

PREDNISON- prednisone tablet
Asclemed USA, Inc.

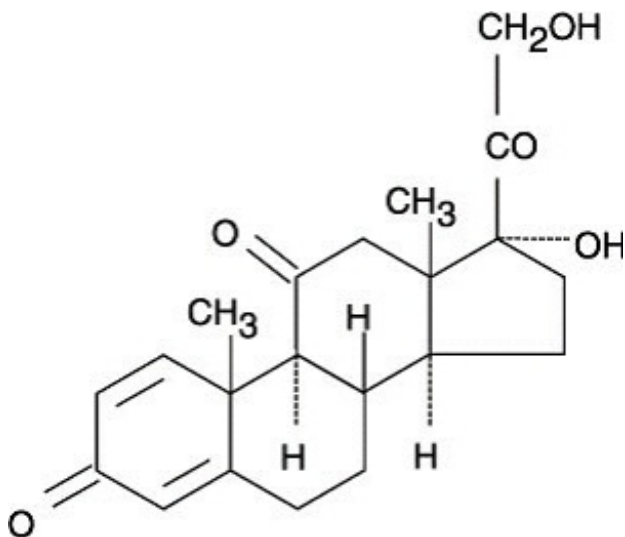
PredniSONE Tablets, USP

Rx only

DESCRIPTION

Prednisone is a glucocorticoid. Glucocorticoids are adrenocortical steroids, both naturally occurring and synthetic, which are readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. Prednisone is a white to practically white, odorless, crystalline powder. It is very slightly soluble in water; slightly soluble in alcohol, in chloroform, in dioxane, and in methanol. The chemical name for prednisone is pregna-1, 4-diene-3, 11, 20-trione, 17, 21-dihydroxy-

The structural formula is represented below:



Molecular weight: 358.44

Prednisone Tablets, USP are available in three strengths: 5 mg, 10 mg, and 20 mg. In addition, each tablet contains the following Inactive Ingredients: Lactose Monohydrate, Magnesium Stearate, Pregelatinized Starch, Sodium Lauryl Sulfate and Sodium Starch Glycolate. Also Prednisone Tablets USP, 20 mg contains FD & C yellow #6 aluminum lake HT 15-18%.

ACTIONS

Naturally occurring glucocorticoids (hydrocortisone and cortisone), which also have salt-retaining properties, are used as replacement therapy in adrenocortical deficiency states. Their synthetic analogs are primarily used for their potent anti-inflammatory effects in disorders of many organ systems.

Glucocorticoids cause profound and varied metabolic effects. In addition, they modify the body's immune responses to diverse stimuli.

INDICATIONS

Prednisone Tablets, USP are indicated in the following conditions:

1. Endocrine Disorders

Primary or secondary adrenocortical insufficiency (hydrocortisone or cortisone is the first choice; synthetic analogs may be used in conjunction with mineralocorticoids where applicable; in infancy mineralocorticoid supplementation is of particular importance)

Congenital adrenal hyperplasia

Nonsuppurative thyroiditis

2. Rheumatic Disorders

As adjunctive therapy for short-term administration (to tide the patient over an acute episode or exacerbation) in:

Psoriatic arthritis

Rheumatoid arthritis, including juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (selected cases may require low-dose maintenance therapy)

Ankylosing spondylitis

Acute and subacute bursitis

Acute nonspecific tenosynovitis

Acute gouty arthritis

Post-traumatic osteoarthritis

Synovitis of osteoarthritis

Epicondylitis.

3. Collagen Diseases

During an exacerbation or as maintenance therapy in selected cases of:

Systemic lupus erythematosus

Systemic derzatomyositis (polymyositis)

Acute rheumatic carditis

4. Dermatologic Diseases

Pemphigus

Bullous dermatitis herpetiformis

Severe erythema multiforme (Stevens-Johnson syndrome)

Exfoliative dermatitis

Mycosis fungoides

Severe psoriasis

Severe seborrheic dermatitis

5. Allergic States

Control of severe or incapacitating allergic conditions intractable to adequate trials of conventional treatment:

Seasonal or perennial allergic rhinitis

Bronchial asthma

Contact dermatitis

Atopic dermatitis

Serum sickness

Drug hypersensitivity reactions

6. Ophthalmic Diseases

Severe acute and chronic allergic and inflammatory processes involving the eye and its adnexa such as:

Allergic corneal marginal ulcers

Herpes zoster ophthalmicus

Anterior segment inflammation

Diffuse posterior uveitis and choroiditis
Sympathetic ophthalmia
Allergic conjunctivitis
Keratitis
Chorioretinitis
Optic neuritis
Iritis and iridocyclitis

7. Respiratory Diseases

Symptomatic sarcoidosis
Loeffler's syndrome not manageable by other means
Berylliosis
Fulminating or disseminated pulmonary tuberculosis when used concurrently with appropriate antituberculous chemotherapy.
Aspiration pneumonitis

8. Hematologic Disorders

Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura in adults
Secondary thrombocytopenia in adults
Acquired (autoimmune) hemolytic anemia
Erythroblastopenia (RBC anemia)
Congenital (erythroid) hypoplastic anemia

9. Neoplastic Diseases

For palliative management of:

Leukemias and lymphomas in adults
Acute leukemia of childhood

10. Edematous States

To induce a diuresis or remission of proteinuria in the nephrotic syndrome, without uremia, of the idiopathic type or that due to lupus erythematosus

11. Gastrointestinal Diseases

To tide the patient over a critical period of the disease in:

Ulcerative colitis
Regional enteritis

12. Nervous System

Acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis

13. Miscellaneous

Tuberculous meningitis with subarachnoid block or, impending block when used concurrently with appropriate antituberculous chemotherapy
Trichinosis with neurologic or myocardial involvement

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Systemic fungal infections and known hypersensitivity to components.

WARNINGS

In patients on corticosteroid therapy subjected to unusual stress, increased dosage of rapidly acting corticosteroids before, during, and after the stressful situation is indicated.

Corticosteroids may mask some signs of infection, and new infections may appear during their use. There may be decreased resistance and inability to localize infection when corticosteroids are used.

Prolonged use of corticosteroids may produce posterior subcapsular cataracts, glaucoma with possible damage to the optic nerves, and may enhance the establishment of secondary ocular infections due to fungi or viruses.

Usage in pregnancy: Since adequate human reproduction studies have not been done with corticosteroids, the use of these drugs in pregnancy, nursing mothers or women of childbearing potential requires that the possible benefits of the drug be weighed against the potential hazards to the mother and embryo or fetus. Infants born of mothers who have received substantial doses of corticosteroids during pregnancy, should be carefully observed for signs of hypoadrenalism.

Average and large doses of hydrocortisone or cortisone can cause elevation of blood pressure, salt and water retention, and increased excretion of potassium. These effects are less likely to occur with the synthetic derivatives except when used in large doses. Dietary salt restriction and potassium supplementation may be necessary. All corticosteroids increase calcium excretion.

While on corticosteroid therapy patients should not be vaccinated against smallpox. Other immunization procedures should not be undertaken in patients who are on corticosteroids, especially on high dose, because of possible hazards of neurological complications and a lack of antibody response.

The use of Prednisone Tablets, USP in active tuberculosis should be restricted to those cases of fulminating or disseminated tuberculosis in which the corticosteroid is used for the management of the disease in conjunction with an appropriate anti-tuberculous regimen.

If corticosteroids are indicated in patients with latent tuberculosis or tuberculin reactivity, close observation is necessary as reactivation of the disease may occur. During prolonged corticosteroid therapy, these patients should receive chemoprophylaxis.

Persons who are on drugs which suppress the immune system are more susceptible to infections than healthy individuals. Chickenpox and measles, for example, can have a more serious or even fatal course in non-immune children or adults on corticosteroids. In such children or adults who have not had these diseases, particular care should be taken to avoid exposure. How the dose, route and duration of corticosteroid administration affects the risk of developing a disseminated infection is not known. The contribution of the underlying disease and/or prior corticosteroid treatment to the risk is also not known. If exposed to chickenpox, prophylaxis with varicella-zoster immune globulin (VZIG) may be indicated. If exposed to measles, prophylaxis with pooled intramuscular immunoglobulin (IG) may be indicated. (See the respective package inserts for complete VZIG and IG prescribing information.) If chickenpox develops, treatment with antiviral agents may be considered.

PRECAUTIONS

General Precautions

Drug-induced secondary adrenocortical insufficiency may be minimized by gradual reduction of dosage. This type of relative insufficiency may persist for months after discontinuation of therapy; therefore, in any situation of stress occurring during that period, hormone therapy should be reinstituted. Since mineralocorticoid secretion may be impaired, salt and/or a mineralocorticoid should be administered concurrently.

There is an enhanced effect of corticosteroids on patients with hypothyroidism and in those with cirrhosis.

Corticosteroids should be used cautiously in patients with ocular herpes simplex because of possible corneal perforation.

The lowest possible dose of corticosteroid should be used to control the condition under treatment, and when reduction in dosage is possible, the reduction should be gradual.

Psychic derangements may appear when corticosteroids are used, ranging from euphoria, insomnia, mood swings, personality changes, and severe depression, to frank psychotic manifestations. Also, existing emotional instability or psychotic tendencies may be aggravated by corticosteroids.

Aspirin should be used cautiously in conjunction with corticosteroids in hypoprothrombinemia.

Steroids should be used with caution in nonspecific ulcerative colitis, if there is a probability of impending perforation, abscess or other pyogenic infection; diverticulitis; fresh intestinal anastomoses; active or latent peptic ulcer; renal insufficiency; hypertension; osteoporosis; and myasthenia gravis.

Growth and development of infants and children on prolonged corticosteroid therapy should be carefully observed.

Although controlled clinical trials have shown corticosteroids to be effective in speeding the resolution of acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis, they do not show that corticosteroids affect the ultimate outcome or natural history of the disease. The studies do show that relatively high doses of corticosteroids are necessary to demonstrate a significant effect. (See DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION.)

Since complications of treatment with glucocorticoids are dependent on the size of the dose and the duration of treatment, a risk/benefit decision must be made in each individual case as to dose and duration of treatment and as to whether daily or intermittent therapy should be used.

Convulsions have been reported with concurrent use of methylprednisolone and cyclosporine. Since concurrent use of these agents results in a mutual inhibition of metabolism, it is possible that adverse events associated with the individual use of either drug may be more apt to occur.

Information for patients

Persons who are on immunosuppressant doses of corticosteroids should be warned to avoid exposure to chickenpox or measles. Patients should also be advised that if they are exposed, medical advice should be sought without delay.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Fluid and Electrolyte Disturbances

Sodium retention
Fluid retention
Congestive heart failure in susceptible patients
Potassium loss
Hypokalemic alkalosis
Hypertension

Musculoskeletal

Muscle weakness
Steroid myopathy
Loss of muscle mass
Osteoporosis
Vertebral compression fractures
Aseptic necrosis of femoral and humeral heads
Pathologic fracture of long bones

Gastrointestinal

Peptic ulcer with possible perforation and hemorrhage

Pancreatitis
Abdominal distention
Ulcerative esophagitis

Dermatologic

Impaired wound healing
Thin fragile skin
Petechiae and ecchymoses
Facial erythema
Increased sweating
May suppress reactions to skin tests

Metabolic

Negative nitrogen balance due to protein catabolism

Neurological

Increased intracranial pressure with papilledema (pseudo-tumor cerebri) usually after treatment
Convulsions
Vertigo
Headache

Endocrine

Menstrual irregularities
Development of Cushingoid state
Secondary adrenocortical and pituitary unresponsiveness, particularly in times of stress, as in trauma, surgery or illness
Suppression of growth in children
Decreased carbohydrate tolerance
Manifestations of latent diabetes mellitus
Increased requirements for insulin or oral hypoglycemic agents in diabetics

Ophthalmic

Posterior subcapsular cataracts
Increased intraocular pressure
Glaucoma
Exophthalmos

Additional Reactions

Urticaria and other allergic, anaphylactic or hypersensitivity reactions.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The initial dosage of prednisone Tablets, USP may vary from 5 mg to 60 mg prednisone per day depending on the specific disease entity being treated. In situations of less severity lower doses will generally suffice while in selected patients higher initial doses may be required. The initial dosage should be maintained or adjusted until a satisfactory response is noted. If after a reasonable period of time there is a lack of satisfactory clinical response, Prednisone should be discontinued and the patient transferred to other appropriate therapy. **IT SHOULD BE EMPHASIZED THAT DOSAGE REQUIREMENTS ARE VARIABLE AND MUST BE INDIVIDUALIZED ON THE BASIS OF THE DISEASE UNDER TREATMENT AND THE RESPONSE OF THE PATIENT.** After a favorable response is noted, the proper maintenance dosage should be determined by decreasing the initial drug dosage in small decrements at appropriate time intervals until the lowest dosage which will maintain an adequate clinical response is reached. It should be kept in mind that constant monitoring is

needed in regard to drug dosage. Included in the situations which may make dosage adjustments necessary are changes in clinical status secondary to remissions or exacerbations in the disease process, the patient's individual drug responsiveness, and the effect of patient exposure to stressful situations not directly related to the disease entity under treatment; in this latter situation it may be necessary to increase the dosage of Prednisone for a period of time consistent with the patient's condition. If after long-term therapy the drug is to be stopped, it is recommended that it be withdrawn gradually rather than abruptly.

Multiple Sclerosis

In the treatment of acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis daily doses of 200 mg of prednisolone for a week followed by 80 mg every other day for 1 month have been shown to be effective. (Dosage range is the same for prednisone and prednisolone.)

ADT ® (Alternate Day Therapy)

ADT is a corticosteroid dosing regimen in which twice the usual daily dose of corticoid is administered every other morning. The purpose of this mode of therapy is to provide the patient requiring long-term pharmacologic dose treatment with the beneficial effects of corticoids while minimizing certain undesirable effects, including pituitary-adrenal suppression, the Cushingoid state, corticoid withdrawal symptoms, and growth suppression in children. The rationale for this treatment schedule is based on two major premises: (a) the anti-inflammatory or therapeutic effect of corticoids persists longer than their physical presence and metabolic effects and (b) administration of the corticosteroid every other morning allows for re-establishment of more nearly normal hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) activity on the off-steroid day.

A brief review of the HPA physiology may be helpful in understanding this rationale. Acting primarily through the hypothalamus a fall in free cortisol stimulates the pituitary gland to produce increasing amounts of corticotropin (ACTH) while a rise in free cortisol inhibits ACTH secretion. Normally the HPA system is characterized by diurnal (circadian) rhythm. Serum levels of ACTH rise from a low point about 10 pm to a peak level about 6 am. Increasing levels of ACTH stimulate adrenocortical activity resulting in a rise in plasma cortisol with maximal levels occurring between 2 am and 8 am. This rise in cortisol dampens ACTH production and in turn adrenocortical activity. There is a gradual fall in plasma corticoids during the day with lowest levels occurring about midnight.

The diurnal rhythm of the HPA axis is lost in Cushing's disease, a syndrome of adrenocortical hyperfunction characterized by obesity with centripetal fat distribution, thinning of the skin with easy bruisability, muscle wasting with weakness, hypertension, latent diabetes, osteoporosis, electrolyte imbalance, etc. The same clinical findings of hyperadrenocorticism may be noted during long-term pharmacologic dose corticoid therapy administered in conventional daily divided doses. It would appear, then, that a disturbance in the diurnal cycle with maintenance of elevated corticoid values during the night may play a significant role in the development of undesirable corticoid effects. Escape from these constantly elevated plasma levels for even short periods of time may be instrumental in protecting against undesirable pharmacologic effects.

During conventional pharmacologic dose corticosteroid therapy, ACTH production is inhibited with subsequent suppression of cortisol production by the adrenal cortex. Recovery time for normal HPA activity is variable depending upon the dose and duration of treatment. During this time the patient is vulnerable to any stressful situation. Although it has been shown that there is considerably less adrenal suppression following a single morning dose of prednisolone (10 mg) as opposed to a quarter of that dose administered every 6 hours, there is evidence that some suppressive effect on adrenal activity may be carried over into the following day when pharmacologic doses are used. Further, it has been shown that a single dose of certain corticosteroids will produce adrenocortical suppression for two or more days. Other corticoids, including methylprednisolone, hydrocortisone, prednisone, and prednisolone, are considered to be short acting (producing adrenocortical suppression for 1 ¼ to 1 ½ days following a single dose) and thus are recommended for alternate day therapy.

The following should be kept in mind when considering alternate day therapy:

- 1) Basic principles and indications for corticosteroid therapy should apply. The benefits of ADT should not encourage the indiscriminate use of steroids.
- 2) ADT is a therapeutic technique primarily designed for patients in whom long-term pharmacologic corticoid therapy is anticipated.
- 3) In less severe disease processes in which corticoid therapy is indicated, it may be possible to initiate treatment with ADT. More severe disease states usually will require daily divided high dose therapy for initial control of the disease process. The initial suppressive dose level should be continued until satisfactory clinical response is obtained, usually four to ten days in the case of many allergic and collagen diseases. It is important to keep the period of initial suppressive dose as brief as possible particularly when subsequent use of alternate day therapy is intended.

Once control has been established, two courses are available: (a) change to ADT and then gradually reduce the amount of corticoid given every other day **or** (b) following control of the disease process reduce the daily dose of corticoid to the lowest effective level as rapidly as possible and then change over to an alternate day schedule. Theoretically, course (a) may be preferable.

4) Because of the advantages of ADT, it may be desirable to try patients on this form of therapy who have been on daily corticoids for long periods of time (eg, patients with rheumatoid arthritis). Since these patients may already have a suppressed HPA axis, establishing them on ADT may be difficult and not always successful. However, it is recommended that regular attempts be made to change them over. It may be helpful to triple or even quadruple the daily maintenance dose and administer this every other day rather than just doubling the daily dose if difficulty is encountered. Once the patient is again controlled, an attempt should be made to reduce this dose to a minimum.

5) As indicated above, certain corticosteroids, because of their prolonged suppressive effect on adrenal activity, are not recommended for alternate day therapy (eg; dexamethasone and betamethasone).

6) The maximal activity of the adrenal cortex is between 2 am and 8 am, and it is minimal between 4 pm and midnight. Exogenous corticosteroids suppress adrenocortical activity the least, when given at the time of maximal activity (am).

7) In using ADT it is important, as in all therapeutic situations to individualize and tailor the therapy to each patient. Complete control of symptoms will not be possible in all patients. An explanation of the benefits of ADT will help the patient to understand and tolerate the possible flare-up in symptoms which may occur in the latter part of the off-steroid day. Other symptomatic therapy may be added or increased at this time if needed.

8) In the event of an acute flare-up of the disease process, it may be necessary to return to a full suppressive daily divided corticoid dose for control. Once control is again established alternate day therapy may be re-instituted.

9) Although many of the undesirable features of corticosteroid therapy can be minimized by ADT, as in any therapeutic situation, the physician must carefully weigh the benefit-risk ratio for each patient in whom corticoid therapy is being considered.

HOW SUPPLIED

Prednisone Tablets, USP are available in the following strengths and package sizes:

5 mg (White, round tablets debossed with "TL 172" on one side and scored on the other side)

Bottles of 21 NDC 76420-067-21 (repackaged from NDC 59746-172-06)

Bottles of 30 NDC 76420-067-30 (repackaged from NDC 59746-172-06)

Bottles of 48 NDC 76420-067-48 (repackaged from NDC 59746-172-06)

10 mg (White, round tablets debossed with "TL 173" on one side and scored on the other side)

Bottles of 20 NDC 76420-068-20 (repackaged from NDC 59746-173-06)

Bottles of 21 NDC 76420-068-21 (repackaged from NDC 59746-173-06)

Bottles of 30 NDC 76420-068-30 (repackaged from NDC 59746-173-06)

Bottles of 40 NDC 76420-068-40 (repackaged from NDC 59746-173-06)

Bottles of 60 NDC 76420-068-60 (repackaged from NDC 59746-173-06)

20mg (Peach, round tablets debossed with "TL 175" on one side and scored on the other side)

Bottles of 10 NDC 76420-069-10 (repackaged from NDC 59746-175-06)

Bottles of 15 NDC 76420-069-15 (repackaged from NDC 59746-175-06)

Bottles of 20 NDC 76420-069-20 (repackaged from NDC 59746-175-06)

Bottles of 21 NDC 76420-069-21 (repackaged from NDC 59746-175-06)

Bottles of 30 NDC 76420-069-30 (repackaged from NDC 59746-175-06)

Store at 20° to 25° C (68° to 77° F) [See USP Room Temperature].

Repackaged by:

Enovachem PHARMACEUTICALS

Torrance, CA 90501

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5 mg

Packaged By:



Enovachem
PHARMACEUTICALS

379 Van Ness Ave.
Suite 1403-1406
Torrance, CA 90501

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-21

Qty: 21

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-172-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 172; scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06721 4

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(21)

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

Packaged By:



Enovachem
PHARMACEUTICALS

379 Van Ness Ave.
Suite 1403-1406
Torrance, CA 90501

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-30

Qty: 30

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-172-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 172; scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



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CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

Packaged By:



Enovachem
PHARMACEUTICALS

379 Van Ness Ave.
Suite 1403-1406
Torrance, CA 90501

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-48

Qty: 48

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-172-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 172; scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



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CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-48

S/N:

Qty: 48

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-48

S/N:

Qty: 48

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 5mg

NDC: 76420-067-48

S/N:

Qty: 48

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10 mg

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-20

Qty: 20

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-173-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 173; scored

Lot #: 00000000 Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].



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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-21

Qty: 21

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-173-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 173; scored

Lot #: 00000000 Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].



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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-21

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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-30

Qty: 30

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-173-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 173; scored

Lot #: 00000000 Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].



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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-40

Qty: 40

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-173-XX

Description: white/round/debossed; TL 173; scored

Lot #: 00000000 Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].



(01) 0 0376420 06840 2

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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-40

S/N:

Qty: 40

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-40

S/N:

Qty: 40

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-40

S/N:

Qty: 40

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-60



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-60

S/N:

Qty: 60

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-60

Qty: 60

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 58746-173-XX

Description: white/round/debossed;TL 173;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06860 0

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PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-60

S/N:

Qty: 60

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 10mg

NDC: 76420-068-60

S/N:

Qty: 60

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20 mg

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-10

Qty: 10

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-175-XX

Description: peach/round/debossed;TL 175;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06910 2

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CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-10

S/N:

Qty: 10

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-10

S/N:

Qty: 10

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-10

S/N:

Qty: 10

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-15

Qty: 15

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-175-XX

Description: peach/round/debossed;TL 175;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06915 7

(17)

(10) 00000000

(21)

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-15

S/N:

Qty: 15

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-15

S/N:

Qty: 15

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-15

S/N:

Qty: 15

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-20

Qty: 20

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-175-XX

Description: peach/round/debossed;TL 175;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06920 1

(17)

(10) 00000000

(21)

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-20

S/N:

Qty: 20

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-21

Qty: 21

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-175-XX

Description: peach/round/debossed;TL 175;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06921 8

(17)

(10) 00000000

(21)

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW PROHIBITS DISPENSING WITHOUT PRESCRIPTION. SEE PACKAGE INSERT.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. STORE AT 20-25C (68-77F) [SEE USP CONTROLLED ROOM TEMP].

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-21

S/N:

Qty: 21

Packaged By:



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg



PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

NDC: 76420-069-30

Qty: 30

Manufactured By: Jubilant Cadista Pharmaceuticals Inc.

Source NDC: 59746-175-XX

Description: peach/round/debossed;TL 175;scored

Lot #: 00000000

Exp:

Batch #: 00000000

Drug Status: RX



(01) 0 0376420 06930 0

(17)

(10) 00000000

(21)

PrednisONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PredniSONE Tablets, USP 20mg

NDC: 76420-069-30

S/N:

Qty: 30

PREDNISONE

prednisone tablet

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:76420-067(NDC:59746-172)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
PREDNISONE (UNII: VB0R961HZT) (PREDNISONE - UNII:VB0R961HZT)	PREDNISONE	5 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368GB5141J)	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
STARCH, POTATO (UNII: 8I089SAH3T)	

Product Characteristics

Color	white	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	7mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	TL172
Contains			

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:76420-067-21	21 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
2	NDC:76420-067-30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
3	NDC:76420-067-48	48 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA040362	08/29/2001	

PREDNISONE

prednisone tablet

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:76420-068(NDC:59746-173)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
PREDNISONE (UNII: VB0R961HZT) (PREDNISONE - UNII:VB0R961HZT)	PREDNISONE	10 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368GB5141J)	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
STARCH, POTATO (UNII: 8I089SAH3T)	

Product Characteristics

Color	white	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	9mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	TL173
Contains			

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:76420-068-20	20 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
2	NDC:76420-068-21	21 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
3	NDC:76420-068-30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
4	NDC:76420-068-40	40 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
5	NDC:76420-068-60	60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA040362	08/29/2001	

PREDNISONE

prednisone tablet				
Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:76420-069(NDC:59746-175)	
Route of Administration	ORAL			
Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name		Basis of Strength	Strength	
PREDNISONE (UNII: VB0R961HZT) (PREDNISONE - UNII:VB0R961HZT)		PREDNISONE	20 mg	
Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name			Strength	
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)				
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)				
SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368GB5141J)				
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)				
ALUMINUM OXIDE (UNII: LMI26O6933)				
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)				
STARCH, POTATO (UNII: 8I089SAH3T)				
Product Characteristics				
Color	pink (Peach)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	11mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	TL175	
Contains				
Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:76420-069-10	10 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
2	NDC:76420-069-15	15 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
3	NDC:76420-069-20	20 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
4	NDC:76420-069-21	21 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
5	NDC:76420-069-30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/28/2020	
Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA040362	08/29/2001		

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
ASCLEMED USA INC. DBA ENOVACHEM		059888437	repack(76420-067, 76420-068, 76420-069)

Revised: 8/2020

Asclemed USA, Inc.