## QCARE RX PETITE ORAL CLEANSING AND SUCTIONING SYSTEM- chlorhexidine gluconate and cetylpyridinium chloride Sage Products LLC

Disclaimer: Most OTC drugs are not reviewed and approved by FDA, however they may be marketed if they comply with applicable regulations and policies. FDA has not evaluated whether this product complies.

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## QCare RX Petite Oral Cleansing & Suctioning System featuring Corinz™ Antiseptic Cleansing and Moisturizing Oral Rinse and 0.12%

#### chlorhexidine gluconate oral rinse

#### Drug Facts

#### Active ingredient: Purpose

Corinz<sup>™</sup> Antiseptic Cleansing and Moisturizing Oral Rinse:

Cetylpyridinium chloride 0.05% Antiseptic Rinse

#### Uses

#### Suction Swab with Corinz Antiseptic Cleansing and Moisturizing Oral Rinse

 Aids in the removal of secretions and debris and helps reduce the chance of infection in minor oral irritation.

#### Suction Toothbrush CHG compatible\*

Aids in the removal of dental plaque, debris and secretions.

#### Oropharyngeal Suction Catheter Non-sterile

• Aids in the removal of secretions from the oropharyngeal cavity only.

#### **Warnings**

#### Stop use and ask a doctor if:

- Sore mouth symptoms do not improve in 7 days.
- Swelling, rash or fever develops.
- Irritation, pain or redness persists or worsens.

#### Keep out of reach of children.

If more than used for antisepsis is accidentally swallowed, get medical help or contact a Poison Control Center right away.

#### Directions

#### Suction Swab with Corinz Antiseptic Cleansing and Moisturizing Oral Rinse

- **Before opening,** turn package over, burst solution packet with thumbs.
- Peel lid to open.
- Attach Suction Swab to suction line.
- Clean teeth and oral cavity for approximately one minute.
- To suction, place thumb over port.
- To clear tubing, rinse with sterile saline or appropriate solution.
- Discard Suction Swab. Reattach Covered Yankauer to suction line.

- Use up to 4 times daily or as directed by a dentist or doctor.
- Children under 12 years of age: supervise use.
- Children under 3 years of age: consult a dentist or doctor.
- Use a bite block when performing oral care on patients with altered levels of consciousness or those who cannot comprehend commands.
- Ensure foam is intact after use. If not, remove any particles from oral cavity.

#### Suction Toothbrush CHG compatible\*

- Peel lid to open.
- Remove Suction Toothbrush and attach to suction line.
- When using with a cleansing solution, refer to the product packaging for indications, instructions and warnings.
- To suction, place thumb over port.
- To clear tubing, rinse with sterile saline or appropriate solution.
- Discard Suction Toothbrush. Reattach Covered Yankauer to suction line.
- Use Swab for additional cleansing as needed.
- Use two times daily or as directed by a dentist or doctor.
- Children under 12 years of age: supervise use.
- Children under 3 years of age: consult a dentist or doctor.
- Use a bite block when performing oral care on patients with altered levels of consciousness or those who cannot comprehend commands.
- Ensure foam is intact after use. If not, remove any particles from oral cavity.

#### Oropharyngeal Suction Catheter Non-sterile

- Peel lid to open.
- Attach Suction Catheter to suction line.
- Suction secretions from the oropharyngeal cavity.
- To suction, place thumb over port.
- To clear tubing, rinse with sterile saline or appropriate solution.
- Discard Suction Catheter. Reattach Covered Yankaurer to suction line.
- Use a bite block when performing oral care on patients with altered levels of consciousness or those who cannot comprehend commands.

#### Oropharyngeal Suction Catheter Non-sterile

#### Caution

• Federal (U.S.A.) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician or licensed practitioner.

#### **Inactive ingredients**

#### Suction Swab with Corinz Antiseptic Cleansing and Moisturizing Oral Rinse

Water, glycerin, xylitol, spearmint flavor, potassium sorbate, polysorbate 20, polysorbate 80, hydroxyethylcellulose, citric acid, sodium saccharin, menthol.

#### Questions?

Call toll-free 800-323-2220.

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#### **DESCRIPTION**

Chlorhexidine Gluconate is an oral rinse containing 0.12% chlorhexidine gluconate (1,11-hexamethylene bis[5-(p-chlorophenyl) biguanide] di-D-gluconate) in a base containing water, 11.6% alcohol, glycerin, PEG-40 sorbitan diisostearate, flavor, sodium saccharin, and FD&C Blue No. 1. Chlorhexidine Gluconate is a near-neutral solution (pH range 5-7). Chlorhexidine Gluconate is a salt of chlorhexidine and gluconic acid. Its chemical structure is:

#### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse provides antimicrobial activity during oral rinsing. The clinical significance of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse's antimicrobial activities is not clear. Microbiological sampling of plaque has shown a general reduction of counts of certain assayed bacteria, both aerobic and anaerobic, ranging from 54-97% through six months use.

Use of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse in a six month clinical study did not result in any significant changes in bacterial resistance, overgrowth of potentially opportunistic organisms or other adverse changes in the oral microbial ecosystem. Three months after Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse was discontinued, the number of bacteria in plaque had returned to baseline levels and resistance of plaque bacteria to chlorhexidine gluconate was equal to that at baseline.

#### **PHARMACOKINETICS**

Pharmacokinetic studies with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse indicate approximately 30% of the active ingredient, chlorhexidine gluconate, is retained in the oral cavity following rinsing. This retained drug is slowly released in the oral fluids. Studies conducted on human subjects and animals demonstrate chlorhexidine gluconate is poorly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. The mean plasma level of chlorhexidine gluconate reached a peak of 0.206 mcg/g in humans 30 minutes after they ingested a 300 mg dose of the drug. Detectable levels of chlorhexidine gluconate were not present in the plasma of these subjects 12 hours after the compound was administered. Excretion of chlorhexidine gluconate occurred primarily through the feces (~90%). Less than 1% of the chlorhexidine gluconate ingested by these subjects was excreted in the urine.

#### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is indicated for use between dental visits as part of a professional program for the treatment of gingivitis as characterized by redness and swelling of the gingivae, including gingival bleeding upon probing. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse has not been tested

among patients with acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis (ANUG). For patients having coexisting gingivitis and periodontitis, see PRECAUTIONS.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be used by persons who are known to be hypersensitive to chlorhexidine gluconate or other formula ingredients.

#### **WARNINGS**

The effect of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse on periodontitis has not been determined. An increase in supragingival calculus was noted in clinical testing in Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse users compared with control users. It is not known if Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse use results in an increase in subgingival calculus. Calculus deposits should be removed by a dental prophylaxis at intervals not greater than six months. Anaphylaxis, as well as serious allergic reactions, have been reported during postmarketing use with dental products containing chlorhexidine, see CONTRAINDICATIONS.

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

#### **GENERAL**

- 1. For patients having coexisting gingivitis and periodontitis, the presence or absence of gingival inflammation following treatment with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be used as a major indicator of underlying periodontitis.
- 2. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse can cause staining of oral surfaces, such as tooth surfaces, restorations, and the dorsum of the tongue. Not all patients will experience a visually significant increase in toothstaining. In clinical testing, 56% of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse users exhibited a measurable increase in facial anterior stain, compared to 35% of control users after six months; 15% of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse users developed what was judged to be heavy stain, compared to 1% of control users after six months. Stain will be more pronounced in patients who have heavier accumulations of unremoved plaque. Stain resulting from use of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse does not adversely affect health of the gingivae or other oral tissues. Stain can be removed from most tooth surfaces by conventional professional prophylactic techniques. Additional time may be required to complete the prophylaxis. Discretion should be used when prescribing to patients with anterior facial restorations with rough surfaces or margins. If natural stain cannot be removed from these surfaces by a dental prophylaxis, patients should be excluded from Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse treatment if permanent discoloration is unacceptable. Stain in these areas may be difficult to remove by dental prophylaxis and on rare occasions may necessitate replacement of these restorations.
- 3. Some patients may experience an alteration in taste perception while undergoing treatment with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. Rare instances of permanent taste alteration following Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse use have been reported via post-marketing product surveillance.

#### PREGNANCY: TERATOGENIC EFFECTS

Pregnancy Category B. Reproduction Studies have been performed in rats and rabbits at chlorhexidine gluconate doses up to 300 mg/kg/day and 40 mg/kg/day respectively, and have not revealed evidence of harm to fetus. However, adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women have not been done. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

#### NURSING MOTHERS

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is administered to nursing women. In parturition and lactation studies with rats, no evidence of impaired parturition or of toxic effects to suckling pups was observed when chlorhexidine gluconate was administered to dams at doses that were over 100 times greater than that which would result from a person's ingesting 30 mL of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse per day.

#### PEDIATRIC USE

Clinical effectiveness and safety of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse have not been established in children under the age of 18.

#### CARCINOGENESIS, MUTAGENESIS, IMPAIRMENT OF FERTILITY

In a drinking water study in rats, carcinogenic effects were not observed at doses up to 38 mg/kg/day. Mutagenic effects were not observed in two mammalian *in vivo* mutagenesis studies with chlorhexidine gluconate. The highest doses of chlorhexidine used in a mouse dominant-lethal assay and a hamster cytogenetics test were 1000 mg/kg/day and 250 mg/kg/day, respectively. No evidence of impaired fertility was observed in rats at doses up to 100 mg/kg/day.

#### ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common side effects associated with chlorhexidine gluconate oral rinses are: 1) an increase in staining of teeth and other oral surfaces; 2) an increase in calculus formation; and 3) an alteration in taste perception; see WARNINGS and PRECAUTIONS. Oral irritation and local allergy-type symptoms have been spontaneously reported as side effects associated with use of chlorhexidine gluconate rinse. The following oral mucosal side effects were reported during placebo-controlled adult clinical trials: aphthous ulcer, grossly obvious gingivitis, trauma, ulceration, erythema, desquamation, coated tongue, keratinization, geographic tongue, mucocele, and short frenum. Each occurred at a frequency of less than 1%. Among post marketing reports, the most frequently reported oral mucosal symptoms associated with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse are stomatitis, gingivitis, glossitis, ulcer, dry mouth, hypesthesia, glossal edema, and paresthesia. Minor irritation and superficial desquamation of the oral mucosa have been noted in patients using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. There have been cases of parotid gland swelling and inflammation of the salivary glands (sialadenitis) reported in patients using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse.

#### **OVERDOSAGE**

Ingestion of 1 or 2 ounces of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse by a small child (~10 kg body weight) might result in gastric distress, including nausea, or signs of alcohol intoxication. Medical attention should be sought if more than 4 ounces of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is ingested by a small child or if signs of alcohol intoxication develop.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse therapy should be initiated directly following a dental prophylaxis. Patients using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should be reevaluated and given a thorough prophylaxis at intervals no longer than six months. Recommended use is twice daily oral rinsing for 30 seconds, morning and evening after toothbrushing. Usual dosage is 15 mL of undiluted Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. Patients should be instructed to not rinse with water, or other mouthwashes, brush teeth, or eat immediately after using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is not intended for ingestion and should be expectorated after rinsing.

#### **HOW SUPPLIED**

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is supplied as a blue liquid in single dose 0.5 fluid ounce (15mL) amber plastic bottles with child-resistant dispensing closures. STORE at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), excursions permitted to 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) [See USP controlled room temperature].

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

#### Manufactured for:

Sage Products LLC Cary, IL 60013 1-800-323-2220

Revised: November, 2015

#### **Corinz Label**



Q-Care Rx Petite Oral Cleansing & Suctioning System



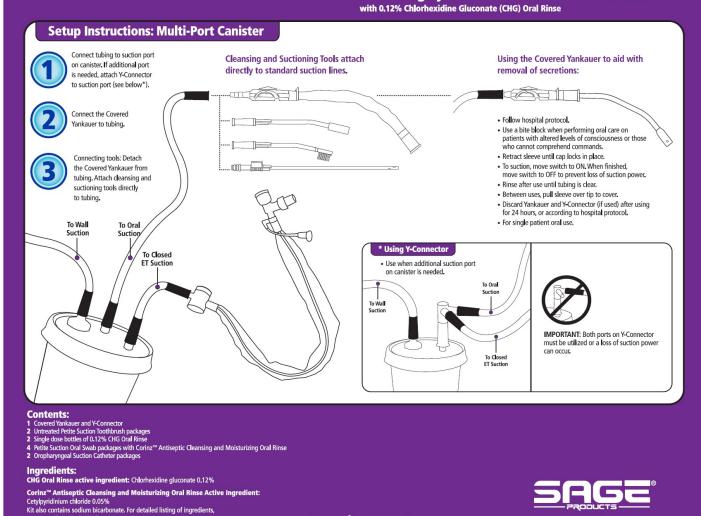




Sage Products LLC 3909 Three Oaks Road • Cary, Illinois 60013

www.sageproducts.com • 800-323-2220

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Reorder # 6974

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#### Q-Care Rx Petite Oral Cleansing & Suctioning System

Federal (U.S.A.) law restricts this device (kit) to sale by or on the order of a physician or licensed practitioner.

Non-sterile • Not made with natural rubber latex



#### **SUCTION**

Lorinz Antisepot Cleaning and Mostanzing Una Kinse		
Drug Facts		
Active ingredient CORINZ ANTISEPTIC CLEAN MOISTURIZING ORAL RINSE Cetylpyridinium chloride 0.051		
Uses - Aids in the removal of secre		

one minute.
To suction, place thumb over port,
To clear tubing, rinse with sterile saline or
appropriate solution,
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doctor, under 12 years of age: supervise use, under 3 years of age: consult a dentis

**SUCTION SWAB** 

Drug Facts
Active ingredie
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Directions
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Children under 12 years of age: supervise use.
Children under 3 years of age: consult a dentia

**SUCTION TOOTHBRUSH** 

\*Compatible for use with 0.12% Chlorhesidiese Glesconate (CKG) oral rinse, steated for use up to five minutes. NOTE: The following Uses and Directions refer to the Section Footbroath and Swab, For Warnings, Uses and Directions specific to the CKG rinse including use in children under 18 years of age, refer to that product's package insert and labeling.

Remove Buction Toombruse em-suction link.
When using with a cleaning solution, refer to to product packaging for indications, instructions and warnings.
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To clear tubing, rinse with startle saline or appropriate solution.
Discard Suction Toothbrush, Reattach Govered Use Swals for additional center-or an interest to the swals of a discrete to by a clarest or addition. Onlike must be swalled to a discrete to part of age: supervise use, children under 3 years of age: consult a dental. Children under 3 years of age: consult a dental to the swals of the swals of age: consult a dental to the swals of the swal

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**SUCTION** 

Drug Facts
Active Ingredient

Directions
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**SUCTION TOOTHBRUSH** 

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Questions? Call toll-free 800-323-2220. Patents: www.sageproducts.com/patents

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Petite Oral Cleansing & Suctioning System with 0.12% Chlorhexidine Gluconate (CHG) Oral Rinse



Reorder #6974

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Directions

Directions

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- Attach Suction Catheter to suction line.

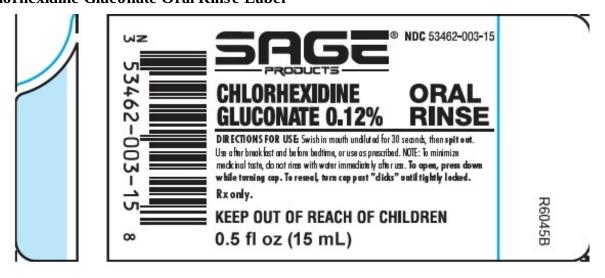
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To suction, place thumb over port.

To clear bubing, rinse with sterile sales or appropriate solution.



#### 0.12% Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse Label



DESCRIPTION: Uniornexione Gluconate is an oral rinse containing 0.12% chlorhexidine gluconate (1,1<sup>1</sup>-hexamethylene bis[5-{p-chlorophenyl) biguanide] di-D-gluconate) in a base containing water, 11.6% alcohol, glycerin, PEG-40 sorbitan diisostearate, flavor, sodium saccharin, and FD&C Blue No. 1. Chlorhexidine Gluconate is a near-neutral solution (pH range 5-7). Chlorhexidine Gluconate is a salt of chlorhexidine and gluconic acid. Its chemical structure is:

CLINICAL PHARMACOLO GY: Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse provides antimicrobial activity during oral rinsing. The clinical significance of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse's antimicrobial activities is not clear. Microbiological sampling of plaque has shown a general reduction of counts of certain assayed bacteria, both aerobic and anaerobic, ranging from 54-97% through six months use.

Use of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse in a six month clinical study did not result in any significant changes in bacterial resistance, overgrowth of potentially opportunistic — organisms or other adverse changes in the oral microbial ecosystem. Three months after Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse was discontinued, the number of bacteria in plaque had returned to baseline levels and resistance of plaque bacteria to chlorhexidine gluconate was equal to that at baseline.

PHARMACOKINETICS: Pharmacokinetic studies with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse indicate approximately 30% of the active ingredient, chlorhexidine gluconate, is retained in the oral cavity following rinsing. This retained drug is slowly released in the oral fluids. Studies conducted on human subjects and animals demonstrate chlorhexidine gluconate is poorly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. The mean plasma level of chlorhexidine gluconate reached a peak of 0.206 mcg/g in humans 30 minutes after they ingested a 300 mg dose of the drug. Detectable levels of chlorhexidine gluconate were not present in the plasma of these subjects 12 hours after the compound was administered. Excretion of chlorhexidine gluconate occurred primarily through the feces (~90%). Less than 1% of the chlorhexidine gluconate ingested by these subjects was excreted in the urine.

INDICATION AND USAGE: Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is indicated for use between dental visits as part of a professional program for the treatment of gingivitis as characterized by redness and swelling of the gingivae, including gingival bleeding upon probing. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse has not been tested among patients with acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis (ANUG). For patients having coexisting gingivitis and periodontitis, see PRECAUTIONS.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be used by persons who are known to be hypersensitive to chlorhexidine gluconate or other formula ingredients.

WARNINGS: The effect of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse on periodontitis has not been determined. An increase in supragingival calculus was noted in clinical testing in Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse users compared with control users. It is not known if Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse user sesults in an increase in subginging calculus. Calculus deposits should be removed by a dental prophylaxis at intervals not greater than six months. Anaphylaxis, as well as serious allergic reactions, have been reported during postmarketing use with dental products containing chlorhexidine, see CONTRAINDICATIONS.

#### PRECAUTIONS:

 For patients having coexisting gingivitis and periodonitiis, the presence or absence of gingival inflammation following treatment with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be used as a major indicator of underlying periodonitiis.

periodontitis.

2. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse can cause staining of oral surfaces, such as tooth surfaces, restorations, and the dorsum of the tongue. Not all patients will experience a visually significant increase in toothstaining. In clinical testing, 56% of Chlorhexidine.

Gluconate Oral Rinse users exhibited a measurable increase in facial anterior stain, compared to 35% of control users after six months; 15% of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse users developed what was judged to be heavy stain, compared to 1% of control users after six months. Stain will be more pronounced in patients who have heavier accumulations of unremoved plaque. Stain resulting from use of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse does not adversely affect health of the gingivae or other oral tissues. Stain can be removed from most tooth surfaces by conventional professional prophylactic techniques. Additional time may be required to complete the prophylaxis. Discretion should be used when prescribing to patients with anterior facial restorations with rough surfaces or

observed in rats at doses up to 100 mg/kg/day.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: The most common side effects associated with chlorhexidine gluconate oral rinses are: 1) an increase in staining of teeth and other oral surfaces; 2) an increase in calculus formation; and 3) an alteration in taste perception; see WARNINGS and PRECAUTIONS. Oral irritation and local allergy-type symptoms have been spontaneously reported as side effects associated with use of chlorhexidine gluconate rinse. The following oral mucosal side effects were reported during placebo-controlled adult clinical trials: aphthous ulcer, grossly obvious gingivitis, trauma, ulceration, erythema, desquamation, coated tongue, keratinization, geographic tongue, mucocele, and short frenum. Each occurred at a frequency of less than 1%. Among post marketing reports, the most frequently reported oral mucosal symptoms associated with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse are stomattils, gingivitis, glossitis, ulcer, dry mouth, hypesthesia, glossal edema, and paresthesia. Minor irritation and superficial desquamation of the oral mucosa have been noted in patients using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. There have been cases of parotid gland swelling and inflammation of the salivary glands (sialadenitis)-reported in patients using – Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse.

OVERDOSAGE: Ingestion of 1 or 2 ounces of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse by a small child (~10 kg body weight) might result in gastric distress, including nausea, or signs of alcohol intoxication. Medical attention should be sought if more than 4 ounces of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is ingested by a small child or it signs of alcohol intoxication develop.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION: Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse therapy should be initiated directly following a dental prophylaxis. Patients using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should be reevaluated and given a thorough prophylaxis at intervals no longer than six months. Recommended use is twice daily oral rinsing for 30 seconds, morning and evening after toothbrushing. Usual dosage is 15 mL of undiluted Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. Patients should be instructed to not rinse with water, or other mouthwashes, brush teeth, or eat immediately after using Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is not intended for ingestion and should be expectorated after rinsing.

HOW SUPPLIED: Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is supplied as a blue liquid in single dose 0.5 fluid ounce (15mL) amber plastic bottles with child-resistant dispensing closures. STORE at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), excursions permitted to 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) [See USP controlled Room Temperature].

Rx only. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

WHAT TO EXPECT WHEN USING CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE ORAL RINSE YOur dentist has prescribed Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse to treat your gingivitis, to help reduce the redness, and swelling of yours, and also to help you control any gum bleeding. Use Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse regularly, as directed by your dentist, in addition to daily brushing. Spit out after use. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be swallowed.

If you develop allergic symptoms such as skin rash, itch, generalized swelling, breathing difficulties, light headedness, rapid heart rate, upset stomach or diarrhea, seek medical attention immediately. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse should not be used by persons who have a sensitivity to it or its components.

Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse may cause some tooth discoloration, or increase in tartar (calculus) formation, particularly in areas where stain and tartar usually form. It is important to see your dentist for removal of any stain or tartar at least every six months or more frequently if your dentist advises.

- Both stain and tartar can be removed by your dentist or hygienist. Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse may cause permanent discoloration
- Oral Rinse may cause permanent discoloration of some front-tooth fillings.

  To minimize discoloration, you should brush and floss daily, emphasizing areas which begin to discolor.
- Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse may taste bitter-to-some patients and can affect-how-foods and beverages taste. This will become less noticeable in most cases with continued use of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse.
  To avoid taste interference, rinse with
- To avoid taste interference, rinse with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse after meals.
   Do not rinse with water or other mouthwashes immediately after rinsing with Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse.

If you have any questions or comments about Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse, contact your dentist or pharmacist.

Call your healthcare provider for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

INGREDIENTS: 0.12% chlorhexidine gluconate in a base containing water, 11.6% alcohol, glycerin, PEG-40 sorbitan diisostearate, flavor, sodium saccharin, and FD&C Blue No. 1.

STORE at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F), excursions permitted to 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F) [See USP controlled Room Temperature]

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margins. If natural stain cannot be removed from these surfaces by a dental prophylaxis, patients should be excluded from Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse treatment if permanent discoloration is unacceptable. Stain in these areas may be difficult to remove by dental prophylaxis and on rare occasions may necessitate replacement of these restorations.

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PREGNANCY: TERATO GENIC EFFECTS
Pregnancy-Category-B. -Reproduction-Studies —
have been performed in rats and rabbits at
chlorhexidine gluconate doses up to
300 mg/kg/day and 40 mg/kg/day respectively,
and have not revealed evidence of harm to fetus.
However, adequate and well-controlled studies in
pregnant women have not been done. Because
animal reproduction studies are not always
predictive of human response, this drug should
be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

NURSING MOTHERS: It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse is administered to nursing women. In parturition and lactation studies with rats, no evidence of impaired parturition or of toxic effects to suckling pups was observed when chlorhexidine gluconate was administered to dams at doses that were over 100 times greater than that which would result from a person's ingesting 30 m Lof Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse per day.

PEDIATRIC USE: Clinical effectiveness and safety of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Oral Rinse have not been established in children under the age of 18.

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#### **QCARE RX PETITE ORAL CLEANSING AND SUCTIONING SYSTEM**

chlorhexidine gluconate and cetylpyridinium chloride kit

#### **Product Information**

Product Type HUMAN OTC DRUG Item Code (Source) NDC:53462-974

l	Packaging				
	#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
		NDC:53462- 974-16	1 in 1 KIT; Type 4: Device Coated/Impregnated/Otherwise Combined with Drug	10/21/2016	

# Quantity of Parts Part # Package Quantity Total Product Quantity Part 1 1 Part 2 2 BOTTLE 30 mL in 2

28 mL in 4

#### Part 1 of 3

Part 3 4 POUCH

#### **SODIUM BICARBONATE**

other oral hygiene products powder

#### **Product Information**

Route of Administration BUCCAL

Other Ingredients		
Ingredient Kind	Ingredient Name	Quantity
INGR	SO DIUM BICARBO NATE (UNII: 8 MDF5 V39 QO)	
INGR	CARBOXYMETHYLCELLULOSE SODIUM (UNII: K679OBS311)	
INGR	SO DIUM LAURYL SULFATE (UNII: 368 GB5141J)	
INGR	SO DIUM BENZO ATE (UNII: OJ245FE5EU)	
INGR	WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)	
INGR	SACCHARIN SODIUM (UNII: SB8ZUX40TY)	

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
Cosmetic			

#### Part 2 of 3

#### **CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE 0.12% ORAL RINSE**

chlorhexidine gluconate liquid

<b>Product Information</b>	
Item Code (Source)	NDC:53462-003
Route of Administration	BUCCAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE (UNII: MOR84MUD8E) (CHLORHEXIDINE - UNII:R4KO0DY52L)	CHLORHEXIDINE GLUCONATE	1.2 [iU] in 1 mL		

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
GLYCERIN (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)				
PEG-40 SORBITAN DIISOSTEARATE (UNII: JL4CCU7I1G)				
ALCOHOL (UNII: 3K9958V90M)				
FD&C BLUE NO. 1 (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)				
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)				
SACCHARIN SODIUM (UNII: SB8ZUX40TY)				

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	<b>Marketing Start Date</b>	Marketing End Date
1		2 in 1 PACKET		
1		15 mL in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

### Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA077789	0 1/20/20 14	

#### Part 3 of 3

#### **CORINZ**

cetylpyridinium chloride rinse

#### **Product Information**

Item Code (Source)	NDC:53462-375
Route of Administration	ORAL

## Active Ingredient/Active Moiety Ingredient Name Basis of Strength CETYLPYRIDINIUM CHLORIDE (UNII: D9 OM4SK49 P) (CETYLPYRIDINIUM - CETYLPYRIDINIUM ONII: CUB7JI0JV3) CHLORIDE 0.5 mg in 1 mL

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)				
GLYCERIN (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)				
XYLITOL (UNII: VCQ006KQ1E)				
POTASSIUM SORBATE (UNII: 1VPU26JZZ4)				
POLYSORBATE 20 (UNII: 7T1F30V5YH)				
POLYSORBATE 80 (UNII: 6OZP39ZG8H)				
HYDRO XYETHYL CELLULO SE (4000 MPA.S AT 1%) (UNII: ZYD53NBL45)				
CITRIC ACID MONOHYDRATE (UNII: 2968 PHW8 QP)				
SACCHARIN SODIUM (UNII: SB8ZUX40TY)				
MENTHOL, UNSPECIFIED FORM (UNII: L7T10 EIP3A)				

I	Packaging			
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1		4 in 1 PACKET		
1		7 mL in 1 POUCH; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information						
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date			
OTC monograph not final	part356	0 1/11/20 16				
Marketing Information						
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date			
OTC monograph not final	part356	10/21/2016				

## Labeler - Sage Products LLC (054326178)

### **Registrant -** Sage Products LLC (054326178)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
Sage Products LLC		054326178	manufacture(53462-974, 53462-003, 53462-375)	

Revised: 12/2016 Sage Products LLC