METRONIDAZOLE- metronidazole cream Oceanside Pharmaceuticals

METRONIDAZOLE CREAM 1%

FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE

DESCRIPTION

METRONIDAZOLE CREAM, 1%, contains metronidazole USP. Chemically, metronidazole is 2-methyl-5-nitro-1*H*-imidazole-1-ethanol. The molecular formula for metronidazole is $C_6H_9N_3O_3$. It has the following structural formula:

Metronidazole has a molecular weight of 171.16. It is a white to pale yellow crystalline powder. It is slightly soluble in alcohol and has a solubility in water of 10 mg/mL at 20°C. Metronidazole is a member of the imidazole class of antibacterial agents and is classified as an antiprotozoal and antibacterial agent.

METRONIDAZOLE CREAM is an emollient cream; each gram contains 10 mg micronized metronidazole USP, in a base of glycerin USP, glyceryl monostearate NF, methylparaben NF, propylparaben NF, purified water USP, stearic acid NF and trolamine NF.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Pharmacokinetics:

When a one gram dose of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM**, 1%, was applied in a single application to the face of 16 healthy volunteers, low concentrations of metronidazole were detected in the plasma of 7 of the volunteers. The mean \pm SD C_{max} of metronidazole was 27.6 \pm 7.3 ng/mL, which is about 1% of the value reported for a single 250 mg oral dose of metronidazole. The time to maximum plasma concentration (T_{max}) in the volunteers with detectable metronidazole was 8-12 hours after topical application.

Pharmacodynamics:

The mechanisms by which metronidazole acts in reducing inflammatory lesions of rosacea are unknown.

<u>Clinical Studies:</u>

Safety and efficacy of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** were evaluated in two randomized vehicle-controlled clinical studies for the treatment of rosacea, which excluded patients who had nodules, moderate or severe rhinophyma, dense telangiectases, plaque-like facial edema or ocular involvement and those who had a history of not responding to metronidazole therapy for rosacea. Of the patients included in the efficacy database (n=416), there were 142 men and 274 women. Endpoint efficacy data comparisons for patients treated with daily **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** or vehicle applications are listed below.

	Μ	METRONIDAZOLE CREAM			Vehicle				
	Study	Study 1		Study 2		Study 1		Study 2	
	Ν	Result	Ν	Result	Ν	Result	Ν	Result	
Papules + Pu	stules (Count							
Baseline	89	15	92	19	50	18	49	17	
Week 10	80	7*	82	8	45	15	41	12	
Reduction		49%*		58%*		17%		30%	
Papules Cour	nt								
Baseline	89	13	92	17	50	15	49	15	
Week 10	80	7*	82	7	45	12	41	11	
Reduction		41%*		55%*		14%		28%	
Erythema Sco	ore								
Baseline	89	2.2	92	2.3	50	2.2	49	2.2	
Week 10	80	1.3*	82	1.4*	45	1.7	40	1.8	
Reduction		42%*		40%*		25%		19%	

Inflammatory Lesion Counts and Erythema Severity Scores in Two Clinical Trials for Rosacea

*Statistically significant differences between **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** and vehicle groups with $p \le 0.05$. Erythema scores: 0=none, 1=mild, 2=moderate and 3=severe.

Safety Studies:

Studies of contact sensitization (n=258), phototoxicity (n=21), and photocontact sensitization (n=29) of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** were conducted. No evidence of sensitization or phototoxicity was seen in these studies.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

METRONIDAZOLE CREAM is indicated for the topical treatment of inflammatory lesions and erythema of rosacea.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

METRONIDAZOLE CREAM is contraindicated in those patients with a history of

hypersensitivity to metronidazole or to any other ingredient in this formulation.

PRECAUTIONS

<u>General:</u>

If a reaction suggesting local skin irritation occurs, patients should be directed to discontinue use of the medication. Conjunctivitis associated with topical use of metronidazole on the face has been reported. Contact with the eyes should be avoided. Metronidazole is a nitroimidazole and should be used with care in patients with evidence of, or history of, blood dyscrasia.

Information for Patients:

Patients using **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** should receive the following information and instructions:

- 1. This medication is to be used as directed.
- 2. It is for external use only.
- 3. Avoid contact with the eyes.
- 4. Cleanse affected area(s) before applying **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM**.
- 5. This medication should not be used for any disorder other than that for which it is prescribed.
- 6. Patients should report any adverse reaction to their physician.

Drug Interactions:

Oral metronidazole has been reported to potentiate the anticoagulant effect of coumarin and warfarin resulting in a prolongation of prothrombin time. Drug interactions should be kept in mind when **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** is prescribed for patients who are receiving anticoagulant treatment, although they are less likely to occur with topical metronidazole administration because of low absorption. (See **CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY**, **Pharmacokinetics.**)

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility:

Metronidazole has shown evidence of carcinogenic activity in a number of studies involving chronic, oral administration in mice and rats but not in studies involving hamsters.

In several long-term studies in mice, oral doses of approximately 225 mg/m²/day or greater (approximately 37 times the human topical dose on a mg/m² basis) were associated with an increase in pulmonary tumors and lymphomas. Several long-term oral studies in the rat have shown statistically significant increases in mammary and hepatic tumors at doses >885 mg/m²/day (144 times the topical human dose).

Metronidazole has shown evidence of mutagenic activity in several *in vitro* bacterial assay systems. In addition, a dose-related increase in the frequency of micronuclei was observed in mice after intraperitoneal injections. An increase in chromosomal aberrations in peripheral blood lymphocytes was reported in patients with Crohn's disease who were treated with 200 to 1200 mg/day of metronidazole for 1 to 24 months. However, in another study, no increase in chromosomal aberrations in circulating lymphocytes was observed in patients with Crohn's disease treated with the drug for 8 months.

In one published study, using albino hairless mice, intraperitoneal administration of metronidazole at a dose of 45 mg/m²/day (approximately 7 times the human topical dose on a mg/m² basis) was associated with an increase in ultraviolet radiation-induced skin carcinogenesis. Neither dermal carcinogenicity nor photocarcinogenicity studies have been performed with **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** or any marketed metronidazole formulations.

Pregnancy:

Teratogenic Effects:

There are no adequate and well-controlled studies with the use of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** in pregnant women. Metronidazole crosses the placental barrier and enters the fetal circulation rapidly. No fetotoxicity was observed after oral administration of metronidazole to rats or mice at 200 and 20 times, respectively, the expected clinical dose. However, oral metronidazole has shown carcinogenic activity in rodents. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers:

After oral administration, metronidazole is secreted in breast milk in concentrations similar to those found in the plasma. Even though blood levels taken after topical metronidazole application are significantly lower than those achieved after oral metronidazole, a decision should be made whether to discontinue nursing or to discontinue the drug, taking into account the importance of the drug to the mother and the risk to the infant.

Pediatric Use:

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Safety data from 302 patients who used **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** (n=200) or vehicle control (n=102) once daily in clinical trials and experienced an adverse event considered to be treatment related include: application site reaction (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 1, vehicle 1), condition aggravated (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 1, vehicle 0), paresthesia (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 0, vehicle 1), acne (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 1, vehicle 0), dry skin (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 0, vehicle 1), acne (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 1, vehicle 0), dry skin (**METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** 0, vehicle 2). The majority of adverse reactions were mild to moderate in severity.

Two patients treated with **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** once daily discontinued treatment because of adverse events: one for a severe flare of comedonal acne and one for rosacea aggravated.

Additional clinical adverse effects reported spontaneously since the drug was marketed are uncommon and include tingling or numbness of extremities, allergic reactions, skin and eye irritation, rash, headache, nausea and dry mouth.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Oceanside Pharmaceuticals at 1-800-321-4576 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Areas to be treated should be cleansed before application of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM**. Apply and rub in a thin film of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM** once daily to entire affected area(s). Patients may use cosmetics after application of **METRONIDAZOLE CREAM**.

HOW SUPPLIED

Cream - 60 g aluminum tube - NDC 68682-202-60.

Keep out of reach of children.

Storage:

Store at controlled room temperature 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F).

Distributed by:

Oceanside Pharmaceuticals, a division of Bausch Health US, LLC Bridgewater, NJ 08807 USA

Manufactured by:

Bausch Health Companies Inc. Laval, Quebec H7L 4A8, Canada

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Rev. 07/19

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 60 g Tube

NDC 68682-202-60

Rx only

METRONIDAZOLECREAM 1%

Net Wt. 60 g

ONCE-A-DAY FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY

OCEANSIDE PHARMACEUTICALS



METRONIDAZOLE			
metronidazole cream			
Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG Item Cod) NDC:68682-202
Route of Administration	TOPICAL		
Active Ingredient/Active	Moietv		
Ingred	rength Strength		
metronidazole (UNII: 140QMO216	10 mg in 60 g		
Inactive Ingredients			
	Strength		
water (UNII: 059QF0K00R)			
stearic acid (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)			
glyceryl monostearate (UNII: 230	OOU9XXE4)		
glycerin (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)			

me	ethylparaben (UI	NII: A2I8C7HI9T)				
tro	lamine (UNII: 90	3K93S3TK)				
pro	opylparaben (UN	III: Z8IX2SC1OH)				
Pa	ackaging					
#	ltem Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:68682-202- 60	60 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/01/2023			
м	arkoting	nformation				
Marketing Information						
	Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
ND	A	NDA020743	08/01/2023			

Labeler - Oceanside Pharmaceuticals (832011691)

Establishment							
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations				
Bausch Health Companies Inc.		245141858	MANUFACTURE(68682-202)				

Revised: 6/2022

Oceanside Pharmaceuticals