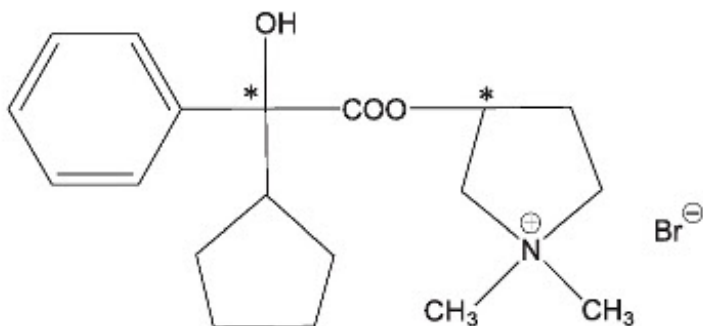


GLYCOPYRROLATE- glycopyrrolate tablet
Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

GLYCOPYRROLATE TABLETS, USP
Rx only

DESCRIPTION

Glycopyrrolate tablets contain the synthetic anticholinergic glycopyrrolate. Glycopyrrolate is a quaternary ammonium compound with the following chemical name: 3-[(cyclopentylhydroxyphenylacetyl)oxy]-1,1-dimethylpyrrolidinium bromide. Its empirical formula is $C_{19}H_{28}BrNO_3$, its molecular weight is 398.33, and its structural formula is:



Each 1 mg tablet contains: Glycopyrrolate, USP.....1 mg

Each 2 mg tablet contains: Glycopyrrolate, USP.....2 mg

Inactive Ingredients: Dibasic Calcium Phosphate, Lactose, Magnesium Stearate, Povidone, Sodium Starch Glycolate.

ACTIONS

Glycopyrrolate, like other anticholinergic (anti-muscarinic) agents, inhibits the action of acetylcholine on structures innervated by postganglionic cholinergic nerves and on smooth muscles that respond to acetylcholine but lack cholinergic innervation. These peripheral cholinergic receptors are present in the autonomic effector cells of smooth muscle, cardiac muscle, the sino-atrial node, the atrioventricular node, exocrine glands, and, to a limited degree, in the autonomic ganglia. Thus, it diminishes the volume and free acidity of gastric secretions and controls excessive pharyngeal, tracheal, and bronchial secretions.

Glycopyrrolate antagonizes muscarinic symptoms (e.g., bronchorrhea, bronchospasm, bradycardia, and intestinal hypermotility) induced by cholinergic drugs such as the anticholinesterases.

The highly polar quaternary ammonium group of glycopyrrolate limits its passage across lipid membranes, such as the blood-brain barrier, in contrast to atropine sulfate and scopolamine hydrobromide, which are non-polar tertiary amines which penetrate lipid barriers easily.

INDICATIONS

For use as adjunctive therapy in the treatment of peptic ulcer.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Glaucoma; obstructive uropathy (for example, bladder neck obstruction due to prostatic hypertrophy); obstructive disease of the gastrointestinal tract (as in achalasia, pyloroduodenal stenosis, etc.); paralytic ileus; intestinal atony of the elderly or debilitated patient; unstable cardiovascular status in acute hemorrhage; severe ulcerative colitis; toxic megacolon complicating ulcerative colitis; myasthenia gravis. Glycopyrrolate tablets are contraindicated in those patients with a hypersensitivity to glycopyrrolate.

WARNINGS

In the presence of a high environmental temperature, heat prostration (fever and heat stroke due to decreased sweating) can occur with use of glycopyrrolate.

Diarrhea may be an early symptom of incomplete intestinal obstruction, especially in patients with ileostomy or colostomy. In this instance treatment with this drug would be inappropriate and possibly harmful.

Glycopyrrolate may produce drowsiness and blurred vision. In this event, the patient should be warned not to engage in activities requiring mental alertness such as operating a motor vehicle or other machinery, or performing hazardous work while taking this drug.

Theoretically, with overdosage, a curare-like action may occur, i.e., neuro-muscular blockade leading to muscular weakness and possible paralysis.

Pregnancy

The safety of this drug during pregnancy has not been established. The use of any drug during pregnancy requires that potential benefits of the drug be weighed against possible hazards to mother and child. Reproduction studies in rats revealed no teratogenic effects from glycopyrrolate; however, the potent anticholinergic action of this agent resulted in diminished rates of conception and of survival at weaning, in a dose-related manner. Other studies in dogs suggest that this may be due to diminished seminal secretion which is evident at high doses of glycopyrrolate. Information on possible adverse effects in the pregnant female is limited to uncontrolled data derived from marketing experience. Such experience has revealed no reports of teratogenic or other fetus-damaging potential. No controlled studies to establish the safety of the drug in pregnancy have been performed.

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. As a general rule, nursing should not be undertaken while a patient is on a drug since many drugs are excreted in human milk.

Pediatric Use

Since there is no adequate experience in pediatric patients who have received this drug, safety and efficacy in pediatric patients have not been established.

PRECAUTIONS

Use glycopyrrolate with caution in the elderly and in all patients with:

- Autonomic neuropathy.
- Hepatic or renal disease.
- Ulcerative colitis-large doses may suppress intestinal motility to the point of producing a paralytic ileus and for this reason may precipitate or aggravate "toxic megacolon," a serious complication of the disease.
- Hyperthyroidism, coronary heart disease, congestive heart failure, cardiac tachyarrhythmias, tachycardia, hypertension and prostatic hypertrophy.
- Hiatal hernia associated with reflux esophagitis, since anticholinergic drugs may aggravate this

condition.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Anticholinergics produce certain effects, most of which are extensions of their fundamental pharmacological actions. Adverse reactions to anticholinergics in general may include xerostomia; decreased sweating; urinary hesitancy and retention; blurred vision; tachycardia; palpitations; dilatation of the pupil; cycloplegia; increased ocular tension; loss of taste; headaches; nervousness; mental confusion; drowsiness; weakness; dizziness; insomnia; nausea; vomiting; constipation; bloated feeling; impotence; suppression of lactation; severe allergic reaction or drug idiosyncrasies including anaphylaxis, urticaria and other dermal manifestations.

Glycopyrrolate is chemically a quaternary ammonium compound; hence, its passage across lipid membranes, such as the blood-brain barrier, is limited in contrast to atropine sulfate and scopolamine hydrobromide. For this reason the occurrence of CNS related side effects is lower, in comparison to their incidence following administration of anticholinergics which are chemically tertiary amines that can cross this barrier readily.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-866-562-4597 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.FDA.gov/medwatch.

OVERDOSAGE

The symptoms of overdosage of glycopyrrolate are peripheral in nature rather than central.

1. To guard against further absorption of the drug-use gastric lavage, cathartics and/or enemas.
2. To combat peripheral anticholinergic effects (residual mydriasis, dry mouth, etc.)-utilize a quaternary ammonium anticholinesterase, such as neostigmine methylsulfate.
3. To combat hypotension-use pressor amines (norepinephrine, metaraminol) i.v.; and supportive care.
4. To combat respiratory depression-administer oxygen; utilize a respiratory stimulant such as Dopram®* i.v.; artificial respiration.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The dosage of glycopyrrolate should be adjusted to the needs of the individual patient to assure symptomatic control with a minimum of adverse reactions. The presently recommended maximum daily dosage of glycopyrrolate is 8 mg.

Glycopyrrolate Tablets 1 mg. The recommended initial dosage of glycopyrrolate for adults is one tablet three times daily (in the morning, early afternoon, and at bedtime). Some patients may require two tablets at bedtime to assure overnight control of symptoms. For maintenance, a dosage of one tablet twice a day is frequently adequate.

Glycopyrrolate Tablets 2 mg. The recommended dosage of glycopyrrolate for adults is one tablet two or three times daily at equally spaced intervals.

Glycopyrrolate tablets are not recommended for use in pediatric patients under the age of 12 years.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

There are no known drug interactions.

HOW SUPPLIED

Glycopyrrolate tablets 1 mg are bisected, compressed white, round tablets debossed "K" above the bisect and "400" below the bisect on one side of the tablet, and plain on the other side. Available in

bottles of 100 (NDC 64980-272-01).

Glycopyrrolate tablets 2 mg are bisected, compressed white, round tablets debossed "K" above the bisect and "401" below the bisect on one side of the tablet, and plain on the other side. Available in bottles of 100 (NDC 64980-273-01).

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Keep out of reach of children.

Dispense in tight container.

* Dopram[®] is a registered trademark of Baxter Healthcare Corporation.

Manufactured for:

Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Allendale, NJ 07401 U.S.A.

Product of Finland

Manufactured by:

Par Formulations Private Limited,
9/215, Pudupakkam,
Kelambakkam - 603 103.

Made in India

from Active Pharmaceutical

Ingredient made in Finland

Mfg. Lic. No.: TN00002121

Iss. 08-2017

OS272R-01-74-02

—————**1 mg PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL**—————

Rising[®] NDC 64980-272-01

**Glycopyrrolate
Tablets, USP
1 mg**

100 Tablets Rx only

Rising[®] NDC 64980-272-01

**Glycopyrrolate
Tablets, USP**

1 mg

100 Tablets **Rx only**

Each tablet contains:
Glycopyrrolate, USP 1 mg

USUAL DOSAGE: One or two tablets three times a day. See accompanying information.

KEEP THIS AND ALL DRUGS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Pharmacist: Dispense in tight container.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Manufactured for:
Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Allendale, NJ 07401

Product of Finland

Manufactured by:
Par Formulations Private Limited,
9/215, Pudupakkam,
Kelambakkam - 603 103.

Made in India
from Active Pharmaceutical
Ingredient made in Finland

Mfg. Lic. No.: TN00002121

Control No.: _____

Exp. Date: _____

LA272R-01-74-02
Rev. 08-2017

31649801272018

—————**2 mg PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL**—————

Rising® NDC 64980-273-01

Glycopyrrolate
Tablets, USP
2 mg

100 Tablets Rx only

Rising® NDC 64980-273-01

**Glycopyrrolate
Tablets, USP**

2 mg

100 Tablets **Rx only**

Each tablet contains:
Glycopyrrolate, USP 2 mg

USUAL DOSAGE: One tablet two or three times a day. See accompanying information.

KEEP THIS AND ALL DRUGS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Pharmacist: Dispense in tight container.

Store at 20° to 25° C (68° to 77° F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30° C (59° to 86° F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Manufactured for:
Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc.
Allendale, NJ 07401

Product of Finland
Manufactured by:
Par Formulations Private Limited,
9/215, Pudupakkam,
Kelambakkam - 603 103.

Made in India
from Active Pharmaceutical
Ingredient made in Finland
Mfg. Lic. No.: TN00002121

Control No.: [REDACTED]
Exp. Date: [REDACTED]

LA273R-01-74-02
Rev. 08-2017

649801273015

GLYCOPYRROLATE

glycopyrrolate tablet

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:64980-272
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
GLYCOPYRROLATE (UNII: V92SO9WP2I) (GLYCOPYRROLONIUM - UNII:A14FB57V1D)	GLYCOPYRROLATE	1 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
ANHYDROUS DIBASIC CALCIUM PHOSPHATE (UNII: L11K75P92J)	
LACTOSE, UNSPECIFIED FORM (UNII: J2B2A4N98G)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
POVIDONES (UNII: FZ989GH94E)	
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	

Product Characteristics

Color	WHITE	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	9mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	K;400

Contains	
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Packaging				
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#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:64980-272-01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	07/18/2016	

Marketing Information			
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Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA040653	07/18/2016	

GLYCOPYRROLATE

glycopyrrolate tablet

Product Information			
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Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:64980-273
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
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Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
GLYCOPYRROLATE (UNII: V92SO9WP2I) (GLYCOPYRRONIUM - UNII:A14FB57V1D)	GLYCOPYRROLATE	2 mg

Inactive Ingredients		
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Ingredient Name	Strength
ANHYDROUS DIBASIC CALCIUM PHOSPHATE (UNII: L11K75P92J)	
LACTOSE, UNSPECIFIED FORM (UNII: J2B2A4N98G)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
POVIDONES (UNII: FZ989GH94E)	
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	

Product Characteristics			
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Color	WHITE	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	10mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	K;401
Contains			

Packaging				
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#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:64980-273-01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	07/18/2016	

Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA040653	07/18/2016	

Labeler - Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (041241766)

Registrant - Par Formulations Private Limited (676159161)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Par Formulations Private Limited		676159161	MANUFACTURE(64980-272, 64980-273)

Revised: 12/2017

Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc.