

CIPRO HC- ciprofloxacin hydrochloride and hydrocortisone suspension/ drops

Asclemed USA, Inc.

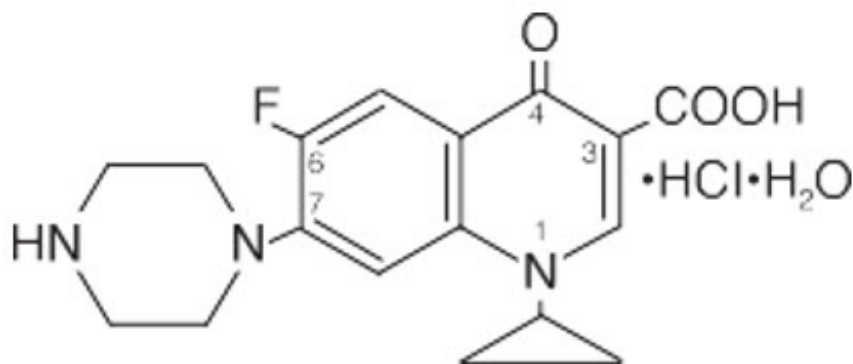
CIPRO[®] HC OTIC

(ciprofloxacin hydrochloride and hydrocortisone otic suspension)

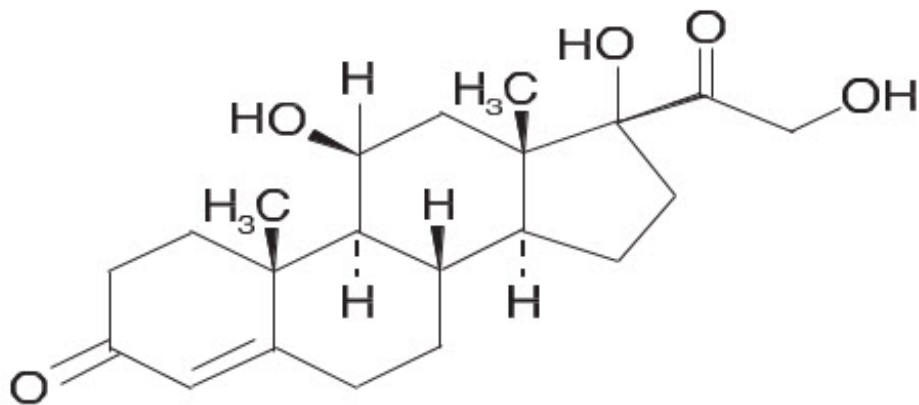
DESCRIPTION

CIPRO[®] HC OTIC (ciprofloxacin hydrochloride and hydrocortisone otic suspension) contains the synthetic broad spectrum antibacterial agent, ciprofloxacin hydrochloride, combined with the anti-inflammatory corticosteroid, hydrocortisone, in a preserved, nonsterile suspension for otic use. Each mL of CIPRO[®] HC OTIC contains ciprofloxacin hydrochloride (equivalent to 2 mg ciprofloxacin), 10 mg hydrocortisone, and 9 mg benzyl alcohol as a preservative. The inactive ingredients are polyvinyl alcohol, sodium chloride, sodium acetate, glacial acetic acid, phospholipon 90H (modified lecithin), polysorbate, and purified water. Sodium hydroxide or hydrochloric acid may be added for adjustment of pH.

Ciprofloxacin, a fluoroquinolone, is available as the monohydrochloride monohydrate salt of 1-cyclopropyl-6-fluoro-1,4-dihydro-4-oxo-7-(1-piperazinyl)-3-quinolinecarboxylic acid. Its empirical formula is $C_{17}H_{18}FN_3O_3 \cdot HCl \cdot H_2O$ and its chemical structure is as follows:



Hydrocortisone, pregn-4-ene-3, 20-dione, 11, 17, 21-trihydroxy-(11(β)-), is an anti-inflammatory corticosteroid. Its empirical formula is $C_{21}H_{30}O_5$ and its chemical structure is:



CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

The plasma concentrations of ciprofloxacin were not measured following three drops of otic suspension administration because the systemic exposure to ciprofloxacin is expected to be below the limit of quantitation of the assay (0.05 µg/mL).

Similarly, the predicted C_{max} of hydrocortisone is within the range of endogenous hydrocortisone concentration (0-150 ng/mL), and therefore cannot be differentiated from the endogenous cortisol.

Preclinical studies have shown that CIPRO[®] HC OTIC was not toxic to the guinea pig cochlea when administered intratympanically twice daily for 30 days and was only weakly irritating to rabbit skin upon repeated exposure.

Hydrocortisone has been added to aid in the resolution of the inflammatory response accompanying bacterial infection.

Microbiology

Ciprofloxacin has *in vitro* activity against a wide range of gram-positive and gram-negative microorganisms. The bactericidal action of ciprofloxacin results from interference with the enzyme, DNA gyrase, which is needed for the synthesis of bacterial DNA. Cross-resistance has been observed between ciprofloxacin and other fluoroquinolones. There is generally no cross-resistance between ciprofloxacin and other classes of antibacterial agents, such as beta-lactams or aminoglycosides.

Ciprofloxacin has been shown to be active against most strains of the following microorganisms, both *in vitro* and in clinical infections of acute otitis externa as described in the **INDICATIONS AND USAGE** section:

Aerobic Gram-positive Microorganism

Staphylococcus aureus

Aerobic Gram-negative Microorganisms

Proteus mirabilis

Pseudomonas aeruginosa

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

CIPRO[®] HC OTIC is indicated for the treatment of acute otitis externa in adult and pediatric patients, one year and older, due to susceptible strains of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Staphylococcus aureus*, and *Proteus mirabilis*.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

CIPRO[®] HC OTIC is contraindicated in persons with a history of hypersensitivity to hydrocortisone, ciprofloxacin, or any member of the quinolone class of antimicrobial agents. This nonsterile product should not be used if the tympanic membrane is known or suspected to be perforated. Use of this product is contraindicated in viral infections of the external canal, including varicella and herpes simplex infections.

WARNINGS

NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE. NOT FOR INJECTION.

CIPRO[®] HC OTIC should be discontinued at the first appearance of a skin rash or any other sign of hypersensitivity. Serious and occasionally fatal hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions, some following the first dose, have been reported in patients receiving systemic quinolones. Serious acute hypersensitivity reactions may require immediate emergency treatment. The dropper cap contains natural rubber (latex) which may cause severe allergic reactions.

PRECAUTIONS

General:

As with other antibiotic preparations, use of this product may result in overgrowth of nonsusceptible organisms, including fungi. If the infection is not improved after one week of therapy, cultures should be obtained to guide further treatment.

Information for Patients:

If rash or allergic reaction occurs, discontinue use immediately and contact your physician.

Do not use in the eyes.

Avoid contaminating the dropper with material from the ear, fingers, or other sources.

Protect from light.

Shake well immediately before using.

Discard unused portion after therapy is completed.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility:

Eight *in vitro* mutagenicity tests have been conducted with ciprofloxacin, and the test results are listed below:

Salmonella/Microsome Test (Negative)

E. coli DNA Repair Assay (Negative)

Mouse Lymphoma Cell Forward Mutation Assay (Positive)

Chinese Hamster V₇₉ Cell HGPRT Test (Negative)

Syrian Hamster Embryo Cell Transformation Assay (Negative)

Saccharomyces cerevisiae Point Mutation Assay (Negative)

Saccharomyces cerevisiae Mitotic Crossover and Gene Conversion Assay (Negative)

Rat Hepatocyte DNA Repair Assay (Positive)

Thus, 2 of the 8 tests were positive, but results of the following 3 *in vivo* test systems gave negative results:

Rat Hepatocyte DNA Repair Assay

Micronucleus Test (Mice)

Dominant Lethal Test (Mice)

Long-term carcinogenicity studies in mice and rats have been completed for ciprofloxacin. After daily oral doses of 750 mg/kg (mice) and 250 mg/kg (rats) were administered for up to 2 years, there was no evidence that ciprofloxacin had any carcinogenic or tumorigenic effects in these species. No long-term studies of CIPRO[®] HC OTIC suspension have been performed to evaluate carcinogenic potential.

Fertility studies performed in rats at oral doses of ciprofloxacin up to 100 mg/kg/day revealed no evidence of impairment. This would be over 1000 times the maximum recommended clinical dose of ototopical ciprofloxacin based upon body surface area, assuming total absorption of ciprofloxacin from the ear of a patient treated with CIPRO[®] HC OTIC twice per day.

Long-term studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential or the effect on fertility of topical hydrocortisone. Mutagenicity studies with hydrocortisone were negative.

Pregnancy: Teratogenic Effects:

Reproduction studies have been performed in rats and mice using oral doses of up to 100 mg/kg and IV doses up to 30 mg/kg and have revealed no evidence of harm to the fetus as a result of ciprofloxacin. In rabbits, ciprofloxacin (30 and 100 mg/kg orally) produced gastrointestinal disturbances resulting in maternal weight loss and an increased incidence of abortion, but no teratogenicity was observed at either dose. After intravenous administration of doses up to 20 mg/kg, no maternal toxicity was produced in the rabbit, and no embryotoxicity or teratogenicity was observed.

Corticosteroids are generally teratogenic in laboratory animals when administered systemically at relatively low dosage levels. The more potent corticosteroids have been shown to be teratogenic after dermal application in laboratory animals.

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with CIPRO[®] HC OTIC. No adequate and well-controlled studies have been performed in pregnant women. Caution should be exercised when CIPRO[®] HC OTIC is used by a pregnant woman.

Nursing Mothers:

Ciprofloxacin is excreted in human milk with systemic use. It is not known whether ciprofloxacin is excreted in human milk following topical otic administration. Because of the potential for serious adverse reactions in nursing infants, a decision should be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of the drug to the mother.

Pediatric Use:

The safety and efficacy of CIPRO[®] HC OTIC have been established in pediatric patients 2 years and older (131 patients) in adequate and well-controlled clinical trials. Efficacy has been extrapolated for patients, age 1 year and above based on studies in adults and older pediatric patients.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

In Phase 3 clinical trials, a total of 564 patients were treated with CIPRO[®] HC OTIC. Adverse events with at least remote relationship to treatment included headache (1.2%) and pruritus (0.4%). The following treatment-related adverse events were each reported in a single patient: migraine, hypesthesia, paresthesia, fungal dermatitis, cough, rash, urticaria, and alopecia.

The following reactions have been identified during post-approval use of CIPRO[®] HC OTIC in clinical practice. Because they are reported voluntarily from a population of unknown size, estimates of frequency cannot be made. The reactions, which have been chosen for inclusion due to either their seriousness, frequency of reporting, possible causal connection to CIPRO[®] HC OTIC, or a combination of these factors, include: dizziness, ear canal erythema, ear congestion, hypoacusis, and medication residue.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

SHAKE WELL IMMEDIATELY BEFORE USING.

For children (age 1 year and older) and adults, 3 drops of the suspension should be instilled into the affected ear twice daily for seven days. The suspension should be warmed by holding the bottle in the hand for 1-2 minutes to avoid the dizziness, which may result from the instillation of a cold solution into the ear canal. The patient should lie with the affected ear upward and then the drops should be instilled. This position should be maintained for 30-60 seconds to facilitate penetration of the drops into the ear. Repeat, if necessary, for the opposite ear. Discard unused portion after therapy is completed.

HOW SUPPLIED

CIPRO[®] HC OTIC is supplied as a white to off-white opaque suspension in a 10 mL bottle with a dropper dispenser:

NDC 76420-273-10 (relabeled from NDC 0078-0855-26).

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), excursions permitted between 15°C and 30°C (59°F and 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Avoid freezing. Protect from

light.

Relabeled by:

Enovachem PHARMACEUTICALS

Torrance, CA 90501

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Relabeled By:



Cipro HC Otic
NDC: 76420-273-10
Qty: 10



Distributed By: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp.
Source NDC: 0078-0855-26
Description: Ciprofloxacin 0.2% HCL and Hydrocortisone 1% Otic Suspension in a 10 mL bottle
Lot #: 00000000 Exp:
Batch #: 00000000
Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 27310 3
(17)
(10) 00000000
(21)

Cipro HC Otic
NDC: 76420-273-10
S/N:
Qty: 10

Cipro HC Otic
NDC: 76420-273-10
S/N:
Qty: 10

Cipro HC Otic
NDC: 76420-273-10
S/N:
Qty: 10

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

CIPRO HC

ciprofloxacin hydrochloride and hydrocortisone suspension/ drops

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:76420-273(NDC:0078-0855)
Route of Administration	AURICULAR (OTIC)		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
CIPROFLOXACIN HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: 4BA73M5E37) (CIPROFLOXACIN - UNII:5E8K9I004U)	CIPROFLOXACIN	2 mg in 1 mL
HYDROCORTISONE (UNII: W4X0X7BPJ) (HYDROCORTISONE - UNII:W4X0X7BPJ)	HYDROCORTISONE	10 mg in 1 mL

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL (UNII: 532B59J990)	
SODIUM CHLORIDE (UNII: 451W47IQ8X)	
SODIUM ACETATE (UNII: 4550K0SC9B)	

ACETIC ACID (UNII: Q40Q9N063P)	
LECITHIN, SOYBEAN (UNII: 1DI56QDM62)	
POLYSORBATE 20 (UNII: 7T1F30V5YH)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (UNII: 55X04QC32I)	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (UNII: QTT17582CB)	
BENZYL ALCOHOL (UNII: LKG8494WBH)	

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:76420-273-10	10 mL in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	09/07/2022	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
NDA	NDA020805	03/15/1999	

Labeler - Asclemed USA, Inc. (059888437)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
ASCLEMED USA INC. DBA ENOVACHEM		059888437	relabel(76420-273)

Revised: 9/2022

Asclemed USA, Inc.