

**NUTRIARX CREAMPAK- triamcinolone acetonide, dimethicone**  
**NuCare Pharmaceuticals, Inc.**

*Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click [here](#).*

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**Dimethicone, 118mL (68599-0213-4)**

Drug Facts

**Active ingredient**

Dimethicone 5.0%

**Purpose**

Skin Protectant

**Uses**

For the treatment and / or prevention of diaper rash temporarily protects and helps relieve chapped or cracked skin

**Warnings**

**For external use only.**

- When using this product
- do not get into eyes

**Do not use on**

- deep or puncture wounds
- animal bites
- serious burns

**Stop use and ask a doctor if**

- condition worsens
- symptoms last more than 7 days or clear up and occur again within a few days

**keep out of reach of children**

If swallowed , get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away.

**Directions**

- Cleanse skin with Thera Moisturizing Body Cleanser or Thera Foaming Body Cleanser
- Apply cream liberally until entire area is covered
- Apply as needed

## **Other information**

Store at 40-95°F (4-35°C)

## **Inactive Ingredients**

### **Inactive Ingredients:**

Purified Water, Glyceryl Stearate, PEG 100 Stearate, Stearic Acid, Aleurites Moluccana Seed Oil, Cetyl Alcohol, Glycerin, Butylene Glycol, Carthamus Tinctorius (Safflower) Seed Oil, Dimethicone Crosspolymer, Calcium Pantothenate (Vitamin B5), Maltodextrin, Niacinamide (Vitamin B3), Pyridoxine HCL (Vitamin B6), Silica, Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate (Vitamin C), Sodium Starch Octenylsuccinate, Tocopheryl Acetate (Vitamin E), Disodium EDTA, Sodium Hyaluronate, Aloe Barbadensis Leaf Extract, Zingiber Officinale (Ginger) Root Extract, Carthamus Tinctorius (Safflower) Oleosomes, Fragrance, Phenoxyethanol, Caprylyl Glycol, Chlorphenesin, Bisabolol, Lysine, Histidine, Arginine, Aspartic Acid, Threonine, Serine, Glutamic Acid, Proline, Glycine, Alanine, Valine, Methionine, Isoleucine, Leucine, Tyrosine, Phenylalanine, Cysteine, Triethanolamine

## **QUESTIONS**

Questions ?

Call 1-800-777-4908

## **Trimcinolone Acetonide Cream USP , 80mg(45802-064-36)**

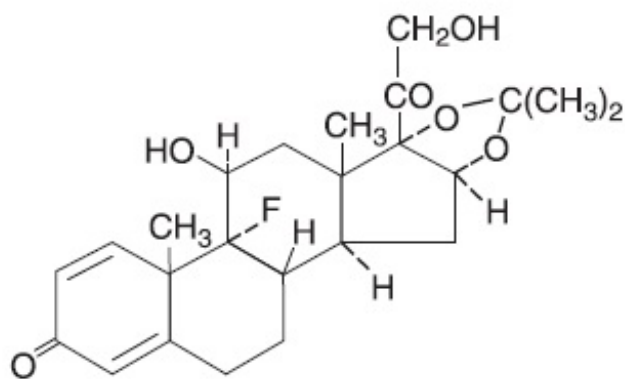
**For Dermatologic Use Only**

**Not For Ophthalmic Use**

**Rx Only**

## **DESCRIPTION**

The topical corticosteroids constitute a class of primarily synthetic steroids used as anti-inflammatory and anti-pruritic agents. Triamcinolone acetonide is designated chemically as pregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione,9-fluoro-11,21-dihydroxy-16,17-[(1-methylethylidene) bis (oxy)]-, (11 $\beta$ ,16 $\alpha$ )-. C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>31</sub>FO<sub>6</sub>, and M.W. of 434.51; CAS Reg. No. 76-25-5.



Each gram of 0.025%, 0.1% and 0.5% Triamcinolone Acetonide Cream USP contains 0.25 mg, 1 mg, or 5 mg triamcinolone acetonide respectively, in a washable cream base of cetyl alcohol, cetyl esters wax, glycerin, glyceryl monostearate, isopropyl palmitate, polysorbate-60, propylene glycol, purified water, sorbic acid, and sorbitan monostearate.

## CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Topical corticosteroids share anti-inflammatory, anti-pruritic and vasoconstrictive actions. The mechanism of anti-inflammatory activity of the topical corticosteroids is unclear. Various laboratory methods, including vasoconstrictor assays, are used to compare and predict potencies and/or clinical efficacies of the topical corticosteroids. There is some evidence to suggest that a recognizable correlation exists between vasoconstrictor potency and therapeutic efficacy in man.

## PHARMACOKINETICS

The extent of percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids is determined by many factors including the vehicle, the integrity of the epidermal barrier, and the use of occlusive dressings. Topical corticosteroids can be absorbed from normal intact skin. Inflammation and/or other disease processes in the skin increase percutaneous absorption. Occlusive dressings substantially increase the percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids. Thus, occlusive dressings may be a valuable therapeutic adjunct for treatment of resistant dermatoses (see **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**). Once absorbed through the skin, topical corticosteroids are handled through pharmacokinetic pathways similar to systemically administered corticosteroids. Corticosteroids are bound to plasma proteins in varying degrees. Corticosteroids are metabolized primarily in the liver and are then excreted by the kidneys. Some of the topical corticosteroids and their metabolites are also excreted into the bile.

## INDICATIONS & USAGE

Triamcinolone acetonide cream is indicated for the relief of the inflammatory and pruritic manifestations of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

## CONTRADICTIONS

Triamcinolone acetonide cream is contraindicated in those patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of the components of the preparation.

## **PRECAUTIONS**

### **GENERAL**

Systemic absorption of topical corticosteroids has produced reversible hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, manifestations of Cushing's syndrome, hyperglycemia, and glucosuria in some patients.

Conditions which augment systemic absorption include the application of the more potent steroids, use over large surface areas, prolonged use, and the addition of occlusive dressings. Therefore, patients receiving a large dose of a potent topical steroid applied to a large surface area or under an occlusive dressing should be evaluated periodically for evidence of HPA axis suppression by using the urinary free cortisol and ACTH stimulation tests. If HPA axis suppression is noted, an attempt should be made to withdraw the drug, to reduce the frequency of application, or to substitute a less potent steroid.

Recovery of HPA axis function is generally prompt and complete upon discontinuation of the drug. Infrequently, signs and symptoms of steroid withdrawal may occur, requiring supplemental systemic corticosteroids. Children may absorb proportionally larger amounts of topical corticosteroids and thus be more susceptible to systemic toxicity (see **PRECAUTIONS-Pediatric Use**).

If irritation develops, topical corticosteroids should be discontinued and appropriate therapy instituted. In the presence of dermatological infections, the use of an appropriate antifungal or antibacterial agent should be instituted. If a favorable response does not occur promptly, the corticosteroid should be discontinued until the infection has been adequately controlled.

### **INFORMATION FOR PATIENTS**

Patients using topical corticosteroids should receive the following information and instructions.

1. This medication is to be used as directed by the physician. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the eyes.
2. Patients should be advised not to use this medication for any disorder other than for which it was prescribed.
3. The treated skin area should not be bandaged or otherwise covered or wrapped as to be occlusive unless directed by the physician.
4. Patients should report any signs of local adverse reactions especially under occlusive dressing.
5. Parents of pediatric patients should be advised not to use tight-fitting diapers or plastic pants on a child being treated in the diaper area, as these garments may constitute occlusive dressings.

### **LABORATORY TESTS**

The following tests may be helpful in evaluating the HPA axis suppression:

Urinary free cortisol test

ACTH stimulation test

## **CARCINOGENESIS & MUTAGENESIS & IMPAIRMENT OF FERTILITY**

Long-term animal studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential or the effect on fertility of topical corticosteroids.

Studies to determine mutagenicity with prednisolone and hydrocortisone have revealed negative results.

## **PREGNANCY CATEGORY C**

Corticosteroids are generally teratogenic in laboratory animals when administered systemically at relatively low dosage levels. The more potent corticosteroids have been shown to be teratogenic after dermal application in laboratory animals. There are not adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women on teratogenic effects from topically applied corticosteroids. Therefore, topical corticosteroids should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus. Drugs of this class should not be used extensively on pregnant patients, in large amounts, or for prolonged periods of time.

## **NURSING MOTHERS**

It is not known whether topical administration of corticosteroids could result in sufficient systemic absorption to produce detectable quantities in breast milk. Systemically administered corticosteroids are secreted into breast milk in quantities not likely to have a deleterious effect on the infant. Nevertheless, caution should be exercised when topical corticosteroids are administered to a nursing woman.

## **PEDIATRIC USE**

*Pediatric patients may demonstrate greater susceptibility to topical corticosteroid-induced HPA axis suppression and Cushing's syndrome than mature patients because of a larger skin surface area to body weight ratio.*

Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, Cushing's syndrome and intracranial hypertension have been reported in children receiving topical corticosteroids. Manifestations of adrenal suppression in children include linear growth retardation, delayed weight gain, low plasma cortisol levels, and absence of response to ACTH stimulation. Manifestations of intracranial hypertension include bulging fontanelles, headaches, and bilateral papilledema.

Administration of topical corticosteroids to children should be limited to the least amount compatible with an effective therapeutic regimen. Chronic corticosteroid therapy may interfere with the growth and development of children.

## **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The following local adverse reactions are reported infrequently with topical corticosteroids, but may occur more frequently with the use of occlusive dressings. These reactions are listed in an approximate decreasing order of occurrence: burning, itching, irritation, dryness, folliculitis, hypertrichosis, acneiform eruptions, hypopigmentation, perioral dermatitis, allergic contact dermatitis, maceration of the skin, secondary infection, skin atrophy, striae and miliaria.

## **OVERDOSAGE**

Topically applied corticosteroids can be absorbed in sufficient amounts to produce systemic effects (See PRECAUTIONS).

## **DOSAGE & ADMINISTRATION**

Topical corticosteroids are generally applied to the affected area as a thin film from two to four times daily depending on the severity of the condition.

Occlusive dressing may be used for the management of psoriasis or recalcitrant conditions. If an infection develops, the use of occlusive dressing should be discontinued and appropriate antimicrobial therapy instituted.

## **HOW SUPPLIED**

Triamcinolone acetonide cream USP 0.1% is supplied in  
80 g tube NDC 45802-064-36

Store at 20-25°C (68°-77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Avoid excessive heat. Protect from freezing.

PRINTED IN USA

Manufactured for: Ascend Laboratories, LLC Montvale, NJ 07645

Manufactured by: Crown Laboratories, Inc. Johnson City, TN 37604

P1810.01

Revised: Sept 2015

## **SILICONE TAPE**

Silicone Tape

Uses

- To be applied to wounds or scars as a protective silicone barrier.
- As a dressing for abrasions, surgical wounds, donor sites, lacerations, ulcers, skin tears, superficial partial thickness burns, venous leg ulcers.
- As a dressing/securement for IV related uses, pressure ulcers, skin care, and wound care

Precautions

- Do not use if you are allergic to silicone
- Keep out of reach of children

Directions for use

- Apply tape to wound or scar as needed or as directed by your physician. Remove tape, wash area, and apply new tape at least every 24 hours.

## **DIMETHICONE**

NDC 68599-0213-4

**Thera**

**DIMETHICONE  
BODY SHIELD**



Provides mild skin protection  
against irritation from  
chapped or cracked skin.

Single Patient Use

**THERAPY**  
for your skin

**McKESSON**

NET CONTENTS 4 fl oz (118 mL)  
MFR # 53-DS4



ROOM NO.

NAME

**Drug Facts**

Active ingredient	Purpose
Dimethicone 5%	Skin Protectant

**Uses** • for the treatment and/or prevention of diaper rash • temporarily protects and helps relieve chapped or cracked skin

**Warnings**

For external use only.

When using this product • do not get into eyes

Stop use and ask a doctor if • condition worsens • symptoms last more than 7 days or clear up and occur again within a few days

Do not use on • deep or puncture wounds • animal bites • serious burns

Keep out of reach of children. If swallowed, get medical help or contact a poison control center right away.

**Directions** • Cleanse skin with Thera Moisturizing Body Cleanser or Thera Foaming Body Cleanser • Apply cream liberally until entire area is covered • Apply as needed

**Inactive ingredients**

Purified Water, Glycerol Stearate, PEG 100 Stearate, Stearic Acid, Aleurites Moluccana Seed Oil, Cetyl Alcohol, Glycerin, Butylene Glycol, Carthamus Tinctoria (Safflower) Seed Oil, Dimethicone Crosspolymer, Calcium Pantothenate (Vitamin B5), Methylcellulose, Nicotinamide (Vitamin B3), Pyridoxine HCl (Vitamin B6), Silica, Sodium Ascorbyl Phosphate (Vitamin C), Sodium Starch Octenylsuccinate, Tocopheryl Acetate (Vitamin E), Disodium EDTA, Sodium Hyaluronate, Aloe Barbadensis Leaf Extract, Zingiber Officinale (Ginger) Root Extract, Carthamus Tinctoria (Safflower) Oleosol, Fragrance, Phenoxyethanol, Caprylyl Glycol, Chlorphenesin, Benzalkonium Chloride, Lysine, Histidine, Arginine, Aspartic Acid, Threonine, Serine, Glutamic Acid, Proline, Glycine, Alanine, Valine, Methionine, Isoleucine, Leucine, Tyrosine, Phenylalanine, Cysteine, Threonolactone.

Thera® is a specially formulated skin care line that helps restore skin to a healthy condition.

Store at 48-55°F (4-33°C).

Questions? Call 1-866-777-4968

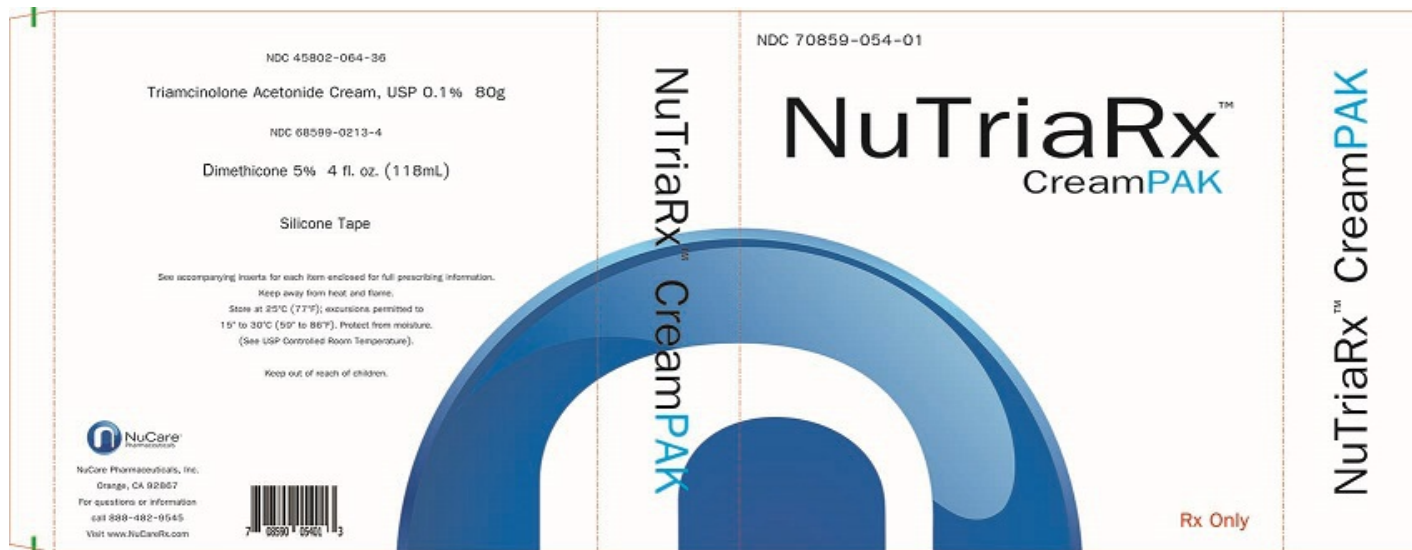
Distributed by McKesson Medical-Surgical Inc., Richmond, VA 23233. P/N 18819. Made in USA.

## TRIMCINOLONE ACETONIDE CREAM USP



## NuTriRX CreamPAK





## NUTRIARX CREAMPAK

triamcinolone acetonide, dimethicone kit

### Product Information

<b>Product Type</b>	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	<b>Item Code (Source)</b>	NDC:70859-054
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### Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:70859-054-01	1 in 1 KIT	06/03/2020	

### Quantity of Parts

Part #	Package Quantity	Total Product Quantity
<b>Part 1</b>	1 BOTTLE	118 mL
<b>Part 2</b>	1 TUBE	80 g

### Part 1 of 2

#### DIMETHICONE

body shield cream

### Product Information

<b>Item Code (Source)</b>	NDC:68599-0213
<b>Route of Administration</b>	TOPICAL

### Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
<b>DIMETHICONE</b> (UNII: 92RU3N3Y1O) (DIMETHICONE - UNII:92RU3N3Y1O)	DIMETHICONE	50 mg in 1 mL
Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name		Strength
<b>CETYL ALCOHOL</b> (UNII: 936JST6JCN)		
<b>MALTODEXTRIN</b> (UNII: 7CVR7L4A2D)		
<b>LYSINE</b> (UNII: K3Z4F929H6)		
<b>SODIUM ASCORBYL PHOSPHATE</b> (UNII: 836SJG51DR)		
<b>EDETATE DISODIUM ANHYDROUS</b> (UNII: 8NLQ36F6MM)		
<b>TYROSINE</b> (UNII: 42HK56048U)		
<b>ARGININE</b> (UNII: 94ZLA3W45F)		
<b>KUKUI NUT OIL</b> (UNII: TP11QR7B8R)		
<b>SILICON DIOXIDE</b> (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)		
<b>TROLAMINE</b> (UNII: 9O3K93S3TK)		
<b>PYRIDOXINE HYDROCHLORIDE</b> (UNII: 68Y4CF58BV)		
<b>PHENOXYETHANOL</b> (UNII: HIE492ZZ3T)		
<b>PEG-100 STEARATE</b> (UNII: YD01N1999R)		
<b>STEARIC ACID</b> (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)		
<b>NIACINAMIDE</b> (UNII: 25X51I8RD4)		
<b>CHLORPHENESIN</b> (UNII: I670DAL4SZ)		
<b>OCTENYLSUCCINIC ACID</b> (UNII: 12UZE4X73L)		
<b>ALOE VERA LEAF</b> (UNII: ZY81Z83H0X)		
<b>LEVOMENOL</b> (UNII: 24WE03BX2T)		
<b>THREONINE</b> (UNII: 2ZD004190S)		
<b>CAPRYLYL GLYCOL</b> (UNII: 00YIU5438U)		
<b>ALANINE</b> (UNII: OF5P57N2ZX)		
<b>GLYCERYL MONOSTEARATE</b> (UNII: 230OU9XXE4)		
<b>SAFFLOWER OIL</b> (UNII: 65UEH262IS)		
<b>DIMETHICONE CROSSPOLYMER (450000 MPA.S AT 12% IN CYCLOPENTASILOXANE)</b> (UNII: UF7620L1W6)		
<b>CALCIUM PANTOTHENATE</b> (UNII: 568ET80C3D)		
<b>GLYCERIN</b> (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)		
<b>HYALURONATE SODIUM</b> (UNII: YSE9PPT4TH)		
<b>GLUTAMIC ACID</b> (UNII: 3KX376GY7L)		
<b>ISOLEUCINE</b> (UNII: 04Y7590D77)		
<b>BUTYLENE GLYCOL</b> (UNII: 3XUS85K0RA)		
<b>VALINE</b> (UNII: HG18B9YRS7)		
<b>PHENYLALANINE</b> (UNII: 47E5O17Y3R)		
<b>METHIONINE</b> (UNII: AE28F7PNPL)		
<b>SERINE</b> (UNII: 452VLY9402)		
<b>GLYCINE</b> (UNII: TE7660XO1C)		
<b>ASPARTIC ACID</b> (UNII: 30KYC7MIAI)		
<b>WATER</b> (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)		
<b>GINGER</b> (UNII: C5529G5JPQ)		
<b>.ALPHA.-TOCOPHEROL ACETATE</b> (UNII: 9E8X80D2L0)		
<b>HISTIDINE</b> (UNII: 4QD397987E)		
<b>CARTHAMUS TINCTORIUS (SAFFLOWER) OLEOSOMES</b> (UNII: 9S60Q72309)		
<b>PROLINE</b> (UNII: 9DLQ4CIU6V)		

LEUCINE (UNII: GMW67QNF9C)	
CYSTEINE (UNII: K848JZ4886)	

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:68599-0213-4	118 mL in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
OTC monograph final	part347	08/12/2019	

Part 2 of 2
<b>TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE</b> triamcinolone acetonide cream

Product Information	
Item Code (Source)	NDC:45802-064
Route of Administration	TOPICAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name		Basis of Strength
TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE (UNII: F446C597KA) (TRIAMCINOLONE ACETONIDE - UNII:F446C597KA)		1 mg in 1 g

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
CETYL ALCOHOL (UNII: 936JST6JCN)	
POLYSORBATE 60 (UNII: CAL22UVI4M)	
SORBITAN MONOSTEARATE (UNII: NVZ4I0H58X)	
SORBIC ACID (UNII: X045WJ989B)	
CETYL ESTERS WAX (UNII: D072FFP9GU)	
GLYCERIN (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (UNII: 6DC9Q167V3)	
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	
ISOPROPYL PALMITATE (UNII: 8CRQ2TH63M)	
GLYCERYL MONOSTEARATE (UNII: 230OU9XXE4)	

## Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:45802-064-36	1 in 1 CARTON		
1		80 g in 1 TUBE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

## Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA086413	09/28/2006	

## Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
unapproved drug other		09/28/2006	

**Labeler** - NuCare Pharmaceuticals,Inc. (010632300)

## Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
NuCare Pharmaceuticals,Inc.		010632300	manufacture(70859-054)

Revised: 7/2023

NuCare Pharmaceuticals,Inc.