-related technological dependence (for example, tracheostomy, gastrostomy, or positive pressure ventilation (not related to COVID-19))

Other medical conditions or factors (for example, race or ethnicity) may also place individual patients at high risk for progression to severe COVID-19 and authorization of REGEN-COV under the EUA is not limited to the medical conditions or factors listed above.

For additional information on medical conditions and factors associated with increased risk for progression to severe COVID-19, see the CDC website: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html. Healthcare providers should consider the benefit-risk for an individual patient.

2.2 Dosage

Treatment:

The dosage in adult and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered together as a single intravenous infusion or by subcutaneous injection. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be given together as soon as possible after a positive viral test for SARS-CoV-2 and within 10 days of symptom onset.

Post-Exposure Prophylaxis:

The dosage in adult and pediatric individuals (12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg) is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered by subcutaneous injection or together as a single intravenous infusion. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be given together as soon as possible following exposure to SARS-CoV-2.

For individuals whom repeat dosing is determined to be appropriate for ongoing exposure to SARS-CoV-2 for longer than 4 weeks and who are not expected to mount an adequate immune response to complete SARS-CoV-2 vaccination, the initial dose is 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion followed by subsequent repeat dosing of 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab by subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion once every 4 weeks for the duration of ongoing exposure.

For Intravenous Infusion:

- Casirivimab and imdevimab solution co-formulated in a vial and in individual vials, including co-packaged carton and dose pack, must be diluted prior to intravenous administration.
- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab together as a single intravenous infusion via pump or gravity (see Table 1, Table 2, Table 3 and Table 4).
- Clinically monitor patients during infusion and observe patients for at least 1 hour after infusion is complete.

For Subcutaneous Injection:
- Administer casirivimab and imdevimab using the co-formulated vial or using the individual vials by subcutaneous injection (see Table 5 and Table 6).
- Clinically monitor patients after injections and observe patients for at least 1 hour.

2.3 Dose Adjustment in Specific Populations

Pregnancy or Lactation

No dosage adjustment is recommended in pregnant or lactating women *[see Use in Specific Populations (11.1, 11.2)]*.

Pediatric Use

No dosage adjustment is recommended in pediatric patients who weigh at least 40 kg and are older than 12 years of age. REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is not recommended for pediatric patients weighing less than 40 kg or those less than 12 years of age *[see Use in Specific Populations (11.3)]*.

Renal Impairment

No dosage adjustment is recommended in patients with renal impairment *[see Use in Specific Populations (11.5)].*

2.4 Dose Preparation and Administration

There are TWO different formulations of REGEN-COV:
- Casirivimab and imdevimab co-formulated solution containing two antibodies in a 1:1 ratio in a vial.
- Casirivimab and imdevimab available as individual antibody solutions in separate vials supplied as follows:
  - Individual vials in individual cartons, or
  - together in a single carton (also referred to as a co-packaged carton), or
  - in a dose pack. The dose pack contains individual vials of casirivimab and imdevimab, configurations that may vary in vial size, strength and appearance and are available in dose pack configurations that include 2, 5, and 8 cartons *[see Full EUA Prescribing Information, How Supplied/Storage and Handling (19)].*

For treatment, intravenous infusion is strongly recommended. Subcutaneous injection is an alternative route of administration when intravenous infusion is not feasible and would lead to delay in treatment.

For post-exposure prophylaxis, either subcutaneous injection or intravenous infusion can be used.

There are differences in the way the two formulations are prepared. Carefully follow the

preparation procedures below.

- Casirivimab and imdevimab co-formulated solution in a vial and casirivimab or imdevimab as individual antibody solutions in separate 11.1 mL vials may be used to prepare more than one dose simultaneously as appropriate, either in intravenous bags or in syringes for subcutaneous injection. Discard any product remaining in the vial.
- Keep any unopened vials of casirivimab and imdevimab in their original carton in the refrigerator.

Under the EUA, a single-dose vial may be used to prepare more than one dose.

Preparation for Intravenous Infusion

For treatment, the preferred route of administration for casirivimab and imdevimab is by intravenous infusion after dilution.

Casirivimab and imdevimab solution for intravenous infusion should be prepared by a qualified healthcare professional using aseptic technique:

1. Remove the casirivimab and imdevimab vials from refrigerated storage and allow to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes before preparation. **Do not expose to direct heat. Do not shake the vials**.
2. Inspect casirivimab and imdevimab vials visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. Should either be observed, the vial must be discarded and replaced with a new vial.
   - The solution for each vial should be clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow.
3. Obtain a prefilled intravenous infusion bag containing either 50 mL, 100 mL, 150 mL, or 250 mL of either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP.
4. Withdraw the appropriate amount of casirivimab and imdevimab from each respective vial(s) and inject into a prefilled infusion bag containing either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP, (see Table 1 and Table 2). If using one vial to prepare more than one infusion bag, then prepare all infusion bags at the same time. The product is preservative-free, therefore do not store unused solution in vial(s).
5. Gently invert infusion bag by hand approximately 10 times to mix. **Do not shake**.
6. This product is preservative-free and therefore, the diluted infusion solution should be administered immediately (see Table 3 and Table 4).
   - If immediate administration is not possible, store the diluted casirivimab and imdevimab infusion solution in the refrigerator between 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) for no more than 36 hours or at room temperature up to 25°C (77°F) for no more than 4 hours. If refrigerated, allow the infusion solution to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 30 minutes prior to administration.

Table 1: Recommended Dilution Instructions for 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium	Preparing Using Co-Formulated	Preparing Casirivimab and

Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag	Casirivimab and Imdevimab Vial	Casirivimab and Imdevimab Using Individual Vials*
50 mL	Add 10 mL of co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab (1 vial) into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below	Add: • 5 mL of casirivimab (may use 2 vials of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and • 5 mL of imdevimab (may use 2 vials of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and inject into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below
100 mL		
150 mL		
250 mL		

* 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab are added to the same infusion bag and administered together as a single intravenous infusion.

Table 2: Recommended Dilution Instructions for 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion for Repeat Dosing*

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag	Preparing Using Co-Formulated Casirivimab and Imdevimab Vial	Preparing Casirivimab and Imdevimab Using Individual Vials†
50 mL	Add 5 mL of co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below	Add: • 2.5 mL of casirivimab (may use 1 vial of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and • 2.5 mL of imdevimab (may use 1 vial of 2.5 mL OR 1 vial of 11.1 mL) and inject into a prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag and administer as instructed below
100 mL		
150 mL		
250 mL		

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab

and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.
† 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab are added to the same infusion bag and administered together as a single intravenous infusion.

Administration by Intravenous Infusion

Casirivimab and imdevimab infusion solution should be administered by a qualified healthcare professional using aseptic technique.

- Gather the recommended materials for infusion:
  - Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), polyethylene (PE)-lined PVC, or polyurethane (PU) infusion set
  - In-line or add-on 0.2 micron polyethersulfone (PES) filter
- Attach the infusion set to the intravenous bag.
- Prime the infusion set.
- Administer the entire infusion solution in the bag via pump or gravity through an intravenous line containing a sterile, in-line or add-on 0.2-micron polyethersulfone (PES) filter (see Table 3 and Table 4). Due to potential overfill of prefilled saline bags, the entire infusion solution in the bag should be administered to avoid underdosage.
- The prepared infusion solution should not be administered simultaneously with any other medication. The compatibility of casirivimab and imdevimab injection with intravenous solutions and medications other than 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP is not known.
- After infusion is complete, **flush the tubing** with either 0.9% Sodium Chloride Injection, USP or 5% Dextrose Injection, USP to ensure delivery of the required dose.
- Discard unused product.
- Clinically monitor patients during administration and observe patients for at least 1 hour after infusion is complete.

Table 3: Recommended Administration Rate for 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag used	Maximum Infusion Rate	Minimum Infusion Time
50 mL*	180 mL/hr	20 minutes
100 mL	310 mL/hr	21 minutes
150 mL	310 mL/hr	31 minutes
250 mL	310 mL/hr	50 minutes

* The minimum infusion time for patients administered casirivimab and imdevimab together using the 50 mL prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag must be at least 20 minutes to ensure safe use.

Table 4: Recommended Administration Rate for 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Intravenous Infusion for Repeat Dosing*

Size of Prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose Infusion Bag used	Maximum Infusion Rate	Minimum Infusion Time
50 mL†	165 mL/hr	20 minutes
100 mL	310 mL/hr	20 minutes
150 mL	310 mL/hr	30 minutes
250 mL	310 mL/hr	49 minutes

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.

† The minimum infusion time for patients administered casirivimab and imdevimab together using the 50 mL prefilled 0.9% Sodium Chloride or 5% Dextrose infusion bag must be at least 20 minutes to ensure safe use.

Preparation for Subcutaneous Injection

Remove the casirivimab and imdevimab vial(s) from refrigerated storage and allow to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes before preparation. **Do not expose to direct heat. Do not shake the vials.**

Inspect casirivimab and imdevimab vial(s) visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. Should either be observed, the vial must be discarded and replaced with a new vial. The solution for each vial should be clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow.

1. Casirivimab and imdevimab should be prepared using the appropriate number of syringes (see Table 5 and Table 6). Obtain 3 mL or 5 mL polypropylene Luer Lock syringes with luer connection and 21-gauge 1½ inch transfer needles.
2. Withdraw the appropriate amount of solution into each syringe (see Table 5 and Table 6). Prepare all syringes at the same time.
3. Replace the 21-gauge transfer needle with a 25-gauge or 27-gauge needle for subcutaneous injection.
4. This product is preservative-free and therefore, the prepared syringes should be administered immediately. If immediate administration is not possible, store the prepared casirivimab and imdevimab syringes in the refrigerator between 2ºC to 8ºC (36ºF to 46ºF) for no more than 4 hours or at room temperature up to 25ºC (77ºF) for no more than 4 total hours. If refrigerated, allow the syringes to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes prior to administration.

Table 5: Preparation of 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab for Subcutaneous Injections

Prepare 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab	Preparation of 4 Syringes
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Co-formulated Vial	Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into FOUR separate syringes.

Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Individual Vials	• **Casirivimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes. • **Imdevimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes. For total of 4 syringes.

Table 6: Preparation of 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab for Subcutaneous Injections for Repeat Dosing*

Prepare 300 mg of Casirivimab and 300 mg of Imdevimab	**Preparation of 2 Syringes**
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Co-formulated Vial	Withdraw 2.5 mL solution per syringe into TWO separate syringes.
Using Casirivimab and Imdevimab Individual Vials	• **Casirivimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution into ONE syringe. • **Imdevimab:** Withdraw 2.5 mL solution into ONE syringe. For total of 2 syringes.

* Subsequent repeat dosing every 4 weeks after initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab dosing for the duration of ongoing exposure.

Administration for Subcutaneous Injection

- For the administration of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab, gather 4 syringes (see Table 5) and prepare for subcutaneous injections.
- For the administration of 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab, gather 2 syringes (see Table 6) and prepare for subcutaneous injections.
- Administer the subcutaneous injections consecutively, each at a different injection site, into the thigh, back of the upper arm, or abdomen, except for 2 inches (5 cm) around the navel. The waistline should be avoided.
- When administering the subcutaneous injections, it is recommended that providers use different quadrants of the abdomen or upper thighs or back of the upper arms to space apart each 2.5 mL subcutaneous injection of casirivimab and imdevimab. DO NOT inject into skin that is tender, damaged, bruised, or scarred.
- Clinically monitor patients after injections and observe patients for at least 1 hour.

3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is available as:

1. A single vial which contains two antibodies co-formulated in a 1:1 ratio of casirivimab and imdevimab. Co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution available as:
   - Injection: 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab per 10 mL (60 mg/60

mg per mL) in a single-dose[8] vial

2. Individual antibody solutions in separate single-dose[8] vials, which may be supplied in separate cartons or together in a single carton (also referred to as a co-packaged carton), or as dose pack.
   - Casirivimab is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution available as:
     - Injection: 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL) or 1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)
   - Imdevimab is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution available as:
     - Injection: 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL) or 1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)
   - Each REGEN-COV dose pack contains 1,200 mg of casirivimab [REGN10933] and 1,200 mg of imdevimab [REGN10987] *[see How Supplied/Storage and Handling (19)]*. Casirivimab and imdevimab vial labels and carton labeling may instead be labeled REGN10933 and REGN10987, respectively.

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8 Under the EUA, a single-dose vial may be used to prepare more than one dose.

4 CONTRAINDICATIONS

REGEN-COV is contraindicated in individuals with previous severe hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, to REGEN-COV *[see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].*

5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

There are limited clinical data available for REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab). Serious and unexpected adverse events may occur that have not been previously reported with REGEN-COV use.

5.1 Hypersensitivity including Anaphylaxis and Infusion-Related Reactions

Serious hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with administration of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab). If signs or symptoms of a clinically significant hypersensitivity reaction or anaphylaxis occur, immediately discontinue administration and initiate appropriate medications and/or supportive care.

Infusion-related reactions, occurring during the infusion and up to 24 hours after the infusion, have been observed with administration of REGEN-COV. These reactions may be severe or life threatening.

Signs and symptoms of infusion related reactions may include:

- fever, difficulty breathing, reduced oxygen saturation, chills, nausea, arrhythmia (e.g., atrial fibrillation, tachycardia, bradycardia), chest pain or discomfort, weakness, altered mental status, headache, bronchospasm, hypotension, hypertension, angioedema, throat irritation, rash including urticaria, pruritus, myalgia, vasovagal reactions (e.g., pre-syncope, syncope), dizziness, fatigue, and diaphoresis *[see Overall Safety Summary (6.1)]*.

If an infusion-related reaction occurs, consider slowing or stopping the infusion and administer appropriate medications and/or supportive care.

Hypersensitivity reactions occurring more than 24 hours after the infusion have also

been reported with the use of REGEN-COV under Emergency Use Authorization.

5.2 Clinical Worsening After REGEN-COV Administration

Clinical worsening of COVID-19 after administration of REGEN-COV has been reported and may include signs or symptoms of fever, hypoxia or increased respiratory difficulty, arrhythmia (e.g., atrial fibrillation, tachycardia, bradycardia), fatigue, and altered mental status. Some of these events required hospitalization. It is not known if these events were related to REGEN-COV use or were due to progression of COVID-19.

5.3 Limitations of Benefit and Potential for Risk in Patients with Severe COVID-19

Monoclonal antibodies, such as REGEN-COV, may be associated with worse clinical outcomes when administered to hospitalized patients with COVID-19 requiring high flow oxygen or mechanical ventilation. Therefore, REGEN-COV is not authorized for use in patients *[see Limitations of Authorized Use (1.1)]*:

- who are hospitalized due to COVID-19, OR
- who require oxygen therapy due to COVID-19, OR
- who require an increase in baseline oxygen flow rate due to COVID-19 in those on chronic oxygen therapy due to underlying non-COVID-19 related comorbidity.

6 OVERALL SAFETY SUMMARY

6.1 Clinical Trials Experience

Overall, approximately 16,000 subjects have been exposed to REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) in clinical trials in hospitalized and non-hospitalized subjects. Approximately 13,500 subjects received intravenous infusions and 2,500 subjects received subcutaneous injections.

The safety of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) is based on analyses from COV-2067, a Phase 1/2/3 trial of ambulatory (non-hospitalized) subjects with COVID-19; COV-2069, a Phase 3 post-exposure prophylaxis trial for prevention of COVID-19; and COV-2093, a Phase 1 trial evaluating the safety and pharmacokinetics of REGEN-COV repeat subcutaneous dosing every 4 weeks for 24 weeks.

<u>COV-2067</u>

This is a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial in subjects with mild to moderate COVID-19 who had a sample collected for the first positive SARS-CoV-2 viral infection determination within 3 days prior to the start of the infusion. In the phase 3 portion of the trial, subjects were treated with a single intravenous infusion of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab (n=827), or 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab (n=1,849), or 4,000 mg of casirivimab and 4,000 mg of imdevimab (n=1,012), or placebo (n=1,843). REGEN-COV is not authorized at the 4,000 mg of casirivimab and 4,000 mg of imdevimab dose. The 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab is no longer authorized under this EUA *[see Clinical Trial Results and Supporting Data for EUA (18)].*

In pooled phase 1/2/3 analysis, infusion-related reactions (adverse event assessed as causally related by the investigator) of grade 2 or higher severity have been observed in

10/4,206 (0.2%) of those who received REGEN-COV at the authorized dose or a higher dose *[see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].*

Overall, in Phase 1/2/3, three subjects receiving the 8,000 mg dose of REGEN-COV, and one subject receiving the 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab infusion-related reactions (urticaria, pruritus, flushing, pyrexia, shortness of breath, chest tightness, nausea, vomiting, rash) which resulted in permanent discontinuation of the infusion. All events resolved [*see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)*].

Anaphylactic reactions have been reported in the clinical program in subjects receiving REGEN-COV. The events began within 1 hour of completion of the infusion, and in at least one case required treatment including epinephrine. The events resolved.

COV-2069

This is a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial assessing the efficacy and safety of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in household contacts of individuals infected with SARS-CoV-2. Subjects who were SARS-CoV-2 negative at baseline were enrolled in Cohort A and received a single dose of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab subcutaneously (n=1,311) or placebo (n=1,306).

Adverse events were reported in 265 subjects (20%) in the REGEN-COV group and 379 subjects (29%) in the placebo group. Injection site reactions (all grade 1 and 2) occurred in 55 subjects (4%) in the REGEN-COV group and 19 subjects (2%) in the placebo group. The most common signs and symptoms of injection site reactions which occurred in at least 1% of subjects in the REGEN-COV group were erythema and pruritus. Hypersensitivity reactions occurred in 2 subjects (0.2%) in the REGEN-COV group and all hypersensitivity reactions were grade 1 in severity. There were no cases of anaphylaxis.

Subjects who were SARS-CoV-2 positive at baseline were enrolled in Cohort B and received a single dose of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab subcutaneously (n=155) or placebo (n=156).

Adverse events were reported in 52 subjects (34%) in the REGEN-COV group and 75 subjects (48%) in the placebo group. Injection site reactions, all of which were grade 1 or 2, occurred in 6 subjects (4%) in the REGEN-COV group and 1 subject (1%) in the placebo group. The most common signs and symptoms of injection site reactions which occurred in at least 1% of subjects in the REGN-COV group were ecchymosis and erythema. There were no cases of hypersensitivity reaction or anaphylaxis.

COV-2093

This is a randomized double-blind, placebo-controlled Phase 1 trial evaluating the safety, pharmacokinetic and immunogenicity of repeated doses of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered subcutaneously in healthy adult subjects. In COV-2093, subjects were randomized 3:1 to REGEN-COV (n=729) or placebo (n=240) administered every 4 weeks for 24 weeks. Adverse events were reported in 380 subjects (52%) in the REGEN-COV group and 111 subjects (46%) in the placebo group. Injection site reactions occurred in 12% and 4% of subjects following single dose administration in the REGEN-COV and placebo groups, respectively; the remaining safety findings following subcutaneous administration in the REGEN-COV group were similar to the safety findings observed with intravenous administration of REGEN-COV in COV-

2067.

With repeat dosing, injection site reactions occurred in 252 subjects (35%) in the REGEN-COV group and 38 subjects (16%) in the placebo group; all injection site reactions were grade 1 or 2 in severity. Hypersensitivity reactions occurred in 8 subjects (1%) in the REGEN-COV group; and all hypersensitivity reactions were grade 1 or 2 in severity. There were no cases of anaphylaxis.

The authorized dosage for repeat dosing for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 for certain individuals who remain at high risk of exposure for longer than 4 weeks is the initial dose of 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab followed by 300 mg of casirivimab and 300 mg of imdevimab administered every 4 weeks *[see Dosage and Administration (2.2)]*.

7 PATIENT MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

Clinically monitor patients during dose administration and observe patients for at least 1 hour after intravenous infusion or subcutaneous dosing is complete *[see Warnings and Precautions (5.1) and Clinical Trials Experience (6.1)]*.

8 ADVERSE REACTIONS AND MEDICATION ERRORS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Clinical trials evaluating the safety of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) are ongoing *[see Overall Safety Summary (6)].*

Completion of an FDA MedWatch Form to report all medication errors and serious adverse events* occurring during REGEN-COV use and considered to be potentially related to REGEN-COV is mandatory and must be done by the prescribing healthcare provider and/or the provider's designee. These adverse events must be reported within 7 calendar days from the onset of the event:

*Serious Adverse Events are defined as:
- death;
- a life-threatening adverse event;
- inpatient hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization;
- a persistent or significant incapacity or substantial disruption of the ability to conduct normal life functions;
- a congenital anomaly/birth defect;
- a medical or surgical intervention to prevent death, a life-threatening event, hospitalization, disability, or congenital anomaly.

If a serious and unexpected adverse event occurs and appears to be associated with the use of REGEN-COV, the prescribing health care provider and/or the provider's designee should complete and submit a MedWatch form to FDA using one of the following methods:
- Complete and submit the report online: www.fda.gov/medwatch/report.htm, or
- Complete and submit a postage-paid FDA Form 3500 (https://www.fda.gov/media/76299/download) and return by:
  - Mail to MedWatch, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20852-9787, or
  - Fax (1-800-FDA-0178), or

- Call 1-800-FDA-1088 to request a reporting form

IMPORTANT: When reporting adverse events or medication errors to MedWatch, please complete the entire form with detailed information. It is important that the information reported to FDA be as detailed and complete as possible. Information to include:

- Patient demographics (e.g., patient initials, date of birth)
- Pertinent medical history
- Pertinent details regarding admission and course of illness
- Concomitant medications
- Timing of adverse event(s) in relationship to administration of REGEN-COV
- Pertinent laboratory and virology information
- Outcome of the event and any additional follow-up information if it is available at the time of the MedWatch report. Subsequent reporting of follow-up information should be completed if additional details become available.

The following steps are highlighted to provide the necessary information for safety tracking:

1. In section A, box 1, provide the patient's initials in the Patient Identifier
2. In section A, box 2, provide the patient's date of birth or age
3. In section B, box 5, description of the event:

    a. Write "REGEN-COV use for COVID-19 under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)" as the first line
    b. Provide a detailed report of medication error and/or adverse event. It is important to provide detailed information regarding the patient and adverse event/medication error for ongoing safety evaluation of this unapproved drug. Please see information to include listed above.

4. In section G, box 1, name and address:

    a. Provide the name and contact information of the prescribing health care provider or institutional designee who is responsible for the report
    b. Provide the address of the treating institution (NOT the health care provider's office address).

9 OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Healthcare facilities and providers must report therapeutics information and utilization data through HHS Protect, Teletracking or National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) as directed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

In addition, please provide a copy of all FDA MedWatch forms to:
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc
Fax: 1-888-876-2736
E-mail: medical.information@regeneron.com
Or call Regeneron Pharmaceuticals at 1-844-734-6643 to report adverse events.

10 DRUG INTERACTIONS

REGEN-COV consists of 2 monoclonal antibodies (mAbs), casirivimab and imdevimab, which are not renally excreted or metabolized by cytochrome P450 enzymes; therefore, interactions with concomitant medications that are renally excreted or that are substrates, inducers, or inhibitors of cytochrome P450 enzymes are unlikely.

11 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

11.1 Pregnancy

Risk Summary

There are insufficient data to evaluate a drug-associated risk of major birth defects, miscarriage, or adverse maternal or fetal outcomes. REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) should only be used during pregnancy if the potential benefit outweighs the potential risk for the mother and the fetus.

Nonclinical reproductive toxicity studies have not been conducted with casirivimab and imdevimab. In a tissue cross-reactivity study with casirivimab and imdevimab using human fetal tissues, no binding of clinical concern was detected. Human immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1) antibodies are known to cross the placental barrier; therefore, casirivimab and imdevimab have the potential to be transferred from the mother to the developing fetus. It is unknown whether the potential transfer of casirivimab and imdevimab provides any treatment benefit or risk to the developing fetus.

The estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage for the indicated population is unknown. All pregnancies have a background risk of birth defect, loss, or other adverse outcomes. In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2 to 4% and 15 to 20%, respectively.

11.2 Lactation

Risk Summary

There are no available data on the presence of casirivimab and/or imdevimab in human milk or animal milk, the effects on the breastfed infant, or the effects of the drug on milk production. Maternal IgG is known to be present in human milk. The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed child from REGEN-COV or from the underlying maternal condition. Breastfeeding individuals with COVID-19 should follow practices according to clinical guidelines to avoid exposing the infant to COVID-19.

11.3 Pediatric Use

REGEN-COV is not authorized for use in pediatric patients under 12 years of age or weighing less than 40 kg. The safety and effectiveness of casirivimab and imdevimab are being assessed in pediatric and adolescent patients in an ongoing clinical trial. The recommended dosing regimen is expected to result in comparable serum exposures of casirivimab and imdevimab in patients 12 years of age and older and weighing at least 40 kg as observed in adults, since adults with similar body weight have been included in Trials COV-2067, COV-2069, and COV-2093.

11.4 Geriatric Use

Of the 4,567 subjects with SARS-CoV-2 infection randomized in Trial COV-2067, 14% were 65 years or older, and 4% were 75 years of age or older. Of the 3,029 subjects randomized in Trial COV-2069, 9% were 65 years or older and 2% were 75 years of age or older. Of the 974 subjects randomized in Trial COV-2093, 13% were 65 years or older and 2% were 75 years of age or older. The difference in pharmacokinetics (PK) of casirivimab and imdevimab in geriatric patients compared to younger patients is unknown *[see Clinical Trial Results and Supporting Data for EUA (18.1)]*.

11.5 Renal Impairment

Casirivimab and imdevimab are not eliminated intact in the urine, thus renal impairment is not expected to affect the exposure of casirivimab and imdevimab.

11.6 Hepatic Impairment

The effect of hepatic impairment on PK of casirivimab and imdevimab is unknown.

11.7 Other Specific Populations

The effect of other covariates (e.g., sex, race, body weight, disease severity) on PK of casirivimab and imdevimab is unknown.

12 OVERDOSAGE

Doses up to 8,000 mg (4,000 mg each of casirivimab and imdevimab, greater than 3 times the recommended dose) have been administered in clinical trials without dose-limiting toxicity. Treatment of overdose should consist of general supportive measures including monitoring of vital signs and observation of the clinical status of the patient. There is no specific antidote for overdose with REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab).

13 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Casirivimab, a human immunoglobulin G-1 (IgG1) monoclonal antibody (mAb), is a covalent heterotetramer consisting of 2 heavy chains and 2 light chains produced by recombinant DNA technology in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell suspension culture and has an approximate molecular weight of 145.23 kDa.

Casirivimab injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent and colorless to pale yellow solution in a vial for subcutaneous use or intravenous infusion after dilution available as a 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL) or 1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL) solution and must be administered with imdevimab. The vial stoppers are not made with natural rubber latex.

- Casirivimab: Each 2.5 mL of solution contains 300 mg of casirivimab, L-histidine (1.9 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (2.7 mg), polysorbate 80 (2.5 mg), sucrose (200 mg), and Water for Injection, USP. The pH is 6.0.
- Casirivimab: Each 11.1 mL of solution contains 1,332 mg of casirivimab, L-histidine (8.3 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (12.1 mg), polysorbate 80 (11.1 mg), sucrose (888 mg), and Water for Injection, USP. The pH is 6.0.

Imdevimab, a human IgG1 mAb, is a covalent heterotetramer consisting of 2 heavy chains and 2 light chains produced by recombinant DNA technology in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cell suspension culture and has an approximate molecular weight of 144.14 kDa.

Imdevimab injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent and colorless to pale yellow solution in a vial for subcutaneous use or intravenous infusion after dilution available as a 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL) or 1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL) solution and must be administered with casirivimab. The vial stoppers are not made with natural rubber latex.

- Imdevimab: Each 2.5 mL of solution contains 300 mg of imdevimab, L-histidine (1.9 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (2.7 mg), polysorbate 80 (2.5 mg), sucrose (200 mg), and Water for Injection, USP. The pH is 6.0.
- Imdevimab: Each 11.1 mL of solution contains 1,332 mg of imdevimab, L-histidine (8.3 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (12.1 mg), polysorbate 80 (11.1 mg), sucrose (888 mg), and Water for Injection, USP. The pH is 6.0.

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab solution) injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, and colorless to pale yellow 10 mL solution in a vial for intravenous infusion after dilution. The vial stoppers are not made with natural rubber latex.

- Each 10 mL of solution contains 600 mg of casirivimab, 600 mg of imdevimab, L-histidine (7.4 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (10.9 mg), polysorbate 80 (10.0 mg), sucrose (800 mg), and Water for Injection, USP. The pH is 6.0.

14 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

14.1 Mechanism of Action

Casirivimab (IgG1κ) and imdevimab (IgG1λ) are two recombinant human mAbs which are unmodified in the Fc regions. Casirivimab and imdevimab bind to non-overlapping epitopes of the spike protein receptor binding domain (RBD) of SARS-CoV-2 with dissociation constants K_D = 45.8 pM and 46.7 pM, respectively. Casirivimab, imdevimab and casirivimab and imdevimab together blocked RBD binding to the human ACE2 receptor with IC_{50} values of 56.4 pM, 165 pM and 81.8 pM, respectively and prevents viral attachment to host cells [*see Microbiology/Resistance Information (15)*].

14.2 Pharmacodynamics

Trial COV-2067 evaluated REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) with doses of up to 6.66 times the recommended dose (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab; 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab; 4,000 mg of casirivimab and 4,000 mg of imdevimab) in ambulatory patients with COVID-19. A flat dose-response relationship for efficacy was identified for REGEN-COV at all doses, based on viral load and clinical outcomes. Similar reductions in viral load (log10 copies/mL) were observed in subjects for the (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab) intravenous and (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab) subcutaneous doses; however, only limited clinical outcome data are available for the subcutaneous route of administration for the treatment of symptomatic patients.

14.3 Pharmacokinetics

Both casirivimab and imdevimab exhibited linear and dose-proportional pharmacokinetics (PK) between (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab) to (4,000 mg of casirivimab and 4,000 mg of imdevimab) doses of REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) following intravenous administration of single dose. A summary of PK parameters after a single (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab) intravenous dose, for each antibody is provided in Table 7.

Table 7: Summary of PK Parameters for Casirivimab and Imdevimab After a Single 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab Intravenous Dose of REGEN-COV in Study COV-2067

PK Parameter*	Casirivimab	Imdevimab
C_{eoi} (mg/L)†	192 (80.9)	198 (84.8)
C_{28} (mg/L)‡	46.2 (22.3)	38.5 (19.7)

* Mean (SD)
† concentration at end of 1-hour infusion
‡ observed concentration 28 days after dosing, i.e., on day 29, as defined in the protocol

A summary of PK parameters after a single 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab subcutaneous dose is shown in Table 8.

Table 8: Summary of PK Parameters for Casirivimab and Imdevimab After a Single 600 mg of Casirivimab and 600 mg of Imdevimab Subcutaneous Dose of REGEN-COV

PK Parameter*,†	Casirivimab	Imdevimab
C_{max} (mg/L)	55.6 (22.2)	52.7 (22.5)
t_{max} (day)‡	8.00 (4.00, 87.0)	7.00 (4.00, 15.0)
$AUC_{0\text{-}28}$ (mg•day/L)	1060 (363)	950 (362)
AUC_{inf} (mg•day/L)§	2580 (1349)	1990 (1141)
C_{28} (mg/L)¶	30.7 (11.9)	24.8 (9.58)
Half-life (day)	31.8 (8.35)	26.9 (6.80)

* Mean (SD)
† Mean (SD) concentration at 24 hours (C_{24}) of casirivimab and imdevimab in serum with 1200 SC dosing, 22.5 (11.0) mg/L and 25.0 (16.4) mg/L, respectively
‡ Median (range)
§ Value reported for subjects with $\%AUC_{inf}$ extrapolated <20%
¶ Observed concentration 28 days after dosing, i.e., on day 29

For the repeat dose prophylaxis intravenous and subcutaneous regimens, population pharmacokinetic simulations predicted that trough concentrations in serum at steady-state after an initial 600 mg casirivimab and 600 mg imdevimab intravenous or subcutaneous dose followed by monthly (every 4 weeks) 300 mg casirivimab and 300 mg imdevimab intravenous or subcutaneous doses are similar to slightly higher than observed mean day 29 concentrations in serum for a single 600 mg casirivimab and 600

mg imdevimab subcutaneous dose.

Specific Populations

The effect of different covariates (e.g., age, sex, race, body weight, disease severity, hepatic impairment) on the PK of casirivimab and imdevimab is unknown. Renal impairment is not expected to impact the PK of casirivimab and imdevimab, since mAbs with molecular weight >69 kDa are known not to undergo renal elimination. Similarly, dialysis is not expected to impact the PK of casirivimab and imdevimab.

Drug-Drug Interactions

Casirivimab and imdevimab are mAbs which are not renally excreted or metabolized by cytochrome P450 enzymes; therefore, interactions with concomitant medications that are renally excreted or that are substrates, inducers, or inhibitors of cytochrome P450 enzymes are unlikely *[see Drug Interactions (10)]*.

15 MICROBIOLOGY/RESISTANCE INFORMATION

Antiviral Activity

In a SARS-CoV-2 virus neutralization assay in Vero E6 cells, casirivimab, imdevimab, and casirivimab and imdevimab together neutralized SARS-CoV-2 (USA-WA1/2020 isolate) with EC_{50} values of 37.4 pM (0.006 µg/mL), 42.1 pM (0.006 µg/mL), and 31.0 pM (0.005 µg/mL) respectively.

Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) and antibody-dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP) were assessed using Jurkat target cells expressing SARS-CoV-2 spike protein. Casirivimab, imdevimab and casirivimab and imdevimab together mediated ADCC with human natural killer (NK) effector cells. Casirivimab, imdevimab and casirivimab and imdevimab together mediated ADCP with human macrophages. Casirivimab, imdevimab and casirivimab and imdevimab together did not mediate complement-dependent cytotoxicity in cell-based assays.

Antibody Dependent Enhancement (ADE) of Infection

The potential of casirivimab and of imdevimab to mediate viral entry was assessed in immune cell lines co-incubated with recombinant vesicular stomatitis virus (VSV) virus-like particles (VLP) pseudotyped with SARS-CoV-2 spike protein at concentrations of mAb(s) down to approximately 10-fold below the respective neutralization EC_{50} values. Casirivimab and imdevimab together and imdevimab alone, but not casirivimab alone, mediated entry of pseudotyped VLP into $FcγR2^+$ Raji and $FcγR1^+/FcγR2^+$ THP1 cells (maximum infection in total cells of 1.34% and 0.24%, respectively, for imdevimab; 0.69% and 0.06%, respectively for casirivimab and imdevimab together), but not any other cell lines tested (IM9, K562, Ramos and U937 cells).

Antiviral Resistance

There is a potential risk of treatment failure due to the development of viral variants that are resistant to casirivimab and imdevimab administered together. Prescribing healthcare providers should consider the prevalence of SARS-CoV-2 variants in their area, where data are available, when considering treatment options.

Escape variants were identified following two passages in cell culture of recombinant VSV encoding SARS-CoV-2 spike protein in the presence of casirivimab or imdevimab

individually, but not following two passages in the presence of casirivimab and imdevimab together. Variants which showed reduced susceptibility to casirivimab alone included those with spike protein amino acid substitutions K417E (182-fold), K417N (7-fold), K417R (61-fold), Y453F (>438-fold), L455F (80-fold), E484K (25-fold), F486V (>438-fold) and Q493K (>438-fold). Variants which showed reduced susceptibility to imdevimab alone included substitutions K444N (>755-fold), K444Q (>548-fold), K444T (>1,033-fold), and V445A (548-fold). Casirivimab and imdevimab together showed reduced susceptibility to variants with K444T (6-fold) and V445A (5-fold) substitutions.

In neutralization assays using VSV VLP pseudotyped with spike protein variants identified in circulating SARS-CoV-2, variants with reduced susceptibility to casirivimab alone included those with E406D (51-fold), V445T (107-fold), G476S (5-fold), E484Q (19-fold), G485D (5-fold), , F486L (61-fold), F486S (>715-fold), Q493E (446-fold), Q493R (70-fold), and S494P (5-fold) substitutions, and variants with reduced susceptibility to imdevimab alone included those with P337L (5-fold), N439K (463-fold), N439V (4-fold), N440K (28-fold), K444L (153-fold), K444M (1,577-fold), G446V (135-fold), N450D (9-fold), Q493R (5-fold), Q498H (17-fold), P499S (206-fold) substitutions. The G476D substitution had an impact (4-fold) on casirivimab and imdevimab together. Substitutions tested concurrently which had reduced susceptibility to casirivimab and imdevimab together included N440K+E484K (21-fold), found in the B.1.619/B.1.625 lineages, and N439K+E484K (23-fold), found in the AV.1 lineage; variants harboring these concurrent substitutions have been detected rarely in the US.

Casirivimab and imdevimab individually and together retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing all spike protein substitutions found in the B.1.1.7 lineage (Alpha; UK origin) and against pseudotyped VLP expressing only N501Y found in B.1.1.7 and other circulating lineages (Table 9). Casirivimab and imdevimab together retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing all spike protein substitutions, or individual substitutions K417N, E484K or N501Y, found in the B.1.351 lineage (Beta; South Africa origin), and all spike protein substitutions or key substitutions K417T, E484K, or N501Y, found in the P.1 lineage (Gamma; Brazil origin), although casirivimab alone, but not imdevimab, had reduced activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing K417N or E484K, as indicated above. The E484K substitution is also found in the B.1.526 lineage (Iota; USA [New York] origin). Casirivimab and imdevimab, individually and together, retained neutralization activity against the L452R substitution found in the B.1.427/B.1.429 lineages (Epsilon; USA [California] origin).

Casirivimab and imdevimab, individually and together, retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing L452R+T478K substitutions found in the B.1.617.2 and AY.3 lineages (Delta; India origin). Casirivimab and imdevimab together retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing K417N+L452R+T478K substitutions found in the B.1.617.2 sublineages AY.1/AY.2 (commonly known as "Delta plus"; India origin), although casirivimab alone, but not imdevimab, had reduced activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing K417N+L452R+T478K substitutions, as indicated above. Casirivimab and imdevimab together retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing L452R+E484Q substitutions, found in the B.1.617.1/B.1.617.3 lineages (Kappa/no designation; India origin), although casirivimab alone, but not imdevimab, had reduced activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing E484Q, as indicated above. Casirivimab and imdevimab, individually and together, retained neutralization activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing L452Q+F490S substitutions found in the C.37 lineage

(Lambda; Peru origin). Casirivimab and imdevimab together retained activity against pseudotyped VLP expressing individual substitutions R346K, E484K and N501Y, found in the B.1.621/B.1.621.1 (Mu; Colombia origin) lineage.

Table 9: Pseudotyped Virus-Like Particle Neutralization Data for SARS-CoV-2 Variant Substitutions with Casirivimab and Imdevimab Together

Lineage with Spike Protein Substitution	Country First Identified	WHO Nomenclature	Key Substitutions Tested	Fold Reduction in Susceptibility
B.1.1.7	UK	Alpha	N501Y*	no change†
B.1.351	South Africa	Beta	K417N+E484K+N501Y‡	no change†
P.1	Brazil	Gamma	K417T+E484K+N501Y§	no change†
B.1.617.2/AY.3	India	Delta	L452R+T478K	no change†
AY.1/AY.2¶	India	Delta [+K417N]	K417N+L452R+T478K#	no change†
B.1.427/B.1.429	USA (California)	Epsilon	L452R	no change†
B.1.526Þ	USA (New York)	Iota	E484K	no change†
B.1.617.1/B.1.617.3	India	Kappa/no designation	L452R+E484Q	no change†
C.37	Peru	Lambda	L452Q+F490S	no change†
B.1.621/B.1.621.1ß	Colombia	Mu	R346K, E484K, N501Y	no change†

* Pseudotyped VLP expressing the entire variant spike protein was tested. The following changes from wild-type spike protein are found in the variant: del69-70, del145, N501Y, A570D, D614G, P681H, T716I, S982A, D1118H.
† No change: ≤2-fold reduction in susceptibility.
‡ Pseudotyped VLP expressing the entire variant spike protein was tested. The following changes from wild-type spike protein are found in the variant: D80Y, D215Y, del241-243, K417N, E484K, N501Y, D614G, A701V.
§ Pseudotyped VLP expressing the entire variant spike protein was tested. The following changes from wild-type spike protein are found in the variant: L18F, T20N, P26S, D138Y, R190S, K417T, E484K, N501Y, D614G, H655Y, T1027I, V1176F
¶ Commonly known as "Delta plus".
# For AY.1: Pseudotyped VLP expressing the entire variant spike protein was tested. The following changes from wild-type spike protein are found in the variant: (T19R, G142D, E156G, F157-, F158-, K417N, L452R, T478K, D614G, P681R, D950N).
Þ Not all isolates of the New York lineage harbor the E484K substitution (as of February 2021).
ß Key substitutions in this variant were tested individually for susceptibility to casirivimab and imdevimab, alone and in combination

In a plaque reduction assay, casirivimab and imdevimab together retained activity against authentic SARS-CoV-2 variants of B.1.1.7 (Alpha), B.1.351 (Beta), P.1 (Gamma), B.1.617.1 (Kappa) lineages (Table 10), although casirivimab alone, but not imdevimab, had reduced activity against B.1.351 (5-fold), P.1 (154-fold) and B.1.617.1 (6-fold) variants.

It is not known how pseudotyped VLP or authentic SARS-CoV-2 data correlate with clinical outcomes.

Table 10: Authentic SARS-CoV-2 Neutralization Data for Casirivimab and Imdevimab Together using a Plaque Reduction Assay

SARS-CoV-2 Lineage	Country First Identified	WHO Nomenclature	Key Substitutions*	Fold Reduction in Susceptibility
B.1.1.7	UK	Alpha	N501Y	no change†
B.1.351	South Africa	Beta	K417N, E484K, N501Y	no change†
P.1	Brazil	Gamma	K417T, E484K, N501Y	no change†
B.1.617.2	India	Delta	L452R, T478K	no change†
B.1.617.1	India	Kappa	L452R, E484Q	no change†

* Key substitutions occurring in receptor binding domain of spike protein which are associated with each lineage
† No change: ≤2-fold reduction in susceptibility.

In clinical trial COV-2067, interim data indicated only one variant (G446V) occurring at an allele fraction ≥15%, which was detected in 3/66 subjects who had nucleotide sequencing data, each at a single time point (two at baseline in subjects from placebo and 2,400 mg casirivimab and imdevimab groups, and one at Day 25 in a subject from the 8,000 mg casirivimab and imdevimab group). The G446V variant had reduced susceptibility to imdevimab of 135-fold compared to wild-type in a pseudotyped VSV VLP neutralization assay but retained susceptibility to casirivimab alone and casirivimab and imdevimab together.

It is possible that resistance-associated variants to casirivimab and imdevimab together could have cross-resistance to other mAbs targeting the receptor binding domain of SARS-CoV-2. The clinical impact is not known.

Immune Response Attenuation

There is a theoretical risk that antibody administration may attenuate the endogenous immune response to SARS-CoV-2 and make patients more susceptible to re-infection.

16 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY

Carcinogenicity, genotoxicity, and reproductive toxicology studies have not been conducted with casirivimab and imdevimab.

In a toxicology study in cynomolgus monkeys, casirivimab and imdevimab had no adverse effects when administered intravenously or subcutaneously. Non-adverse liver findings (minor transient increases in AST and ALT) were observed.

In tissue cross-reactivity studies with casirivimab and imdevimab using human adult and fetal tissues, no binding of clinical concern was detected.

17 ANIMAL PHARMACOLOGIC AND EFFICACY DATA

Casirivimab and imdevimab administered together has been assessed in rhesus macaque and Syrian golden hamster treatment models of SARS-CoV-2 infection. Therapeutic administration of casirivimab and imdevimab together at 25 mg/kg or 150 mg/kg into rhesus macaques (n=4 for each dosing group) 1-day post infection resulted in approximately 1-2 $\log_{10}$ reductions in genomic and sub-genomic viral RNA in nasopharyngeal swabs and oral swabs at Day 4 post-challenge in most animals, and reduced lung pathology relative to placebo-treated animals. Therapeutic administration of casirivimab and imdevimab together at 5 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg doses to hamsters 1-day post infection resulted in reduced weight loss relative to placebo treated animals. In the prophylactic setting in rhesus macaques, administration of 50 mg/kg casirivimab and imdevimab together prior to challenge with SARS-CoV-2 demonstrated reduction in viral RNA via nasopharyngeal, oral swabs and bronchioalveolar lavage fluid, as well as a reduction in lung inflammation. In the prophylactic setting in hamsters, administration of 0.5 mg/kg, 5 mg/kg, or 50 mg/kg casirivimab and imdevimab together prior to challenge with SARS-CoV-2 protected against weight loss, and reduced percentage of lung area showing pneumonia pathology and severity of lung inflammation, indicative of reduced morbidity in this model. The applicability of these findings to a clinical setting is not known.

18 CLINICAL TRIAL RESULTS AND SUPPORTING DATA FOR EUA

18.1 Treatment of Mild to Moderate COVID-19 (COV-2067)

The data supporting this EUA are based on the analysis of Phase 1/2/3 from trial, COV-2067 (NCT04425629). This is a randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled clinical trial evaluating REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) for the treatment of subjects with mild to moderate COVID-19 (subjects with COVID-19 symptoms who are not hospitalized). Cohort 1 enrolled adult subjects who were not hospitalized and had 1 or more COVID-19 symptoms that were at least mild in severity. Treatment was initiated within 3 days of obtaining a positive SARS-CoV-2 viral infection determination. Subjects in the Phase 3 primary efficacy analysis met the criteria for high risk for progression to severe COVID-19, as shown in Section 2.

In the Phase 3 trial, 4,567 subjects with at least one risk factor for severe COVID-19 were randomized to a single intravenous infusion of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab (n=838), 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab (n=1,529), 4,000 mg of casirivimab and 4,000 mg of imdevimab (n=700), or placebo (n=1,500) groups. The two REGEN-COV doses at the start of Phase 3 were 4,000 mg and 1,200 mg of each component; however, based on Phase 1/2 efficacy analyses showing that the 4,000 mg and 1,200 mg doses of each component were similar, the Phase 3 portion of the protocol was amended to compare 1,200 mg dose of each component vs. placebo and 600 mg dose of each component vs. placebo. Comparisons were between subjects randomized to the specific REGEN-COV dose and subjects who were concurrently randomized to placebo.

At baseline, in all randomized subjects with at least one risk factor, the median age was 50 years (with 13% of subjects ages 65 years or older), 52% of the subjects were female, 84% were White, 36% were Hispanic or Latino, and 5% were Black or African American. In subjects with available baseline symptom data, 15% had mild symptoms, 42% had moderate, 42% had severe symptoms, and 2% reported no symptoms at

baseline; the median duration of symptoms was 3 days; mean viral load was 6.2 log_{10} copies/mL at baseline. The baseline demographics and disease characteristics were well balanced across the casirivimab and imdevimab and placebo treatment groups.

The primary endpoint was the proportion of subjects with ≥1 COVID-19-related hospitalization or all-cause death through Day 29, in subjects with a positive SARS-CoV-2 RT-qPCR result from nasopharyngeal (NP) swab at randomization, and with at least one risk factor for severe COVID-19, i.e., the modified full analysis set (mFAS). In the mFAS, events (COVID-19-related hospitalization or all-cause death through Day 29) occurred in 7 (1.0%) subjects treated with 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab compared to 24 (3%) subjects concurrently randomized to placebo, demonstrating a 70% reduction in COVID-19-related hospitalization or all-cause death compared to placebo (p=0.0024). Events occurred in 18 (1.3%) subjects treated with 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab compared to 62 (5%) subjects concurrently randomized to placebo, demonstrating a 71% reduction compared to placebo (REGEN-COV 1% vs placebo 5%, p<0.0001). In the 1,200 mg analysis, there was 1 death each in the REGEN-COV and placebo arm (p=1.0); and in 2,400 mg analysis, there were 1 and 3 deaths, respectively, in the REGEN-COV and placebo arms (p=0.3721). Overall, similar effects were observed for 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab and 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab doses, indicating the absence of a dose effect; therefore the 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab dose is authorized and the 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab dose is no longer authorized under this EUA (See Table 11). Results were consistent across subgroups of patients defined by nasopharyngeal viral load $>10^6$ copies/mL at baseline or serologic status.

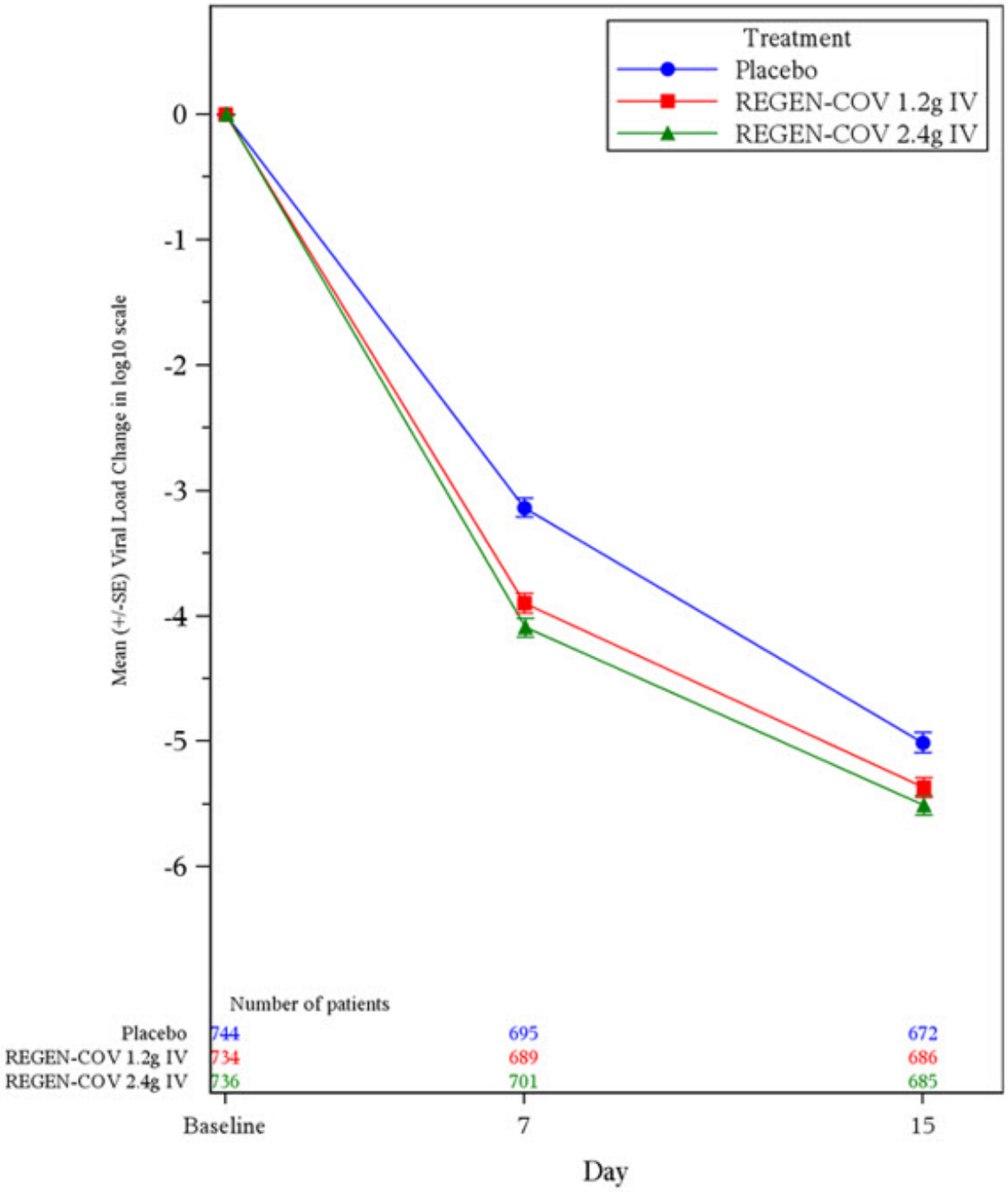
Table 11: Proportion of subjects with ≥1 COVID-19-related hospitalization or all-cause death through day 29 (COV-2067)

	600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab (intravenous)	**Placebo**	**1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab (intravenous)**	**Placebo**
	n=736	**n=748**	**n=1,355**	**n=1,341**
# of subjects with at least 1 event (COVID-19-related hospitalization or all-cause death)	7 (1.0%)	24 (3.2%)	18 (1.3%)	62 (4.6%)
Risk reduction	70% (p=0.0024)		71% (p<0.0001)	

Treatment with REGEN-COV resulted in a statistically significant reduction in the LS mean viral load (log_{10} copies/mL) from baseline to Day 7 compared to placebo (-0.71 log_{10} copies/mL for 600 mg dose of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab and -0.86 log_{10}

copies/mL for 2,400 mg; p<0.0001). Reductions were observed in the overall mFAS population and in other subgroups, including those with baseline viral load >10^6 copies/mL or who were seronegative at baseline. Consistent effects were observed for the individual doses, indicating the absence of a dose effect. Figure 1 shows the mean change from baseline in SARS-COV-2 viral load to Day 15.

Figure 1: Change from Baseline in SARS-COV-2 Viral Load (log_{10} copies/mL) to Day 15 (COV-2067)



REGEN-COV 1.2 g IV = 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab administered intravenously

REGEN-COV 2.4 g IV = 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab administered intravenously

The median time to symptom resolution, as recorded in a trial-specific daily symptom diary, was 10 days for REGEN-COV-treated subjects, as compared with 14 days for placebo-treated subjects (p=0.0001 for 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab vs. placebo; p<0.0001 for 1,200 mg of casirivimab and 1,200 mg of imdevimab vs. placebo). Symptoms assessed were fever, chills, sore throat, cough, shortness of breath/difficulty breathing, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, headache, red/watery eyes, body aches, loss of taste/smell, fatigue, loss of appetite, confusion, dizziness, pressure/tight chest, chest pain, stomachache, rash, sneezing, sputum/phlegm, runny nose. Time to COVID-19 symptom resolution was defined as time from randomization to the first day during which the subject scored 'no symptom' (score of 0) on all of the above symptoms except cough, fatigue, and headache, which could have been 'mild/moderate symptom' (score of 1) or 'no symptom' (score of 0).

18.2 Post-exposure Prophylaxis of COVID-19 (COV-2069)

The data supporting this EUA for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 are based on the efficacy analysis of data from the Phase 3 COV-2069 trial (NCT04452318). This is a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial studying REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) for post-exposure prophylaxis of COVID-19 in household contacts of individuals infected with SARS-CoV-2 (index case).

The trial enrolled subjects who were asymptomatic and who lived in the same household with a SARS-CoV-2 infected patient. Subjects were randomized 1:1 to a single dose of 600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab or placebo administered subcutaneously within 96 hours of collection of the index cases' positive SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic test sample.

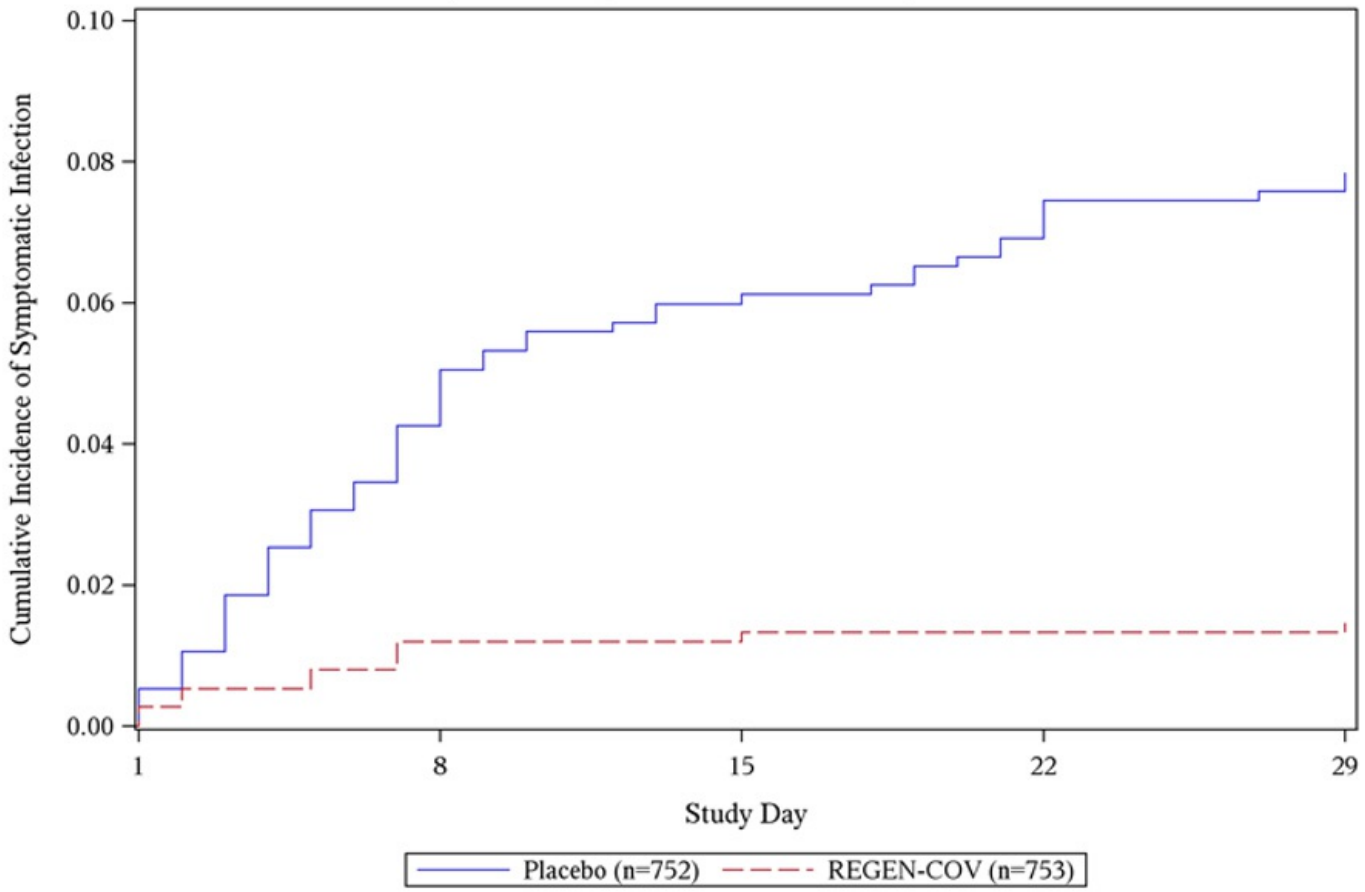
Subjects with a negative SARS-CoV-2 RT-qPCR test result at baseline (n=2,067) were enrolled and randomized in Cohort A. The primary analysis population included subjects who were SARS-CoV-2 RT-qPCR negative and seronegative at baseline. Of the 1,505 subjects in the primary analysis population, 753 subjects were randomized to receive REGEN-COV and 752 subjects were randomized to placebo. Following randomization and dosing, subjects had SARS-CoV-2 RT-qPCR testing via a nasopharyngeal swab every 7 days as well as weekly interviews with the investigator for assessment of COVID-19 symptoms during the 28-day efficacy assessment period. No data were collected on the type or extent of exposure to the index case.

For the primary analysis population at baseline, the median age was 44 years (with 9% of subjects ages 65 years or older), 54% of the subjects were female, 86% were White, 41% were Hispanic or Latino, and 9% were Black. The baseline demographics and disease characteristics were well balanced across the casirivimab and imdevimab and placebo treatment groups.

The primary efficacy endpoint was the proportion of subjects who developed RT qPCR-confirmed COVID-19 through Day 29. In the primary analysis population (RT-qPCR negative and seronegative at baseline), there was an 81% risk reduction in the development of COVID-19 with REGEN-COV treatment versus placebo [11/753 (1%) and 59/752 (8%); adjusted odds ratio 0.17; p<0.0001]. Figure 2 shows the cumulative incidence of COVID-19 through Day 29. Similar results were obtained in a sensitivity analysis that included RT-qPCR negative subjects at baseline, regardless of baseline

serological status, where there was an 82% risk reduction in RT-qPCR-confirmed COVID-19 with REGEN-COV treatment versus placebo. There was a 66% risk reduction in the proportion of participants with any RT-qPCR-confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection (symptomatic or asymptomatic) with REGEN-COV treatment versus placebo [36/753 (5%) and 107/752 (14%); adjusted odds ratio 0.31; p<0.0001].

Figure 2: Cumulative Incidence of Symptomatic COVID-19 (COV-2069 Cohort A)



In a post-hoc analysis in the subgroup of subjects who met the criteria for high risk for progression to severe COVID-19 (as shown in Section 2), there was a 76% risk reduction in COVID-19 with REGEN-COV treatment versus placebo [10/570 (2%) vs 42/567 (7%); adjusted odds ratio 0.22; p<0.0001].

In Cohort B, asymptomatic subjects with a positive SARS-CoV-2 RT-qPCR test result at baseline (n=311) were enrolled and randomized 1:1 to REGEN-COV or placebo. In a post-hoc analysis of the overall combined Cohort A and Cohort B (regardless of serology status at baseline), there was a 62% risk reduction in COVID-19 with REGEN-COV treatment versus placebo [46/1201 (4%) vs 119/1177 (10%); adjusted odds ratio 0.35; p<0.0001].

19 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

How Supplied

Co-formulated casirivimab and imdevimab injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to

slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution supplied in a vial. Refer to Table 12.

Casirivimab injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution supplied in a vial. Refer to Table 13.

Imdevimab injection is a sterile, preservative-free, clear to slightly opalescent, colorless to pale yellow solution supplied in a vial. Refer to Table 13.

REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) injection is available as:

1. **A single vial which contains two antibodies co-formulated in a 1:1 ratio of casirivimab and imdevimab (**Table 12).
2. **Individual antibody solutions in separate vials, which may be supplied in separate cartons (**Table 13), **or together in a single carton (also referred to as a co-packaged carton)** (Table 14)**, or in a dose pack** (Table 15)**.**

Table 12: Co-Formulated Casirivimab and Imdevimab

Antibody	Concentration	Package Size	NDC Number
REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)	600 mg/600 mg per 10 mL (60 mg/60 mg per mL)	1 vial per carton	61755-039-01

INDIVIDUAL CASIRIVIMAB AND IMDEVIMAB SOLUTIONS MUST BE ADMINISTERED TOGETHER.

Table 13: Individual Package Size

Antibody	Concentration	Package Size	NDC Number
Casirivimab REGN10933	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	1 vial per carton	61755-024-01
	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	1 vial per carton	61755-026-01
Imdevimab REGN10987	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	1 vial per carton	61755-025-01
	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	1 vial per carton	61755-027-01

Each co-packaged carton contains 1 vial of casirivimab and 1 vial of imdevimab. Refer to Table 14.

Table 14: Casirivimab and Imdevimab Co-Packaged Carton

Co-Packaged Carton Contents	Co-Packaged Components	Concentration	Co-Packaged Carton NDC Number

2 Vials	**1 vial of casirivimab** (NDC 61755-024-00)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-042-02
	1 vial of imdevimab (NDC 61755-025-00)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	
2 Vials	**1 vial of casirivimab** (NDC 61755-026-00)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-045-02
	1 vial of imdevimab (NDC 61755-027-00)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	

Each REGEN-COV dose pack contains sufficient number of vials of casirivimab [REGN10933] and imdevimab [REGN10987] to prepare up to two treatment doses (600 mg of casirivimab and 600 mg of imdevimab). Refer to Table 15.

Table 15: Dose Pack Providing 1,200 mg Casirivimab and 1,200 mg Imdevimab

REGEN-COV Dose Pack Size	REGEN-COV Dose Pack Components	Concentration	REGEN-COV Dose Pack NDC Number
2 Cartons	**1 vial of casirivimab REGN10933** (NDC 61755-024-01)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-035-02
	1 vial of imdevimab REGN10987 (NDC 61755-025-01)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	
8 Cartons	**4 vials of casirivimab REGN10933** (NDC 61755-026-01)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-036-08
	4 vials of imdevimab REGN10987 (NDC 61755-027-01)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	
	1 vial of		

5 Cartons	**casirivimab REGN10933** (NDC 61755-024-01)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-037-05
	4 vials of imdevimab REGN10987 (NDC 61755-027-01)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	
5 Cartons	**4 vials of casirivimab REGN10933** (NDC 61755-026-01)	300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)	61755-038-05
	1 vial of imdevimab REGN10987 (NDC 61755-025-01)	1,332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)	

Storage and Handling

Casirivimab is preservative-free. Discard any unused portion.

Imdevimab is preservative-free. Discard any unused portion.

Store unopened casirivimab and imdevimab vials in a refrigerator at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) in the original carton to protect from light.

DO NOT FREEZE. DO NOT SHAKE. DO NOT EXPOSE TO DIRECT LIGHT.

Solution in vial requires dilution prior to intravenous administration. The prepared infusion solution is intended to be used immediately. If immediate administration is not possible, store diluted casirivimab and imdevimab infusion solution in the refrigerator at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) for no more than 36 hours or at room temperature up to 25°C (77°F) for no more than 4 hours. If refrigerated, allow the infusion solution to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 30 minutes prior to administration.

The prepared syringes should be administered immediately. If immediate administration is not possible, store the prepared casirivimab and imdevimab syringes in the refrigerator between 2ºC to 8ºC (36ºF to 46ºF) for no more than 4 hours or at room temperature up to 25ºC (77ºF) for no more than 4 total hours. If refrigerated, allow the syringes to equilibrate to room temperature for approximately 20 minutes prior to administration.

20 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Patients treated with REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) should continue to self-isolate and use infection control measures (e.g., wear mask, isolate, social distance, avoid sharing personal items, clean and disinfect "high touch" surfaces, and frequent handwashing) according to CDC guidelines. Also see Fact Sheet for Patients, Parents and Caregivers.

21 CONTACT INFORMATION

For additional information visit www.REGENCOV.com

If you have questions, please contact Regeneron at 1-844-734-6643.

Manufactured by:
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
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Tarrytown, NY 10591-6707
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Revised: 09/2021

FACT SHEET FOR PATIENTS, PARENTS AND CAREGIVERS
EMERGENCY USE AUTHORIZATION (EUA) OF REGEN-COV™ (casirivimab and imdevimab) FOR CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)

You are being given a medicine called **REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)** for the treatment or post-exposure prevention of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). SARS-CoV-2 is the virus that causes COVID-19. This Fact Sheet contains information to help you understand the potential risks and potential benefits of taking REGEN-COV.

Receiving REGEN-COV may benefit certain people with COVID-19 and may help prevent certain people who have been exposed to someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2 from getting SARS-CoV-2 infection, or may prevent certain people who are at high risk of exposure to someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2 from getting SARS-CoV-2 infection.

Read this Fact Sheet for information about REGEN-COV. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have questions. It is your choice to receive REGEN-COV or stop at any time.

WHAT IS COVID-19?

COVID-19 is caused by a virus called a coronavirus, SARS-CoV-2. People can get COVID-19 through contact with another person who has the virus.

COVID-19 illnesses have ranged from very mild (including some with no reported symptoms) to severe, including illness resulting in death. While information so far suggests that most COVID-19 illness is mild, serious illness can happen and may cause some of your other medical conditions to become worse. People of all ages with severe, long-lasting (chronic) medical conditions like heart disease, lung disease, and diabetes, for example, and other conditions including obesity, seem to be at higher risk of being hospitalized for COVID-19. Older age, with or without other conditions, also places people at higher risk of being hospitalized for COVID-19.

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF COVID-19?

The symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath, which may appear 2 to 14 days after exposure. Serious illness including breathing problems can occur and may cause your other medical conditions to become worse.

WHAT IS REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)?

REGEN-COV is an investigational medicine used in adults and adolescents (12 years of age and older who weigh at least 88 pounds (40 kg)) who are at high risk for severe

COVID-19, including hospitalization or death for:

- treatment of mild to moderate symptoms of COVID-19
- post-exposure prevention of COVID-19 in persons who are:
  - not fully vaccinated against COVID-19 (Individuals are considered to be fully vaccinated 2 weeks after their second vaccine dose in a 2-dose series [such as the Pfizer or Moderna vaccines], or 2 weeks after a single-dose vaccine [such as Johnson & Johnson's Janssen vaccine]), **or**,
  - are not expected to build up enough of an immune response to the complete COVID-19 vaccination (for example, someone with immunocompromising conditions, including someone who is taking immunosuppressive medications), **and**
    - have been exposed to someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2. Close contact with someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2 is defined as being within 6 feet for a total of 15 minutes or more, providing care at home to someone who is sick, having direct physical contact with the person (hugging or kissing, for example), sharing eating or drinking utensils, or being exposed to respiratory droplets from an infected person (sneezing or coughing, for example). For additional details, go to https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/quarantine.html, **or**
    - someone who is at high risk of being exposed to someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2 because of occurrence of SARS-CoV-2 infection in other individuals in the same institutional setting (for example, nursing homes, prisons).

REGEN-COV is investigational because it is still being studied. There is limited information known about the safety and effectiveness of using REGEN-COV to treat people with COVID-19 or to prevent COVID-19 in people who are at high risk of being exposed to someone who is infected with SARS-CoV-2. REGEN-COV is not authorized for pre-exposure prophylaxis for prevention of COVID-19.

The FDA has authorized the emergency use of REGEN-COV for the treatment of COVID-19 and the post-exposure prevention of COVID-19 under an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA). For more information on EUA, see the **"What is an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)?"** section at the end of this Fact Sheet.

WHO SHOULD NOT TAKE REGEN-COV?

Do not take REGEN-COV if you have had a severe allergic reaction to REGEN-COV.

WHAT SHOULD I TELL MY HEALTH CARE PROVIDER BEFORE I RECEIVE REGEN-COV?

Tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- Have any allergies
- Have had a severe allergic reaction including anaphylaxis to REGEN-COV previously
- Have received a COVID-19 vaccine
- Have any serious illnesses
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant
- Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed
- Are taking any medications (prescription, over-the-counter, vitamins, and herbal products)

HOW WILL I RECEIVE REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)?

- REGEN-COV consists of two investigational medicines, casirivimab and imdevimab, given together at the same time through a vein (intravenous or IV) or injected in the tissue just under the skin (subcutaneous injections). **Your healthcare provider will determine the most appropriate way for you to be given REGEN-COV.**
- Treatment: If you are receiving an intravenous infusion, the infusion will take 20 to 50 minutes or longer. Your healthcare provider will determine the duration of your infusion.
  - If your healthcare provider determines that you are unable to receive REGEN-COV as an intravenous infusion which would lead to a delay in treatment, then as an alternative, REGEN-COV can be given in the form of subcutaneous injections. If you are receiving subcutaneous injections, your dose will be provided as multiple injections given in separate locations around the same time.
- Post-exposure prevention: If you are receiving subcutaneous injections, your dose will be provided as multiple injections given in separate locations around the same time. If you are receiving an intravenous infusion, the infusion will take 20 to 50 minutes or longer.
  - After the initial dose, if your healthcare provider determines that you need to receive additional doses of REGEN-COV for ongoing protection, the additional intravenous or subcutaneous doses would be administered monthly.

WHAT ARE THE IMPORTANT POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS OF REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)?

Possible side effects of REGEN-COV are:

- Allergic reactions. Allergic reactions can happen during and after infusion or injection of REGEN-COV. Tell your healthcare provider right away or seek immediate medical attention if you get any of the following signs and symptoms of allergic reactions: fever, chills, nausea, headache, shortness of breath, low or high blood pressure, rapid or slow heart rate, chest discomfort or pain, weakness, confusion, feeling tired, wheezing, swelling of your lips, face, or throat, rash including hives, itching, muscle aches, feeling faint, dizziness and sweating. These reactions may be severe or life threatening.
- Worsening symptoms after treatment: You may experience new or worsening symptoms after infusion or injection, including fever, difficulty breathing, rapid or slow heart rate, tiredness, weakness or confusion. If these symptoms occur, contact your healthcare provider or seek immediate medical attention as some of these symptoms have required hospitalization. It is unknown if these symptoms are related to treatment or are due to the progression of COVID-19.

The side effects of getting any medicine by vein may include brief pain, bleeding, bruising of the skin, soreness, swelling, and possible infection at the infusion site. The side effects of getting any medicine by subcutaneous injection may include pain, bruising of the skin, soreness, swelling, and possible infection at the injection site.

These are not all the possible side effects of REGEN-COV. Not a lot of people have been given REGEN-COV. Serious and unexpected side effects may happen. REGEN-COV is still being studied so it is possible that all of the risks are not known at this time.

It is possible that REGEN-COV could interfere with your body's own ability to fight off a future infection of SARS-CoV-2. Similarly, REGEN-COV may reduce your body's immune

response to a vaccine for SARS-CoV-2. Specific studies have not been conducted to address these possible risks. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have any questions.

WHAT OTHER TREATMENT CHOICES ARE THERE?

Like REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab), FDA may allow for the emergency use of other medicines to treat people with COVID-19. Go to https://www.fda.gov/emergency-preparedness-and-response/mcm-legal-regulatory-and-policy-framework/emergency-use-authorization for information on the emergency use of other medicines that are not approved by FDA that are used to treat people with COVID-19. Your healthcare provider may talk with you about clinical trials you may be eligible for.

It is your choice to be treated or not to be treated with REGEN-COV. Should you decide not to receive REGEN-COV or stop it at any time, it will not change your standard medical care.

WHAT OTHER PREVENTION CHOICES ARE THERE?

Vaccines to prevent COVID-19 are also available under Emergency Use Authorization. Use of REGEN-COV does not replace vaccination against COVID-19. REGEN-COV is not authorized for pre-exposure prophylaxis for prevention of COVID-19.

WHAT IF I AM PREGNANT OR BREASTFEEDING?

There is limited experience using REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) in pregnant women or breastfeeding mothers. For a mother and unborn baby, the benefit of receiving REGEN-COV may be greater than the risk of using the product. If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, discuss your options and specific situation with your healthcare provider.

HOW DO I REPORT SIDE EFFECTS WITH REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab)?

Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any side effect that bothers you or does not go away.

Report side effects to **FDA MedWatch** at www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088 or call 1-844-734-6643.

HOW CAN I LEARN MORE?

- Ask your health care provider.
- Visit www.REGENCOV.com
- Visit https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/
- Contact your local or state public health department.

WHAT IS AN EMERGENCY USE AUTHORIZATION (EUA)?

The United States FDA has made REGEN-COV (casirivimab and imdevimab) available under an emergency access mechanism called an EUA. The EUA is supported by a Secretary of Health and Human Service (HHS) declaration that circumstances exist to justify the emergency use of drugs and biological products during the COVID-19 pandemic.

REGEN-COV has not undergone the same type of review as an FDA-approved product. In issuing an EUA under the COVID-19 public health emergency, the FDA must determine, among other things, that based on the totality of scientific evidence available,

it is reasonable to believe that the product may be effective for diagnosing, treating, or preventing COVID-19, or a serious or life-threatening disease or condition caused by COVID-19; that the known and potential benefits of the product, when used to diagnose, treat, or prevent such disease or condition, outweigh the known and potential risks of such product; and that there are no adequate, approved and available alternatives. All of these criteria must be met to allow for the medicine to be used in the treatment of COVID-19 or prevention of COVID-19 during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The EUA for REGEN-COV is in effect for the duration of the COVID-19 declaration justifying emergency use of these products, unless terminated or revoked (after which the products may no longer be used).

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Revised: 07/2021

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Label - Casirivimab

701208

12345-00

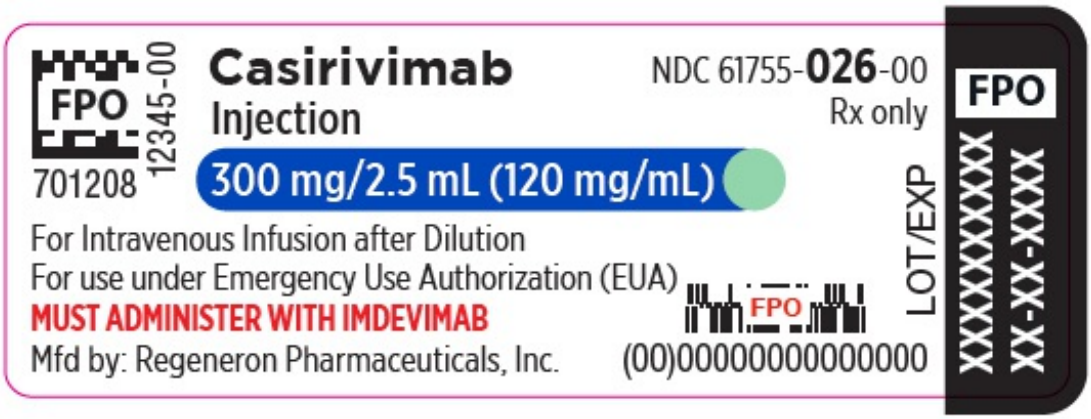
Casirivimab
Injection

NDC 61755-026-00
Rx only

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution
For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)
MUST ADMINISTER WITH IMDEVIMAB
Mfd by: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

LOT/EXP



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Label - Casirivimab - Roche

Casirivimab
120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution
for infusion

300 mg/2.5 mL

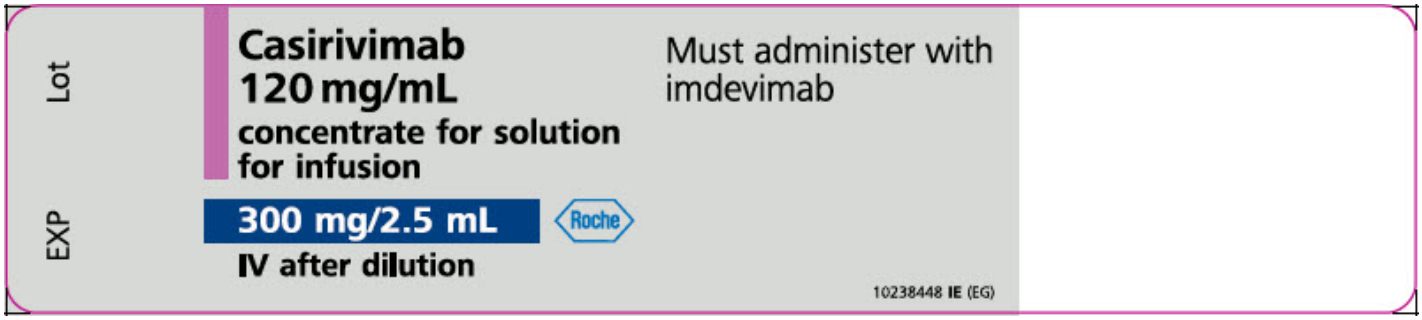
IV after dilution

Must administer with
imdevimab

Roche

EXP
Lot

10238448 IE (EG)



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Carton - Casirivimab

NDC 61755-026-01

Rx only

Casirivimab
Injection

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

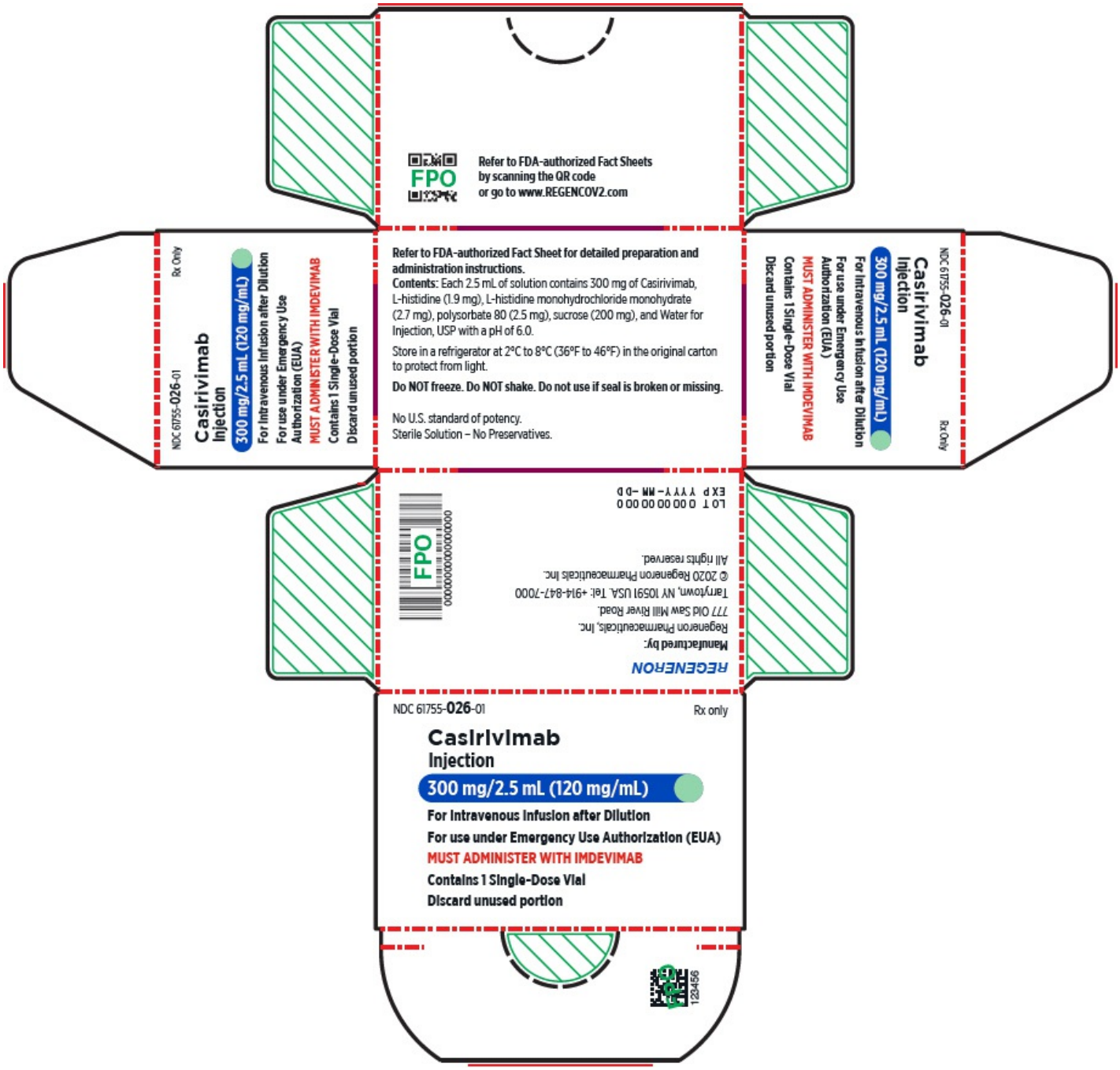
For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH IMDEVIMAB

Contains 1 Single-Dose Vial

Discard unused portion

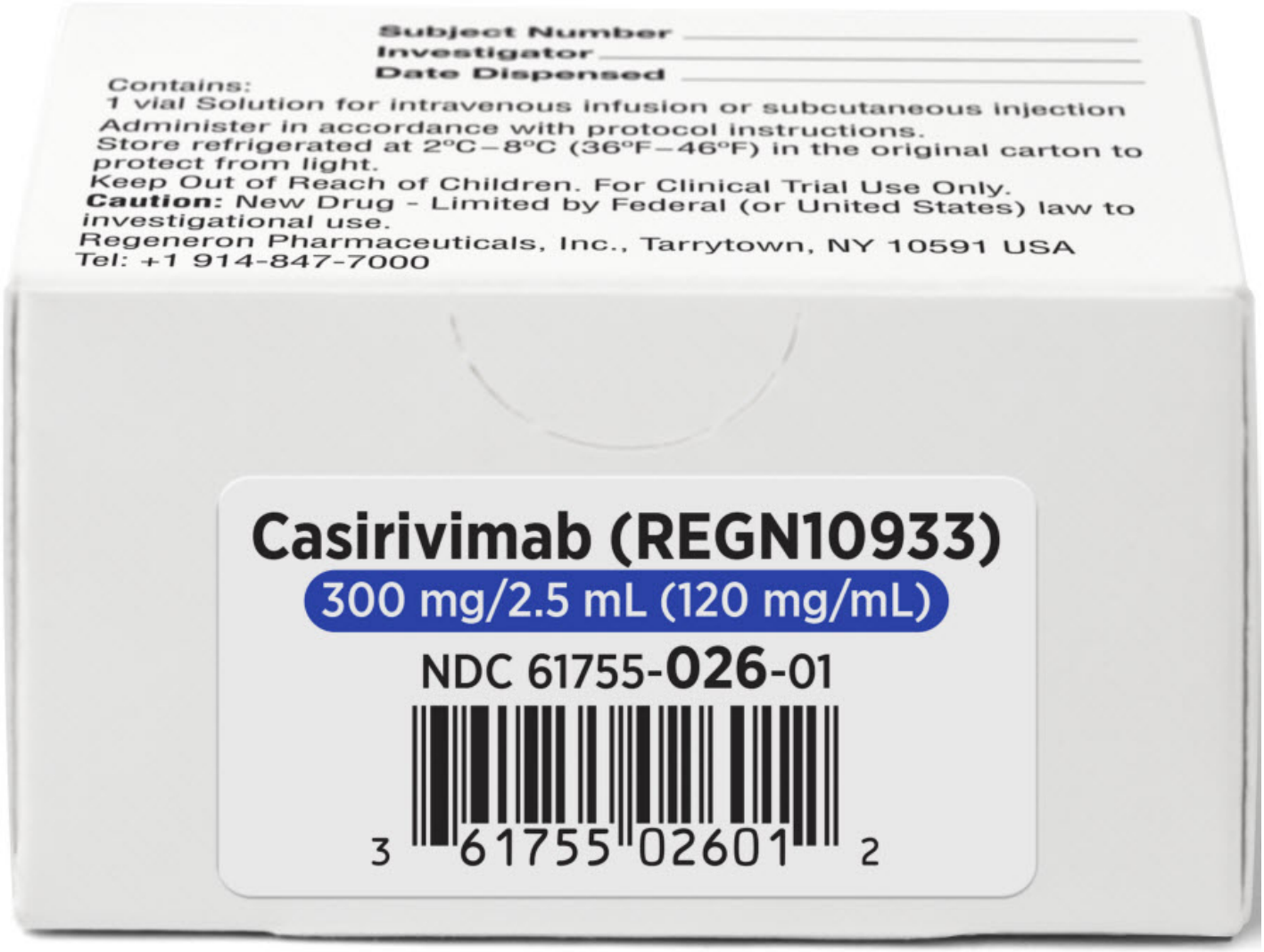


PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Box - Casirivimab

Casirivimab (REGN10933)

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

NDC 61755-026-01



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Modified Vial Label - REGN10933

701208

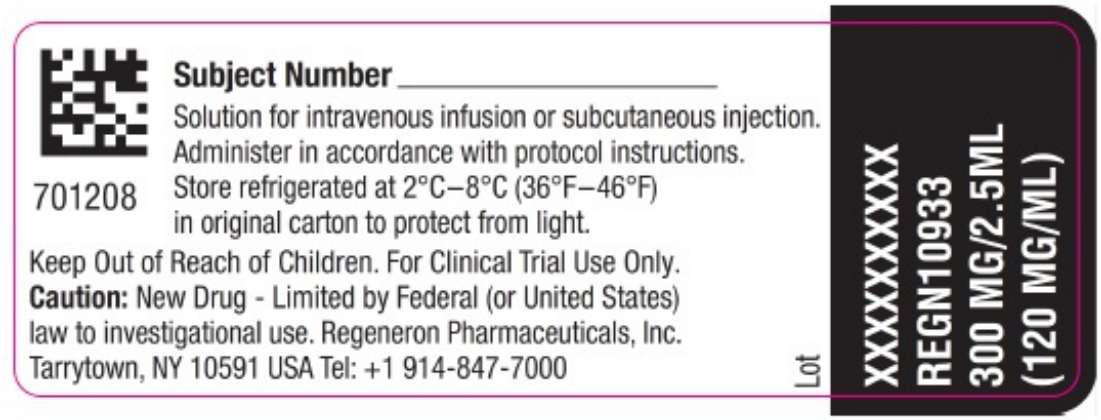
Subject Number

Solution for intravenous infusion or subcutaneous injection.
Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.
Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F–46°F)
in original carton to protect from light.

Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug - Limited by Federal (or United States)
law to investigational use. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA Tel: +1 914-847-7000

Lot



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Modified Vial Carton - REGN10933

Subject Number
Investigator
Date Dispensed

Contains:
1 vial Solution for intravenous infusion or subcutaneous injection

Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.

Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F–46°F) in the original carton to protect from light.

Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug - Limited by Federal (or United States) law to investigational use.

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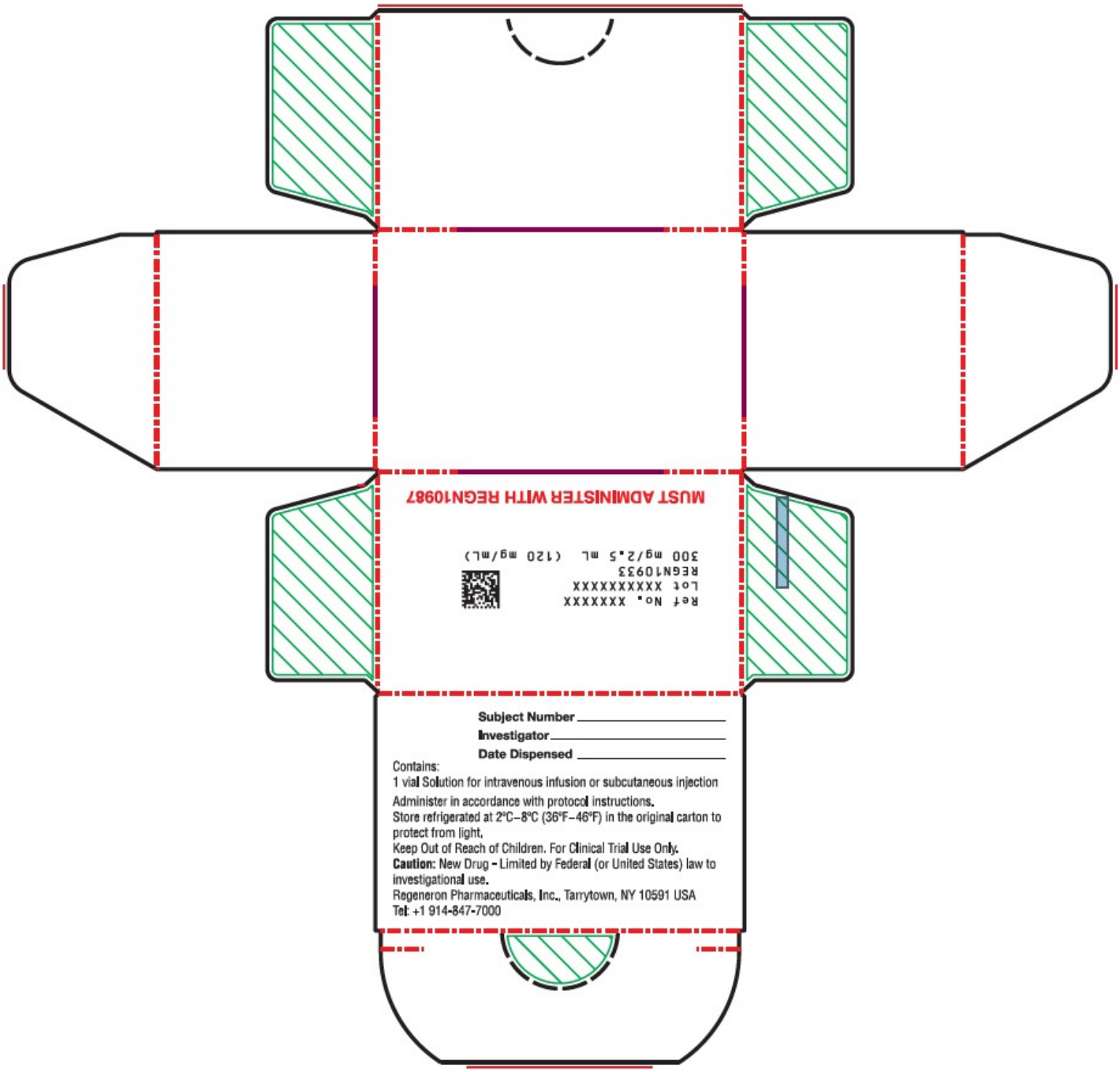


PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Label - Casirivimab

701210

12345-00

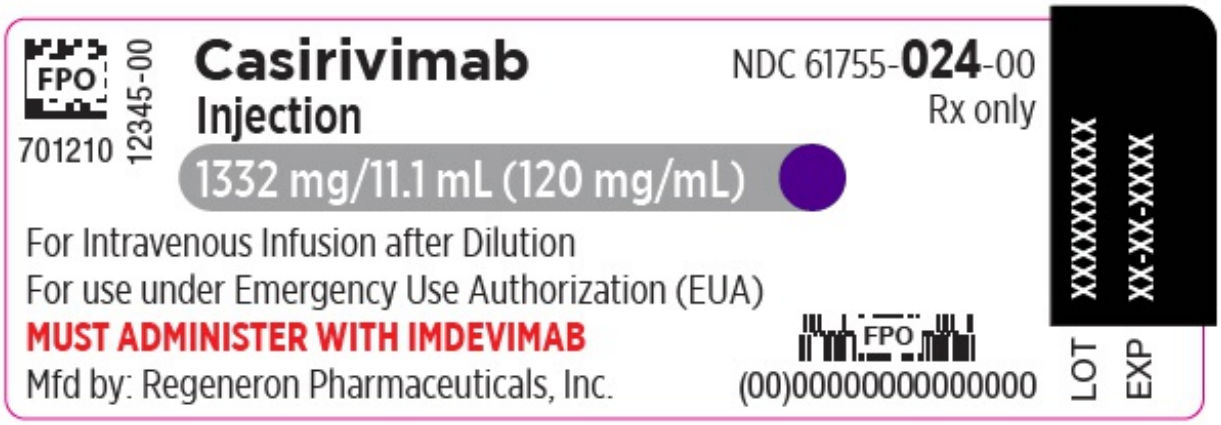
Casirivimab
Injection

NDC 61755-024-00
Rx only

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution
For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH IMDEVIMAB
Mfd by: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Label - Casirivimab - Roche

Casirivimab 120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution for
infusion

1332 mg/11.1 mL

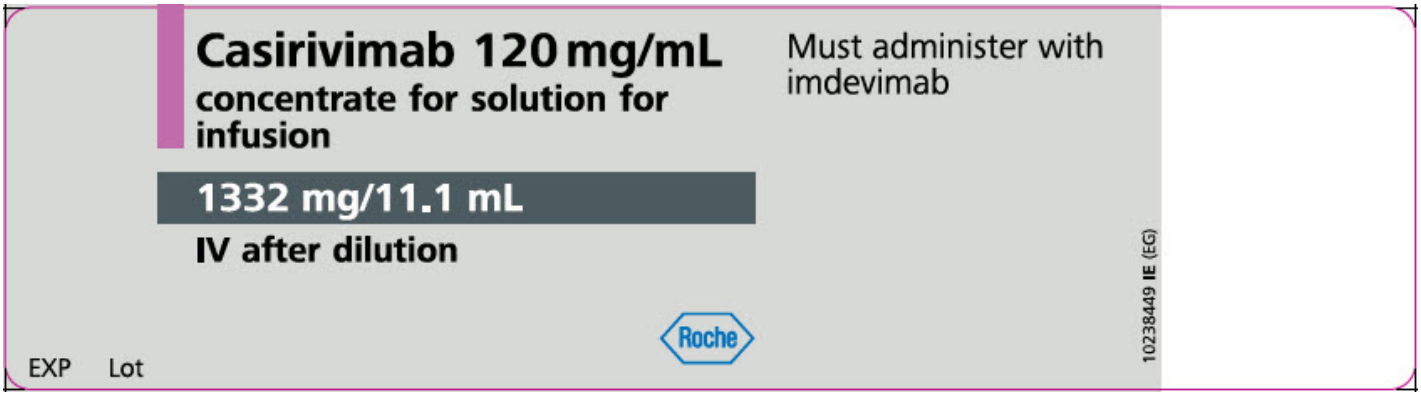
IV after dilution

Must administer with
imdevimab

Roche

EXP
Lot

10238449 IE (EG)



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Carton - Casirivimab

NDC 61755-024-01

Rx only

Casirivimab
Injection

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

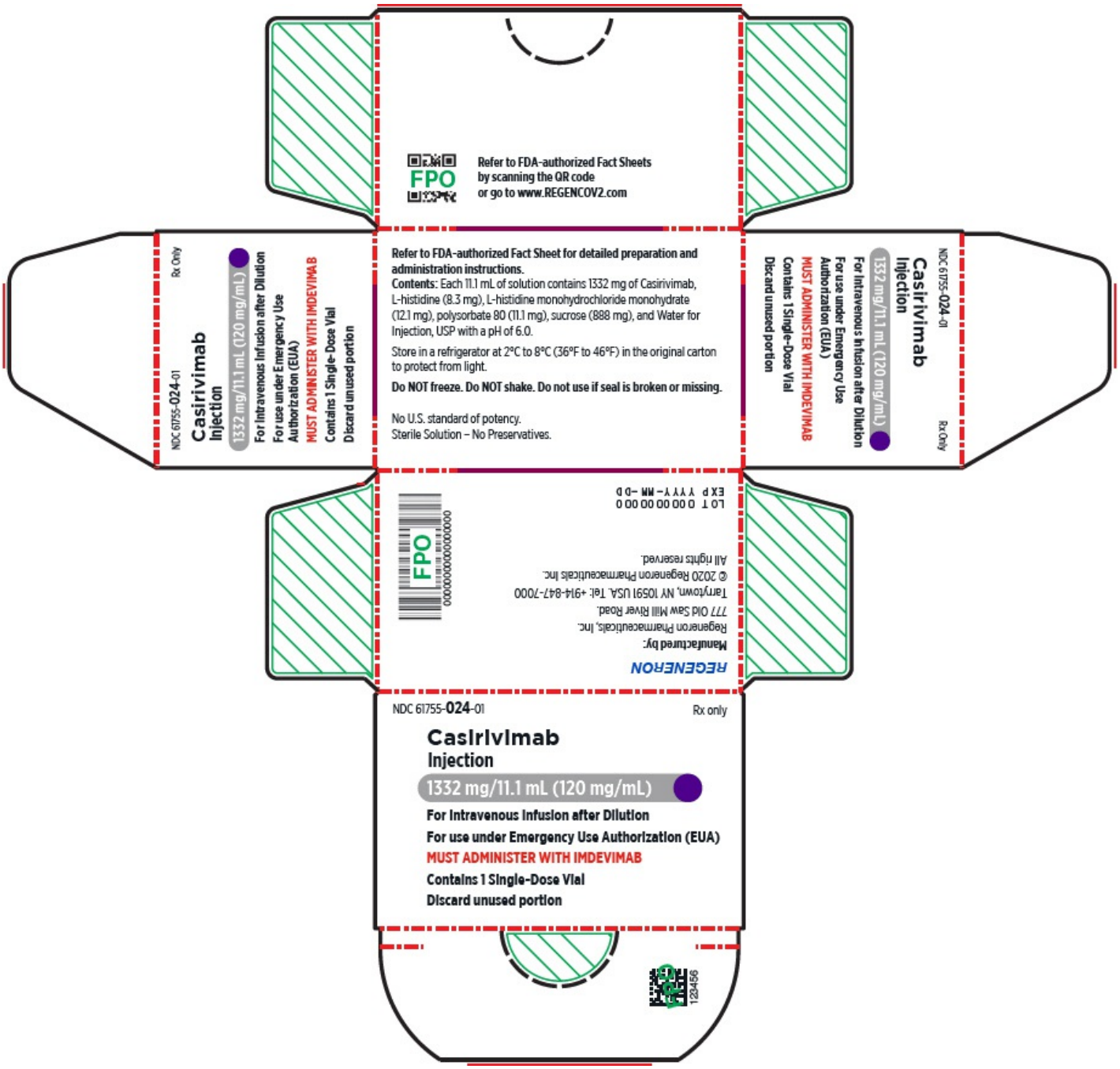
For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH IMDEVIMAB

Contains 1 Single-Dose Vial

Discard unused portion

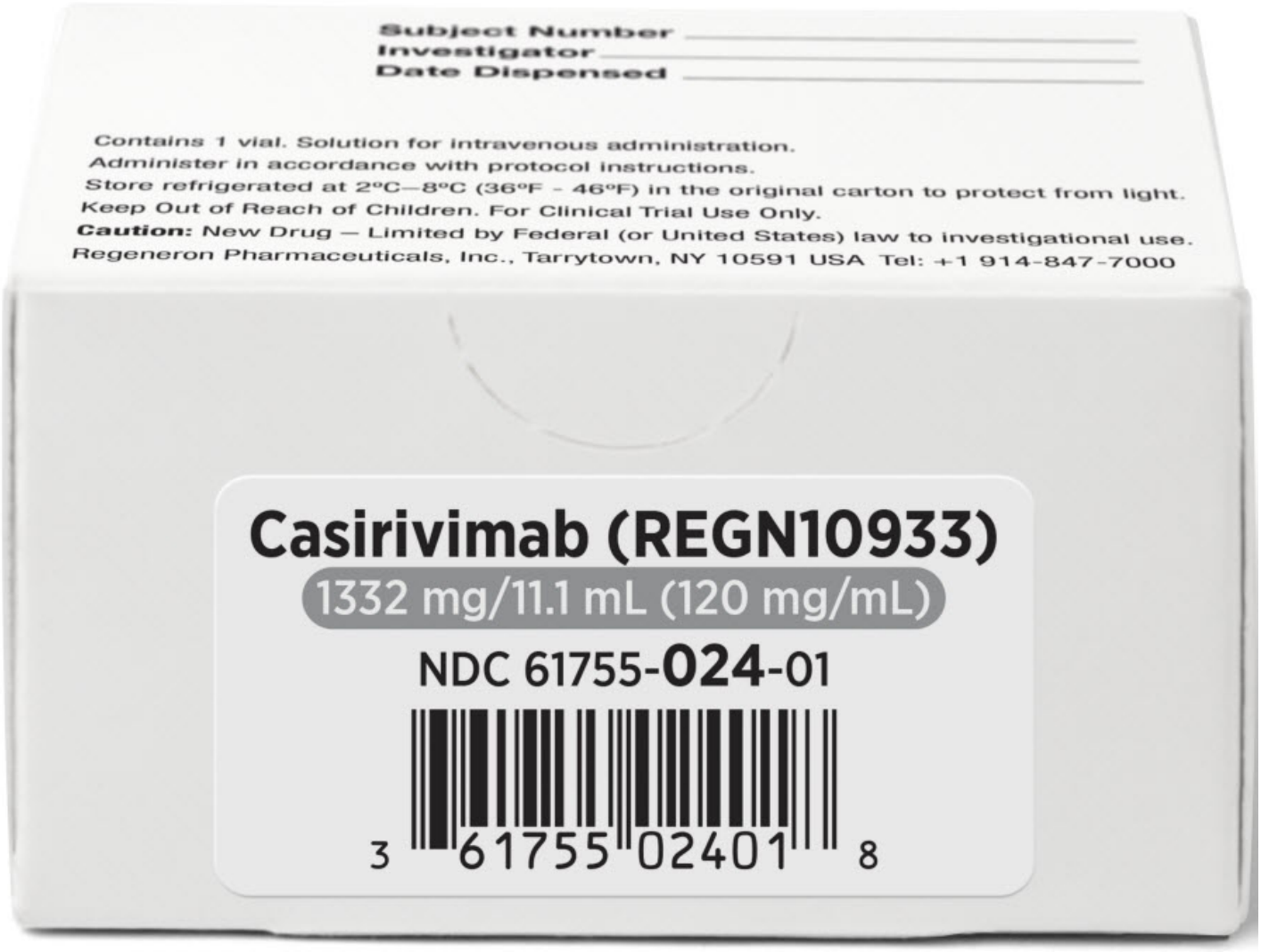


PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Box - Casirivimab

Casirivimab (REGN10933)

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

NDC 61755-024-01



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Initial Clinical Vial Label - REGN10933

701210

Subject Number

Solution for intravenous administration.
Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.
Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F-46°F)
in the original carton to protect from light.
Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug – Limited by Federal (or United States) law

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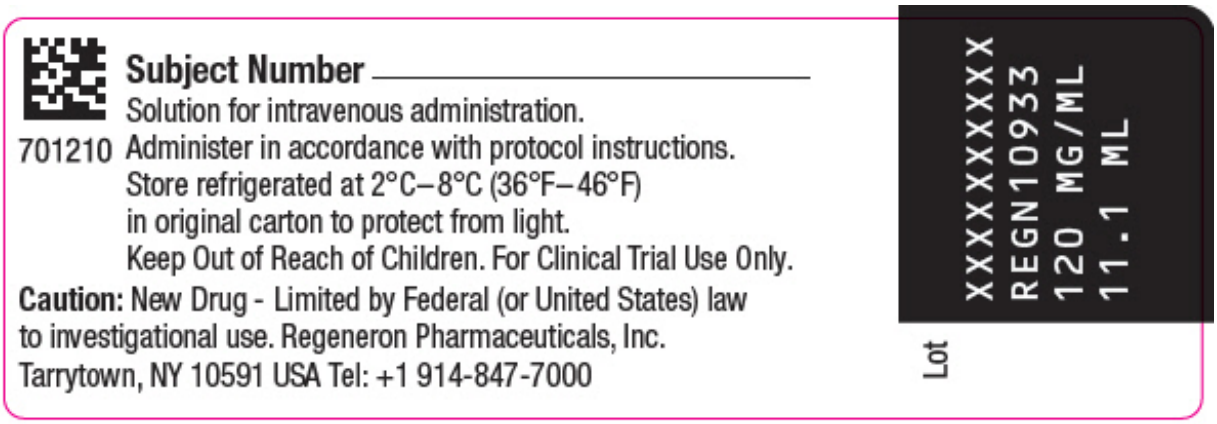
Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA Tel: +1 914-847-7000



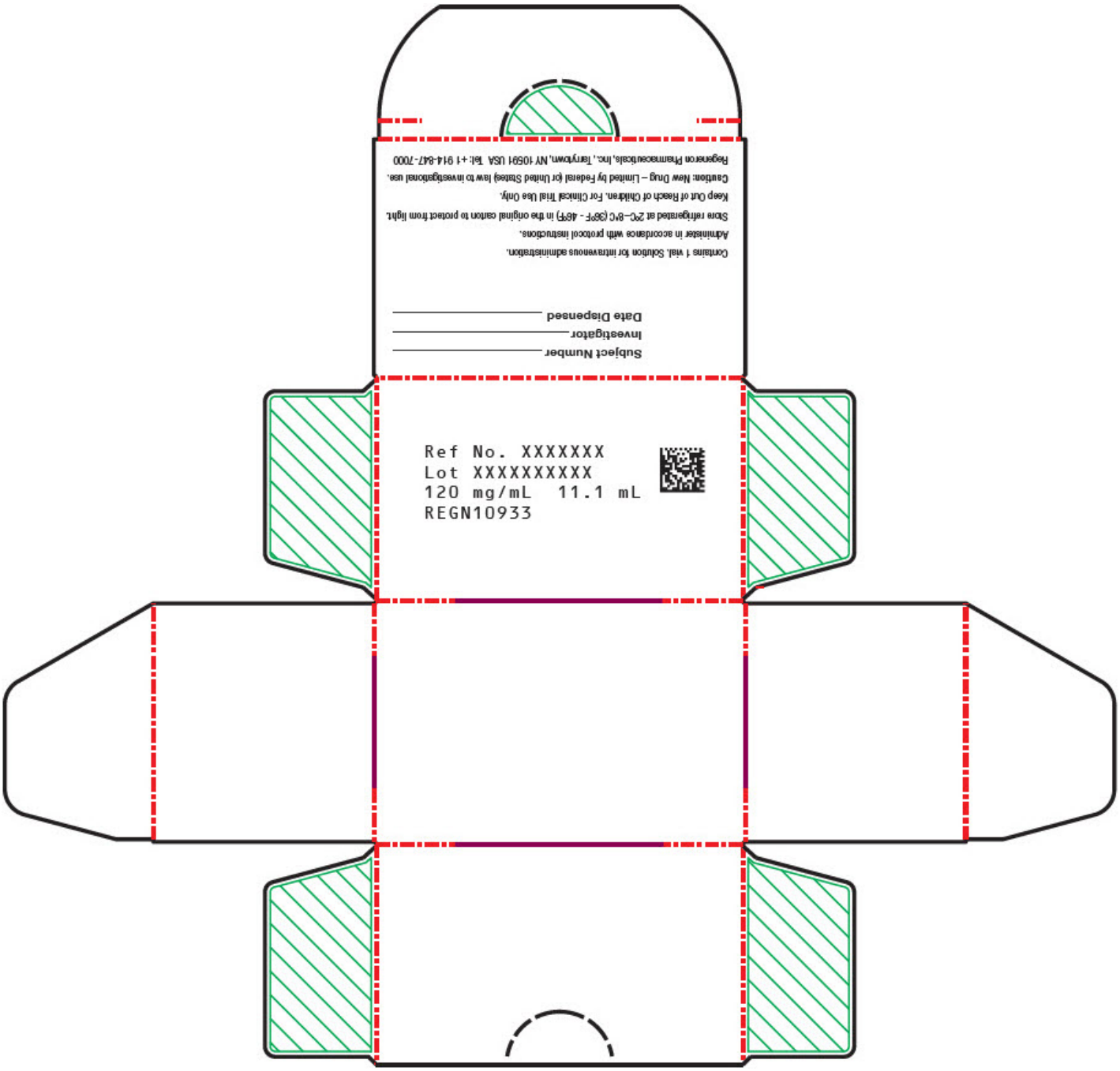
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Initial Clinical Vial Carton - REGN10933

Ref No. XXXXXXX

Lot XXXXXXXXXX

120 mg/mL 11.1 mL

REGN10933



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Label - Imdevimab

701208

12345-00

Imdevimab
Injection

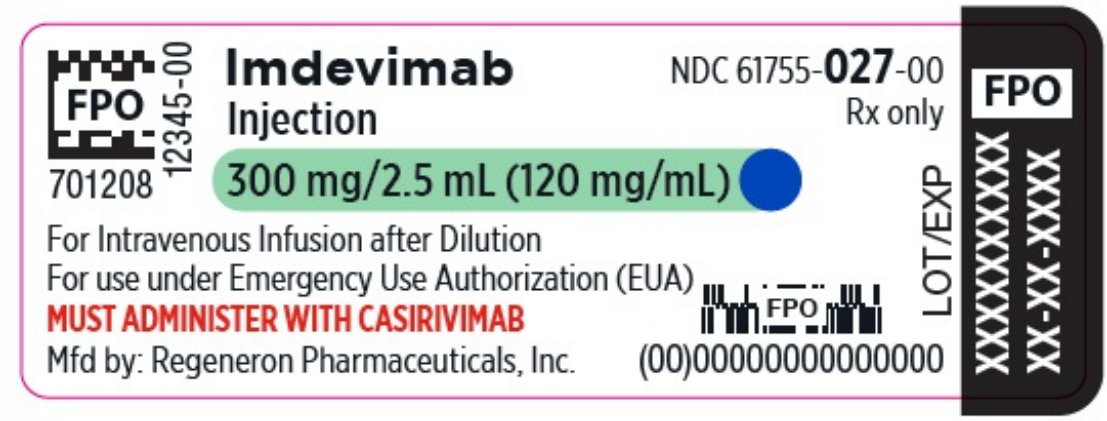
NDC 61755-027-00
Rx only

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution
For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH CASIRIVIMAB
Mfd by: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

LOT/EXP



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Label - Imdevimab - Roche

Imdevimab
120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution
for infusion

300 mg/2.5 mL

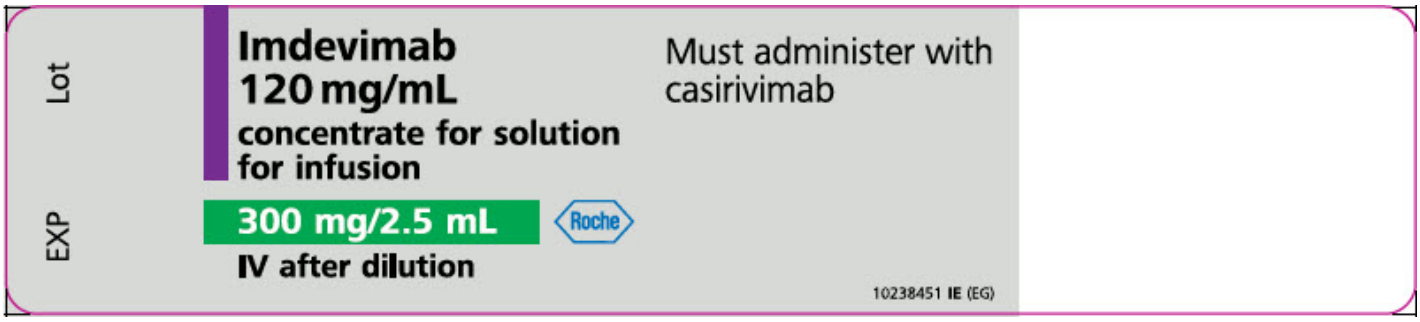
IV after dilution

Must administer with
casirivimab

Roche

EXP
Lot

10238451 IE (EG)



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Carton - Imdevimab

NDC 61755-027-01

Rx only

Imdevimab
Injection

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

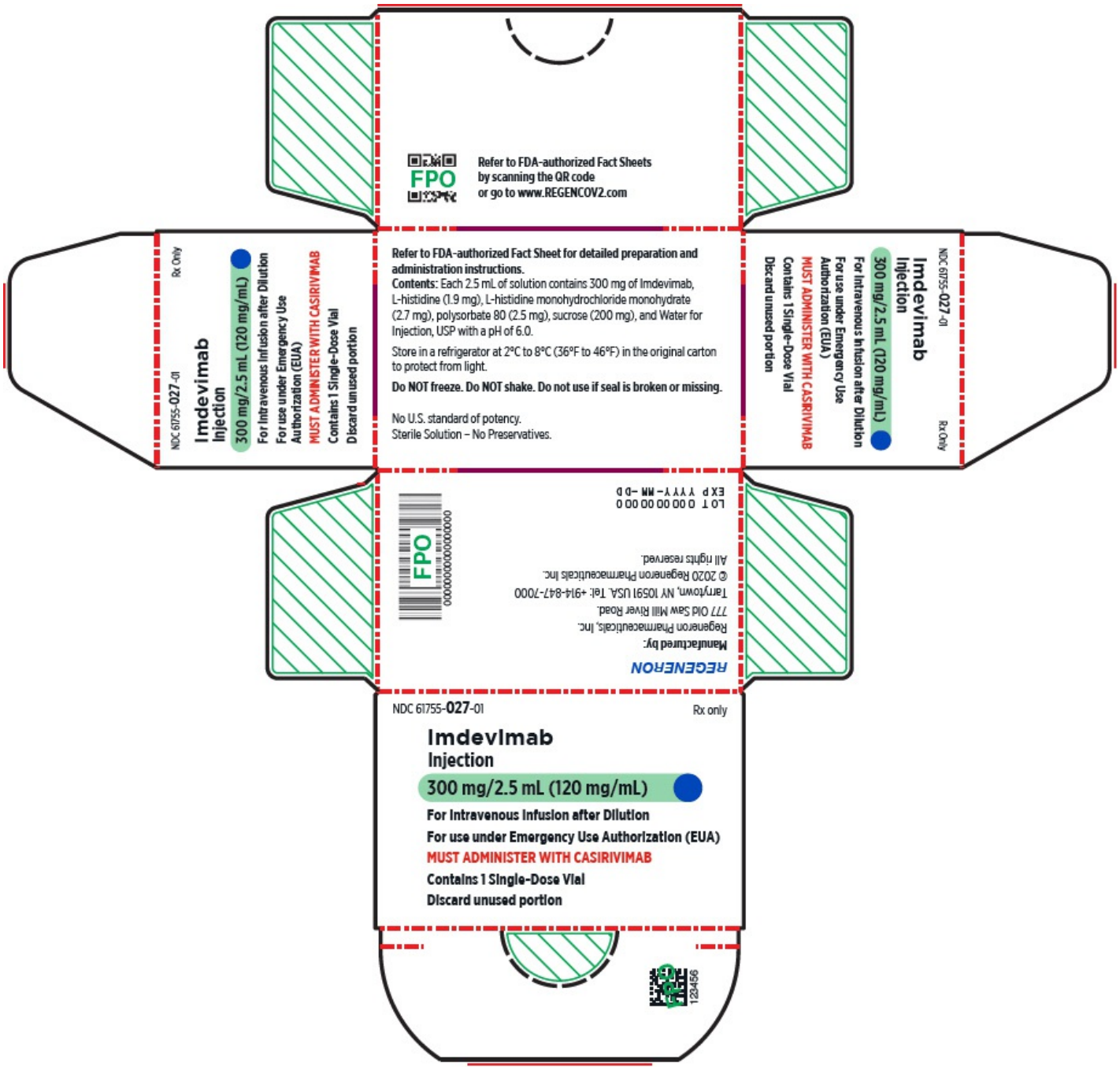
For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH CASIRIVIMAB

Contains 1 Single-Dose Vial

Discard unused portion

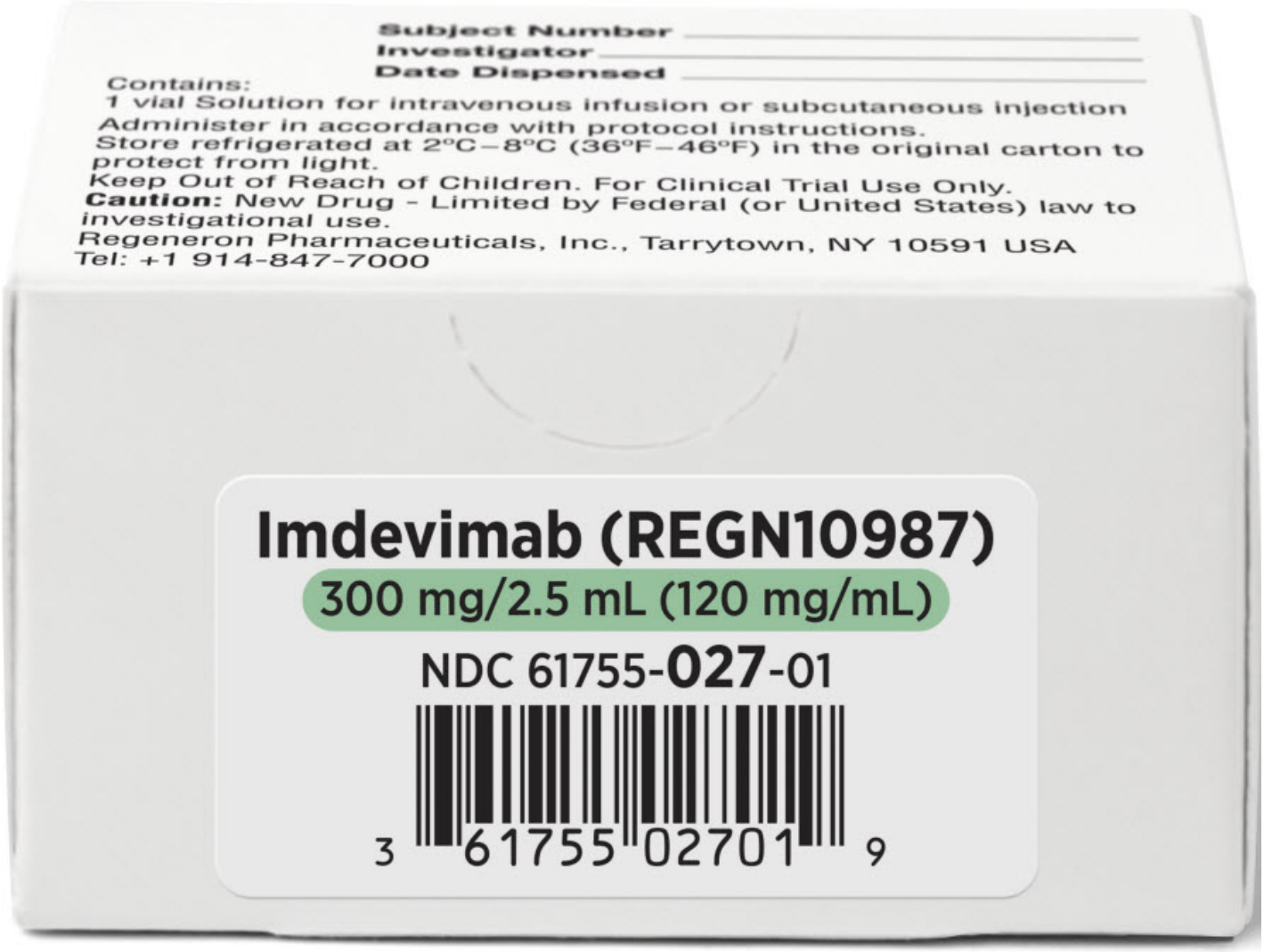


PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Vial Box - Imdevimab

Imdevimab (REGN10987)

300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

NDC 61755-027-01



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Modified Vial Label - REGN10987

701208

Subject Number

Solution for intravenous infusion or subcutaneous injection.
Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.
Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F–46°F)
in original carton to protect from light.

Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug - Limited by Federal (or United States)
law to investigational use. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

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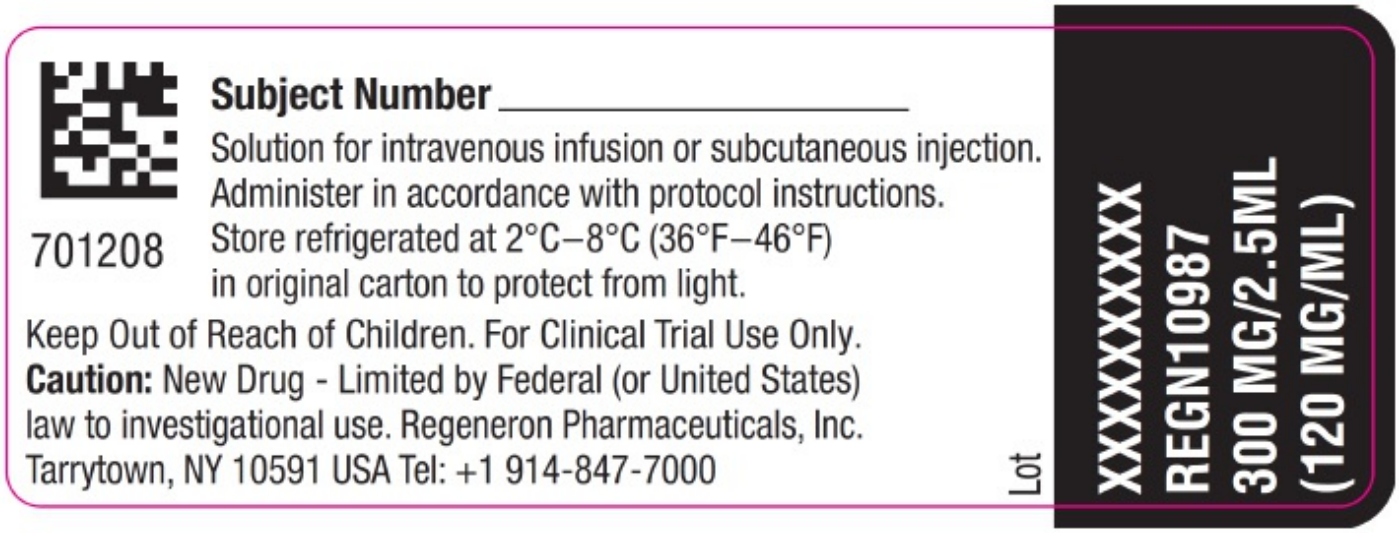
Lot



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 300 mg/2.5 mL Modified Vial Carton - REGN10987

Subject Number
Investigator
Date Dispensed

Contains:
1 vial Solution for intravenous infusion or subcutaneous injection

Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.

Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F–46°F) in the original carton to protect from light.

Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug - Limited by Federal (or United States) law to investigational use.

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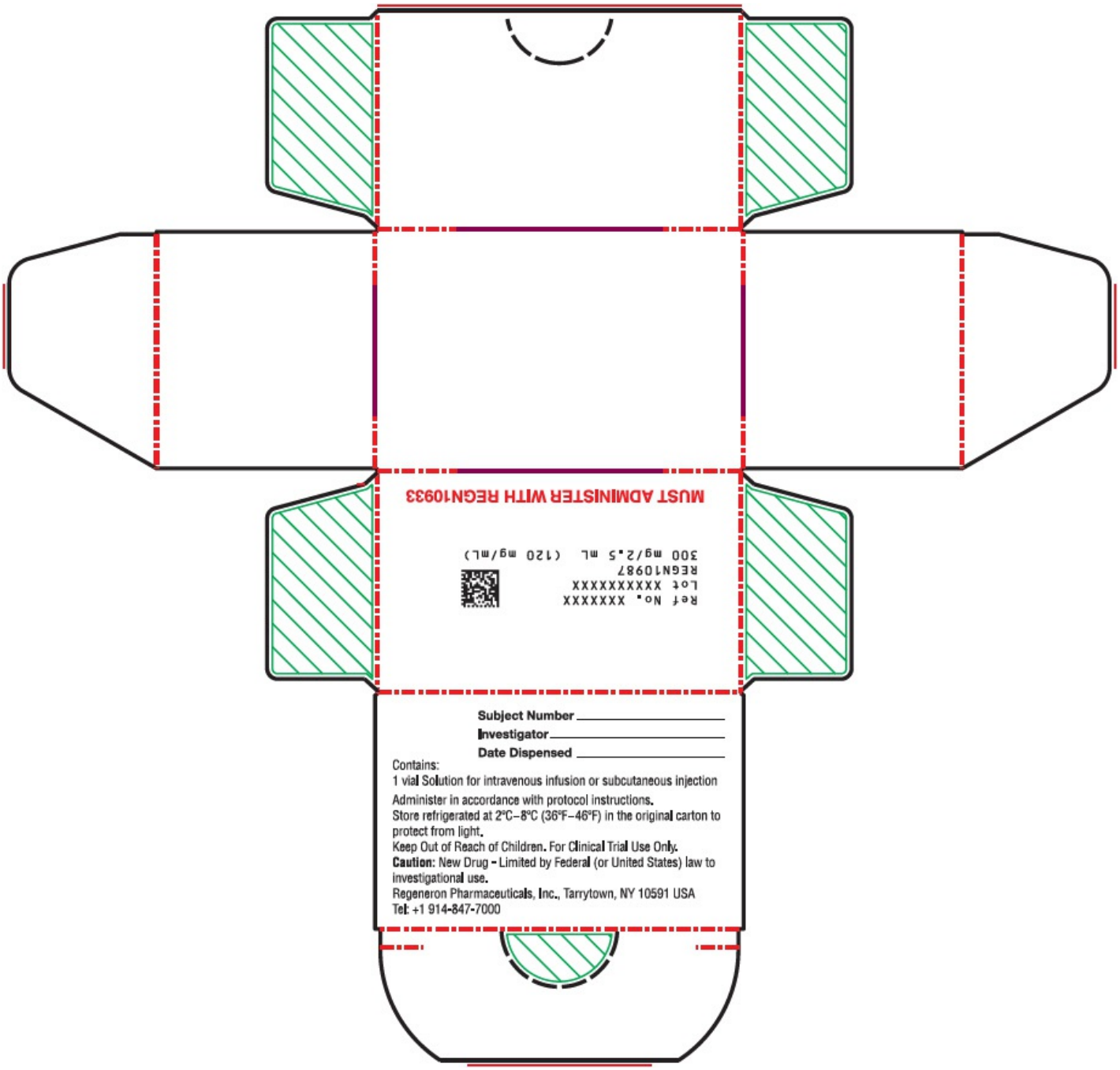
Tel: +1 914-847-7000



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Label - Imdevimab

701210

12345-00

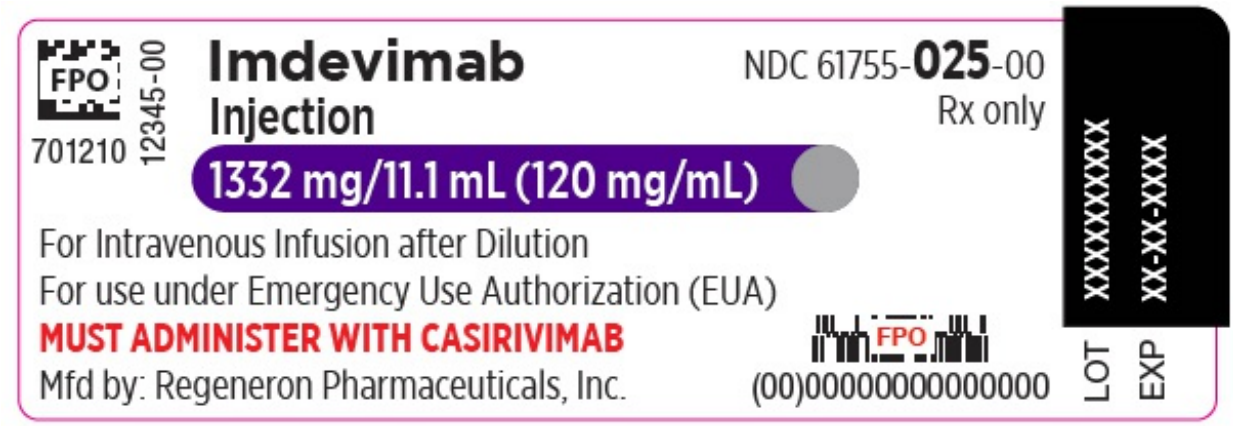
Imdevimab
Injection

NDC 61755-025-00
Rx only

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution
For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH CASIRIVIMAB
Mfd by: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Label - Imdevimab - Roche

Imdevimab 120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution for
infusion

1332 mg/11.1 mL

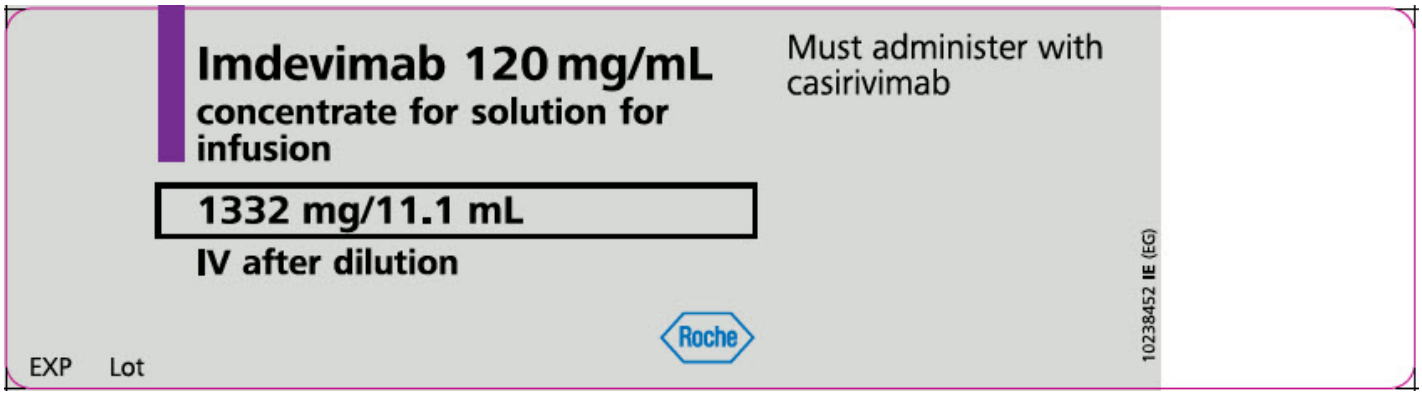
IV after dilution

Must administer with
casirivimab

Roche

EXP
Lot

10238452 IE (EG)



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Carton - Imdevimab

NDC 61755-025-01

Rx only

Imdevimab
Injection

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

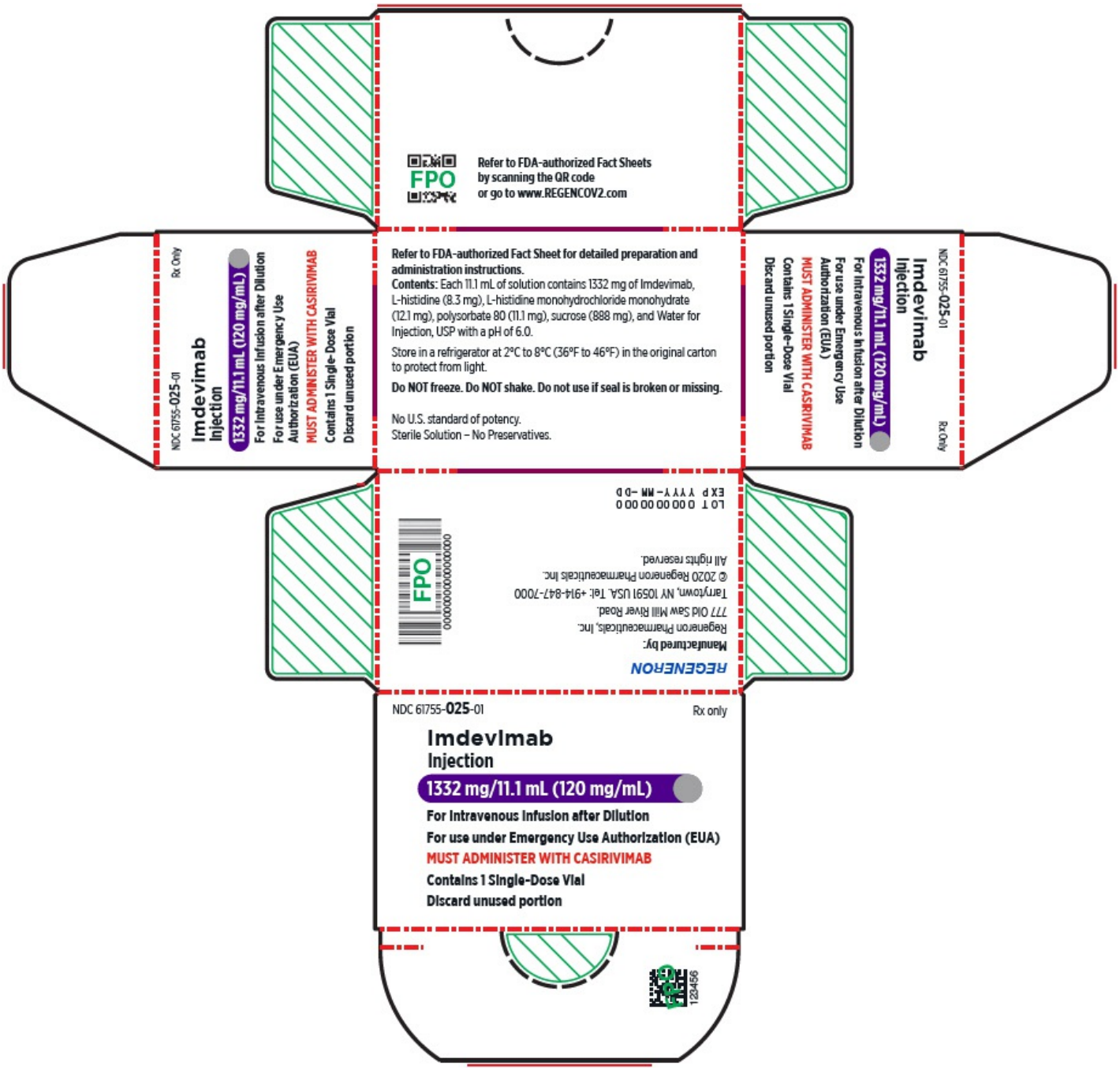
For Intravenous Infusion after Dilution

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

MUST ADMINISTER WITH CASIRIVIMAB

Contains 1 Single-Dose Vial

Discard unused portion

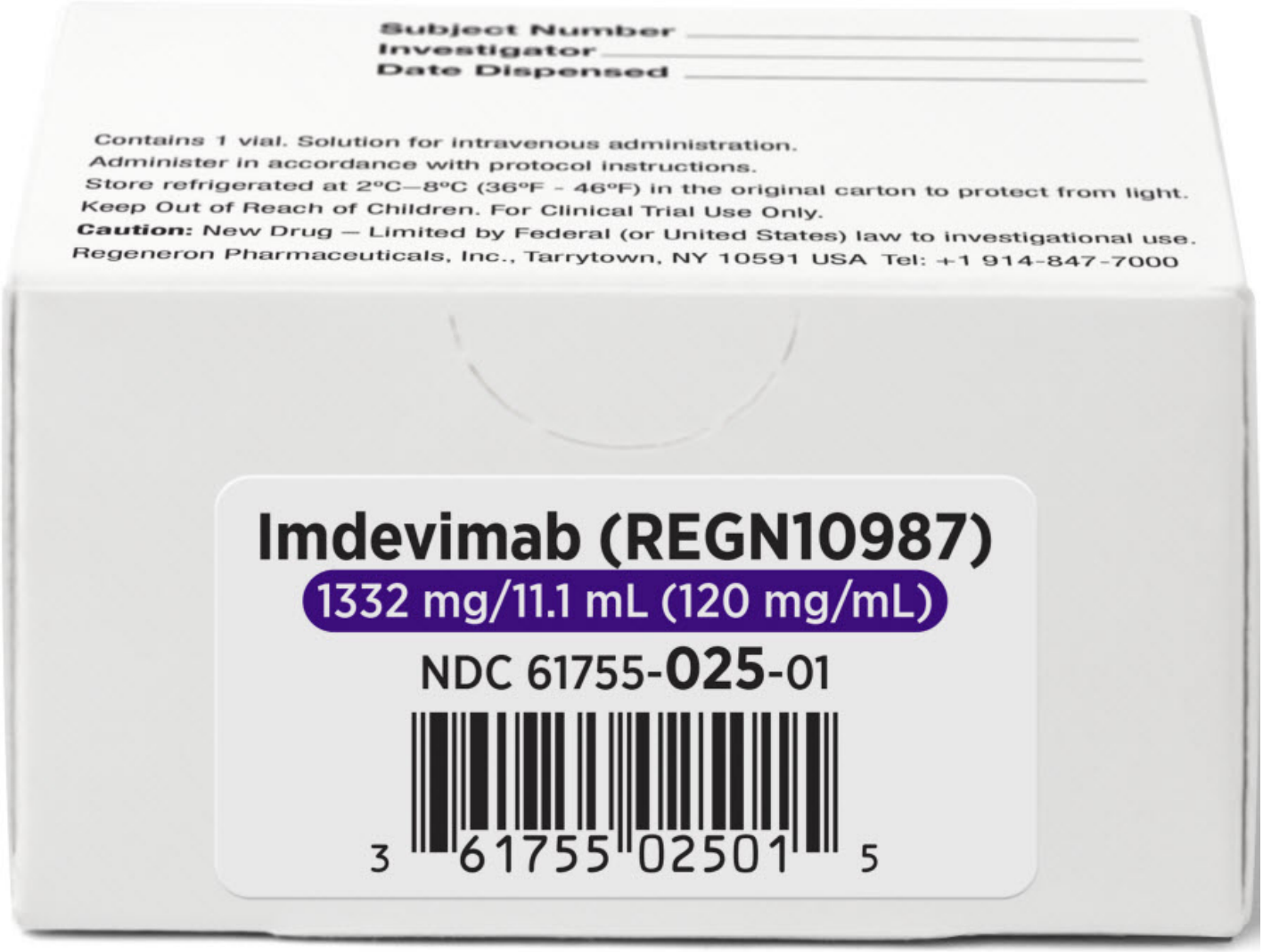


PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Vial Box - Imdevimab

Imdevimab (REGN10987)

1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

NDC 61755-025-01



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Initial Clinical Vial Label - REGN10987

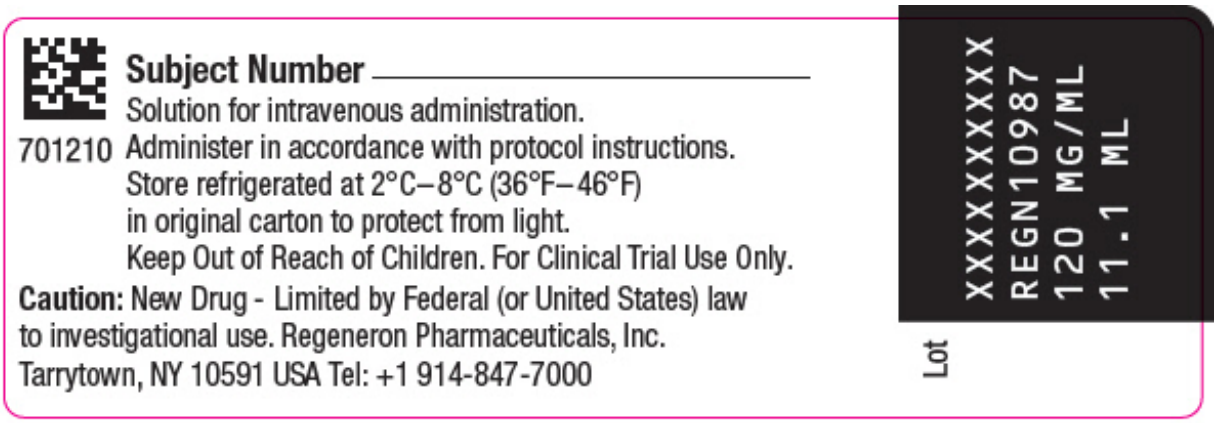
701210

Subject Number

Solution for intravenous administration.
Administer in accordance with protocol instructions.
Store refrigerated at 2°C–8°C (36°F–46°F)
in original carton to protect from light.
Keep Out of Reach of Children. For Clinical Trial Use Only.

Caution: New Drug – Limited by Federal (or United States) law
to investigational use. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA Tel: +1 914-847-7000



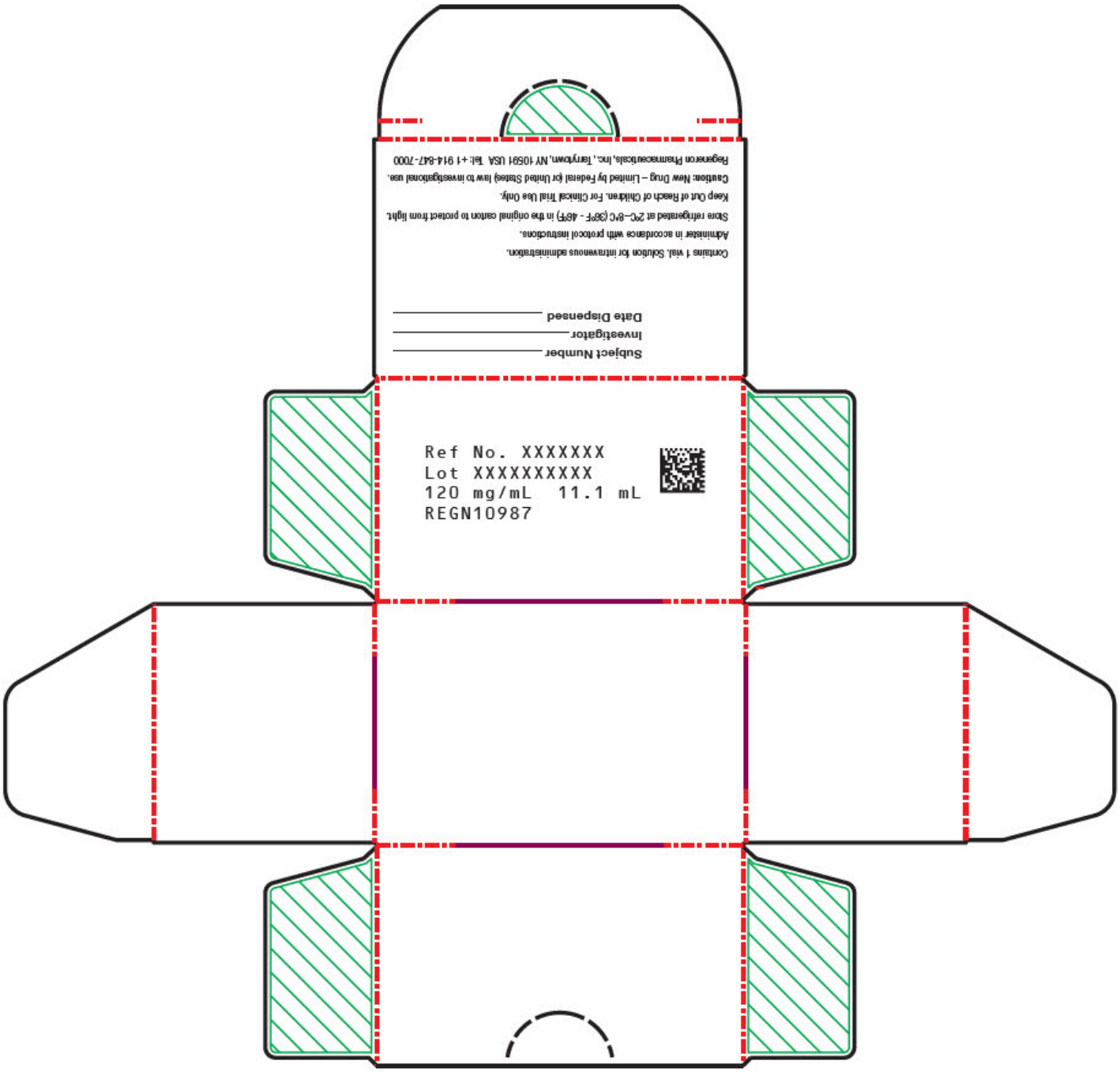
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 1332 mg/11.1 mL Initial Clinical Vial Carton - REGN10987

Ref No. XXXXXXX

Lot XXXXXXXXXX

120 mg/mL 11.1 mL

REGN10987



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 600 mg/10 mL Vial Label

702310

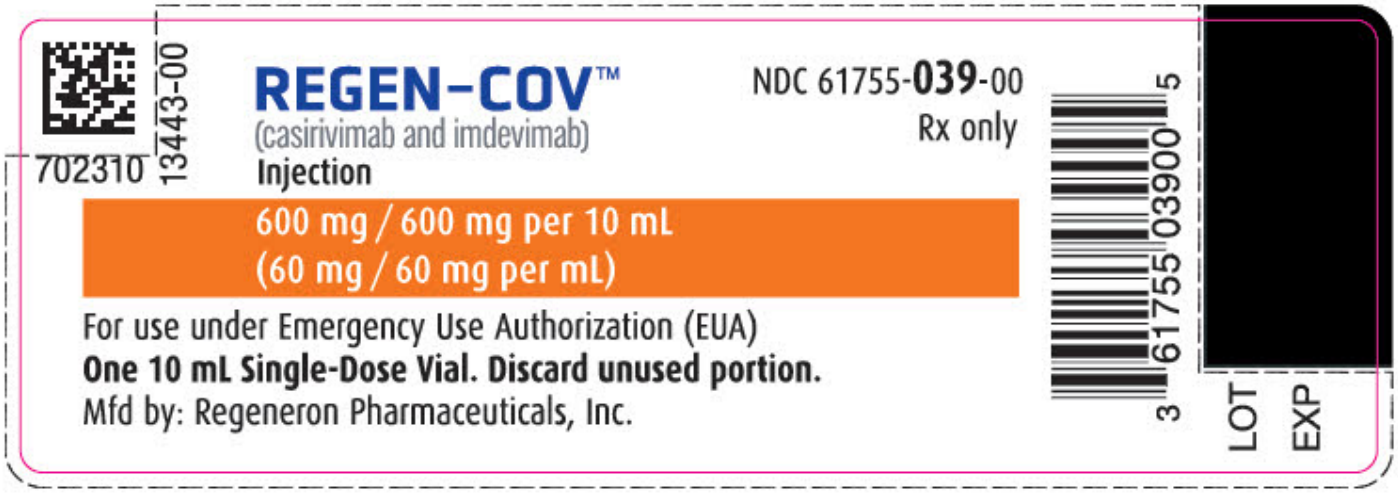
13443-00

NDC 61755-039-00
Rx only

REGEN-COV™
(casirivimab and imdevimab)
Injection

600 mg / 600 mg per 10 mL
(60 mg / 60 mg per mL)

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)
One 10 mL Single-Dose Vial. Discard unused portion.
Mfd by: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 600 mg/10 mL Vial Carton

NDC 61755-039-01
Rx only

REGEN-COV™
(casirivimab and imdevimab)
Injection

600 mg / 600 mg per 10 mL
(60 mg / 60 mg per mL)

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

One 10 mL Single-Dose Vial. Discard unused portion.

1 C

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets
by scanning the QR code
or go to www.REGENCOV.com

NDC 61755-**039**-01 Rx Only

REGEN-COV™
(casirivimab and imdevimab)
Injection

600 mg / 600 mg per 10 mL
(60 mg / 60 mg per mL)

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.

Contents: Each 10 mL of solution contains 600 mg of casirivimab, 600 mg of imdevimab, L-histidine (7.4 mg), L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate (10.9 mg), polysorbate 80 (10.0 mg), sucrose (800 mg), and Water for Injection, USP with a pH of 6.0.

Store in a refrigerator at 2°C to 8°C (36°F to 46°F) in the original carton to protect from light.

Do NOT freeze. Do NOT shake. Do not use if seal is broken or missing.

No U.S. standard of potency.
Sterile Solution – No Preservatives.

REGENERON

Manufactured by:
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
777 Old Saw Mill River Road
Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA. Tel: 1-844-734-6643
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Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.

For use under Emergency Use Authorization (EUA)

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.

NDC 61755-**039**-01 Rx Only

REGEN-COV™
(casirivimab and imdevimab)
Injection

600 mg / 600 mg per 10 mL
(60 mg / 60 mg per mL)

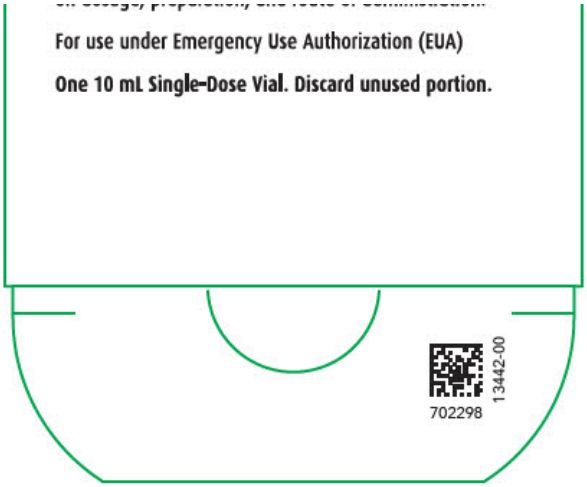
3 "61755"03901" 2

NDC 61755-**039**-01 Rx only

REGEN-COV™
(casirivimab and imdevimab)
Injection

600 mg / 600 mg per 10 mL
(60 mg / 60 mg per mL)

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheets for detailed instructions on dosage, preparation, and route of administration.



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Dose Pack - 61755-035-02

NDC 61755-035-02

REGEN-COV™
[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 1 vial of casirivimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 1 vial of imdevimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13451

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.
TEL: +1 844-734-6643

NDC 61755-035-02

REGEN-COV™

[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 1 vial of casirivimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 1 vial of imdevimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13451

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.

TEL: +1 844-734-6643

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Dose Pack - 61755-036-08

NDC 61755-036-08

REGEN-COV™
[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 4 vials of casirivimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 4 vials of imdevimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).

Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13452

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.
TEL: +1 844-734-6643

NDC 61755-036-08

3 61755 03608 0

REGEN-COV™

[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- **4 vials of casirivimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)**
- **4 vials of imdevimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)**

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13452

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only. TEL: +1 844-734-6643

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Dose Pack - 61755-037-05

NDC 61755-037-05

REGEN-COV™
[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 1 vial of casirivimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

- 4 vials of imdevimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13453

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.
TEL: +1 844-734-6643

NDC 61755-037-05

REGEN-COV™

[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 1 vial of casirivimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 4 vials of imdevimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13453

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.

TEL: +1 844-734-6643

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Dose Pack - 61755-038-05

NDC 61755-038-05

REGEN-COV™
[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 4 vials of casirivimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 1 vial of imdevimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).

Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13454

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only.
TEL: +1 844-734-6643

NDC 61755-038-05

3 61755 03805 3

REGEN-COV™

[casirivimab (REGN10933) with imdevimab (REGN10987)]

This dose pack provides one complete dose, and contains:

- 4 vials of casirivimab 300 mg/2.5 mL (120 mg/mL)
- 1 vial of imdevimab 1332 mg/11.1 mL (120 mg/mL)

Must dilute and administer together via intravenous infusion.

Refer to FDA-authorized Fact Sheet for detailed preparation and administration instructions.

For Use under Emergency Authorization (EUA).

Do not open this dose pack until time of dose preparation.
Store dose pack refrigerated between 2°C - 8°C (36°F to 46°F).
Do Not Freeze.

Dose Pack Lot #: XXX

13454

REGENERON

Bar code for Manufacturer internal use only. TEL: +1 844-734-6643

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Kit Carton - 042-02

Casirivimab and
Imdevimab 120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution for
infusion

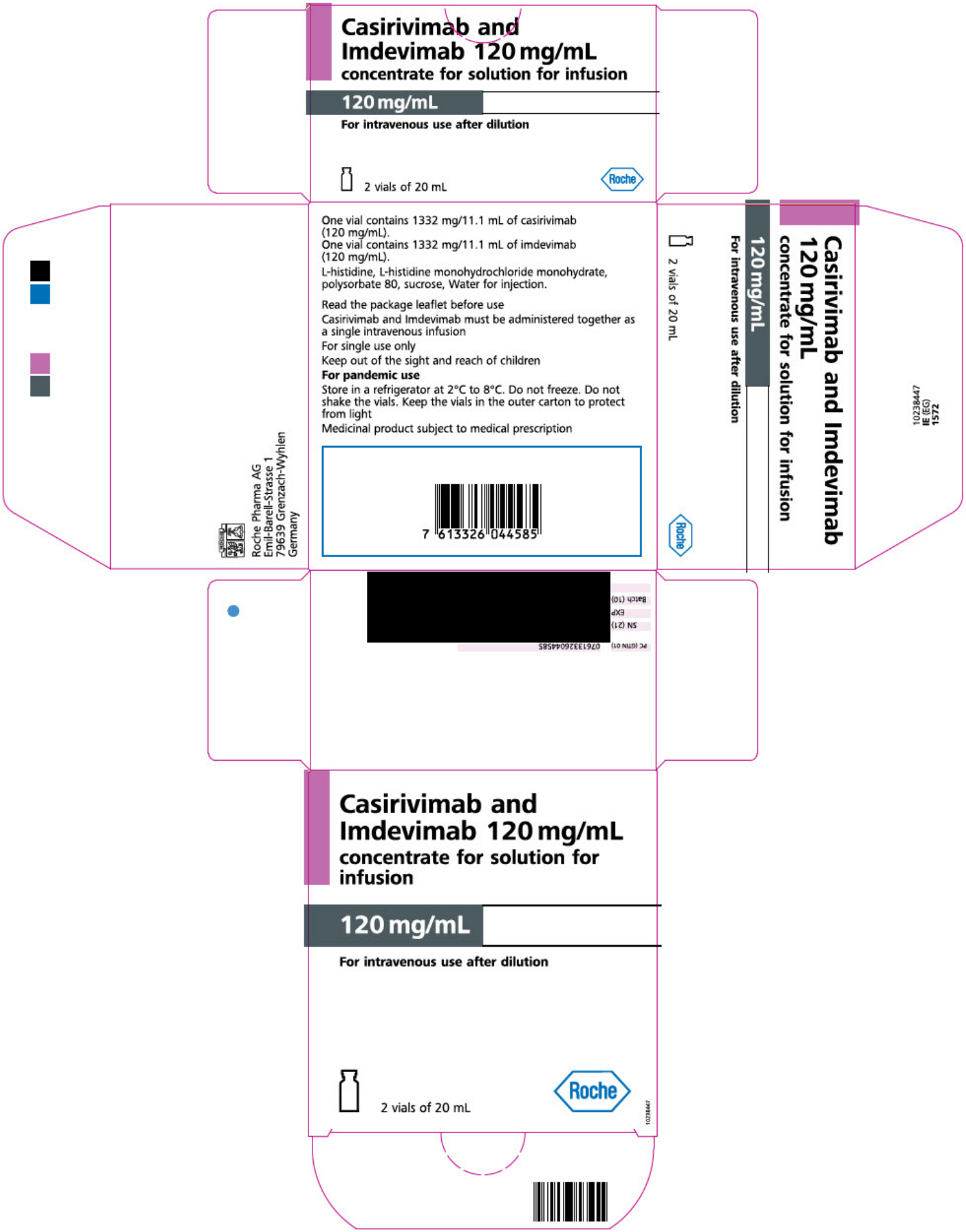
120 mg/mL

For intravenous use after dilution

2 vials of 20 mL

Roche

10238447



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - Kit Carton - 045-02

Casirivimab and
Imdevimab 120 mg/mL
concentrate for solution for infusion

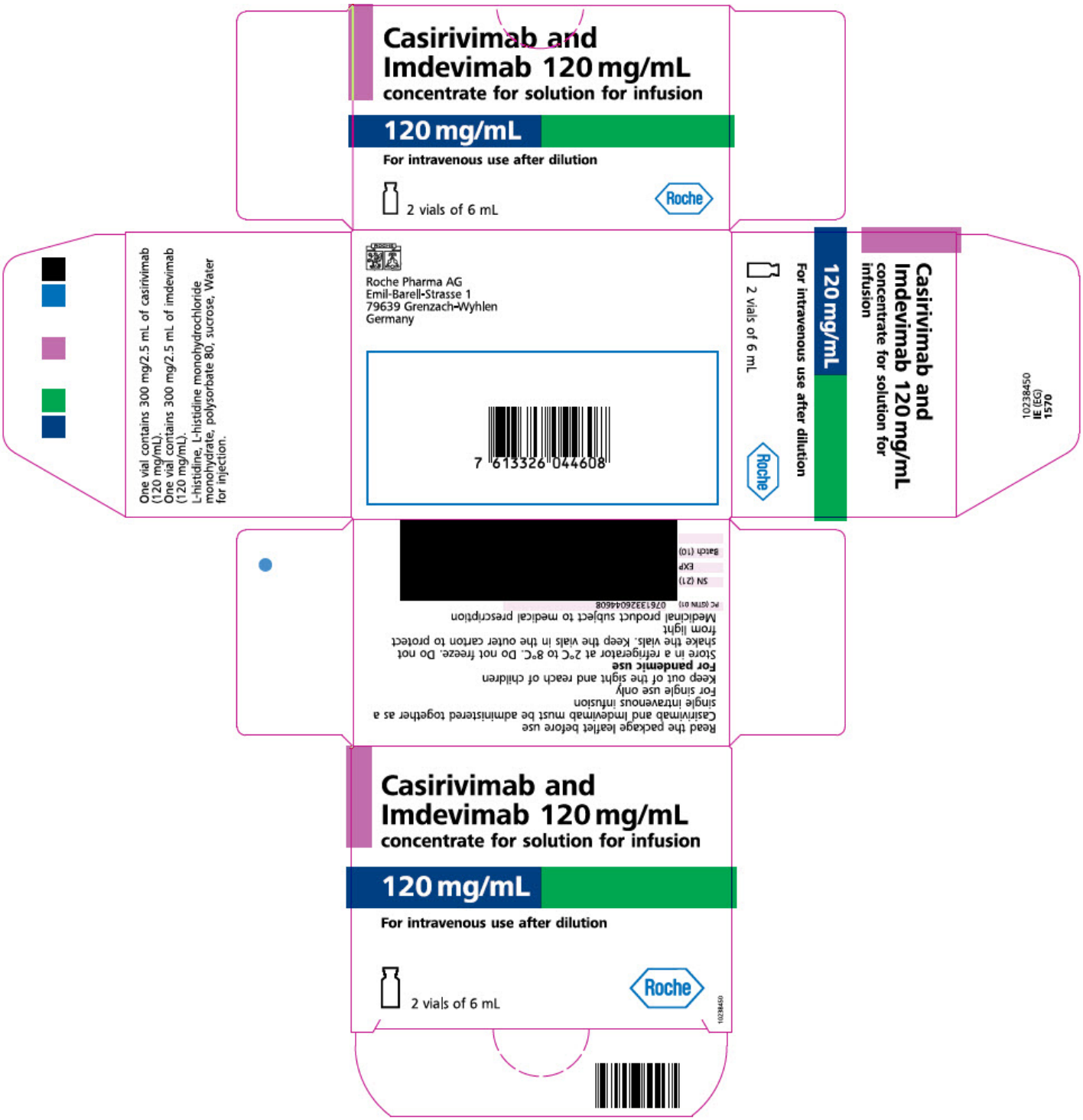
120 mg/mL

For intravenous use after dilution

2 vials of 6 mL

Roche

10238450



CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-026
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-026-01	1 in 1 CARTON	11/21/2020	
1	NDC:61755-026-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
UNAPPROVED DRUG OTHER		11/21/2020	

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-024
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-024-01	1 in 1 CARTON	11/21/2020	
1	NDC:61755-024-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
UNAPPROVED DRUG OTHER		11/21/2020	

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-027
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	

Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-027-01	1 in 1 CARTON	11/21/2020	
1	NDC:61755-027-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
UNAPPROVED DRUG OTHER		11/21/2020	

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-025
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
	NDC:61755			

1	NDC:61755-025-01	1 in 1 CARTON	11/21/2020	
1	NDC:61755-025-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
UNAPPROVED DRUG OTHER		11/21/2020	

REGEN-COV

casirivimab and imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-039
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	600 mg in 10 mL
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	600 mg in 10 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-039-01	1 in 1 CARTON	06/03/2021	
1	NDC:61755-039-00	10 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date

UNAPPROVED DRUG OTHER		06/03/2021	

REGEN-COV

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-035

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-035-02	1 in 1 DOSE PACK	02/07/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL
Part 2	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-024
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-024-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-024-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-025
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-025-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a		

1	025-00	Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

REGEN-COV

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-036

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-036-08	1 in 1 DOSE PACK	02/07/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL
Part 2	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-026
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-026-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-026-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-027
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-027-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-027-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

REGEN-COV

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-037

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-037-05	1 in 1 DOSE PACK	02/07/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL
Part 2	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-024
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-024-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-024-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-027
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-027-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-027-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

REGEN-COV

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-038

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-038-05	1 in 1 DOSE PACK	02/07/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL
Part 2	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-026
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-026-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-026-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-025
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
Histidine (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
Histidine Monohydrochloride Monohydrate (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
Water (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-025-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-025-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

CASIRIVIMAB WITH IMDEVIMAB

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-042

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-042-02	1 in 1 CARTON	09/17/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL
Part 2	1 VIAL, GLASS	11.1 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-024
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
HISTIDINE (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
HISTIDINE MONOHYDROCHLORIDE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: X573657P6P)	

polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-024-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-024-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-025
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	1332 mg in 11.1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
HISTIDINE (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
HISTIDINE MONOHYDROCHLORIDE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-025-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-025-00	11.1 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

CASIRIVIMAB WITH IMDEVIMAB

casirivimab and imdevimab kit

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	**Item Code (Source)**	NDC:61755-045

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-045-02	1 in 1 CARTON	09/17/2021	

Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
Part 1	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL
Part 2	4 VIAL, GLASS	10 mL

Part 1 of 2

CASIRIVIMAB

casirivimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-026
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
Casirivimab (UNII: J0FI6WE1QN) (Casirivimab - UNII:J0FI6WE1QN)	Casirivimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
HISTIDINE (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
HISTIDINE MONOHYDROCHLORIDE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-026-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-026-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Part 2 of 2

IMDEVIMAB

imdevimab injection, solution, concentrate

Product Information

Item Code (Source)	NDC:61755-027
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength

Imdevimab (UNII: 2Z3DQD2JHM) (Imdevimab - UNII:2Z3DQD2JHM)	Imdevimab	300 mg in 2.5 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
HISTIDINE (UNII: 4QD397987E)	
HISTIDINE MONOHYDROCHLORIDE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: X573657P6P)	
polysorbate 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)	
sucrose (UNII: C151H8M554)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:61755-027-01	1 in 1 CARTON		
1	NDC:61755-027-00	2.5 mL in 1 VIAL, GLASS; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Unapproved drug other		02/07/2021	

Labeler - Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (194873139)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Catalent Indiana, LLC		172209277	ANALYSIS(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , MANUFACTURE(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , LABEL(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , PACK(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Integrated commercial		081015291	LABEL(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , PACK(61755-026, 61755-024,

solutions, LLC		081015291	61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc		945589711	LABEL(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , PACK(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038, 61755-042, 61755-045) , ANALYSIS(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038) , API MANUFACTURE(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038) , MANUFACTURE(61755-026, 61755-024, 61755-027, 61755-025, 61755-039, 61755-035, 61755-036, 61755-037, 61755-038)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
EMERGENT BIOSOLUTIONS		050783398	LABEL(61755-039) , PACK(61755-039)