PENNOX 50- oxytetracycline powder Pharmgate Animal Health

Pennox 50®

Oxytetracyline

Type A Medicated Article

Active Drug Ingredients: Oxytetracycline (from oxytetracycline dihydrate base) equivalent to 50 grams Oxytetracycline Hydrochloride/lb.

Ingredients: Oxytetracycline, Calcium Carbonate, Roughage Products and Mineral Oil.

For Use in the Manufacture of Medicated Feeds. Do Not Feed Undiluted.

CAUTION: For use in Dry Feeds ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS

Directions For Use

Indications For Use	Use Level of Oxytetracycline	lbs. of Pennox 50 per ton
Chickens		
For Chickens: Control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> , control of fowl cholera caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> sensitive to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7 - 14 days)	e 100-200 g/ton	2.0 - 4.0
For Chickens: Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> and <i>Escherichia coli</i> susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7 - 14 days).	400 g/ton	8.0
For Broiler Chickens: Reduction of mortality due to air sacculitis (air sac infection) caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> susceptible to oxytetracycline (Feed continuously for 5 days).	500 g/ton	10.0

Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: Do not feed to chickens producing eggs for human consumption. Do not use in low calcium feed containing less than 0.55% dietary calcium. Use in such feeds may result in violative residues. 24 hour withdrawal period at 500 g/ton use level. No withdrawal period is required when used according to labeling at 100 – 200 g/ton and 400 g/ton use levels.

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Turkeys			
For Turkeys: Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7 - 14 days). For Turkeys: Control of infectious synovitis	100 g/ton	2.0	
FOR TURKEYS: CONTROLOLINIECHOUS SYNOVIUS			

caused by *Mycoplasma synoviae* susceptible to oxytetracycline (Feed continuously for 7 - 14 days)

200g/ton

4.0

For Turkeys: Control of complicating bacterial

organisms associated with bluecomb

(transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis)

susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed

continuously for 7 - 14 days)

Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: Do not feed to turkeys producing

25 mg/lb body weight/day

Swine

For Swine: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella choleraesuis susceptible to oxytetracycline and treatment of bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days.)

eggs for human consumption. Zero-day withdrawal period.

Feed approximately 400 g/t, varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 mg/lb body weight/ day.

For Breeding Swine: Control and treatment of leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortion and shedding of leptospirae) caused by Leptospira pomona susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 14 days)

Feed approximately 400 g/t, varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 mg/lb body weight/ day.

Withdrawal Periods: Zero-day withdrawal period.

Calves, Beef Cattle, and Nonlactating Dairy Cattle

For Growing Cattle (over 400 lbs.): For the

reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses.

(Use continuously)

For Cattle: For the prevention and treatment of the early stages of the shipping fever complex. (Feed 3-5 days before and after arrival in feedlots.)

0.5-2.0g/head/day

75 mg/head/day

For Calves, Beef Cattle, and Nonlactating

Dairy Cattle: Treatment of bacterial enteritis

caused by *Escherichia coli* and bacterial

pneumonia (shipping fever complex) caused by

Pasteurella multocida susceptible to

oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

10 mg/lb. body weight/day

Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: This drug product is not approved for use in female dairy cattle 20 months of age or older, including dry dairy cows. Use in these cattle may cause drug residues in milk, and/or in calves born to these cows. 5-day withdrawal period at 10 mg/lb. body weight/day use level. No withdrawal period is required when used according to labeling at 75 mg/head/day and 0.5 - 2.0 g/head/day use level.

Sheep

For Sheep: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by *Escherichia coli* and bacterial

pneumonia caused by *Pasteurella multocida* susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

Withdrawal Periods: 5-day withdrawal period.

Honey Bees

Honey Bees: Control of American Foulbrood caused by *Paenibacillus larvae*, and European Foulbrood caused by *Melissococcus plutonius* susceptible to oxytetracycline.

200 mg/oz (Dusting) 200 mg/5 lb (Syrup) 800 mg/paty (Extender Patty)

10 mg/lb. body weight/day

See Mixing, Preparation, and Feeding Directions below.

Mixing Directions for Honey Bees

To manufacture a Type B medicated feed containing 20g/lb of oxytetracycline hydrochloride activity, mix 10 lb of Pennox 50 with 15 lb of powdered sugar (for a total of 25 lb.) To manufacture a Type C medicated feed containing 200 mg of oxytetracycline hydrochloride activity per oz (dusting Type C medicated feed), mix 14 lb of Pennox 50 with 204 lb of powdered sugar (for a total of 218 lb). The resulting Type C medicated feed is fed as-is for dusting, or is used to prepare syrup and extender patty feeds.

Feeding Directions for Dusting:

Dusting: Apply 1 oz (200 mg oxytetracycline) of dusting Type C medicated feed per colony every 4 to 5 days for a total of 3 applications. Apply the dust on the outer parts or ends of the frames.

Caution: Dusting of uncapped brood cells has been reported to cause death of larval honey bees. Do not dust uncapped brood cells.

Preparation and Feeding Directions for Syrup:

Preparation: First dissolve 1 oz (200 mg oxytetracycline) of the dusting Type C medicated feed in a small quantity of water, then mix into 5 lb of 1:1 sugar syrup (equal parts sugar and water w/w).

Feeding: Feed 5 lb of syrup (200 mg oxytetracycline) per colony every 4 to 5 days for a total of 3 applications. Bulk feed the syrup using feeder pails, or division board feeders, or by filling the combs. Prepare fresh syrup for each application.

Preparation and Feeding Directions for Extender Patty:

Preparation: Make one patty by mixing 4 oz (800 mg oxytetracycline) of the dusting Type C medicated feed with 5.8 oz (165 g) of vegetable shortening and 11.6 oz (330 g) of sugar.

Feeding: Place one patty per colony on the top bars of the brood nest frames in a single application.

Warnings:

Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: Remove at least 6 weeks prior to main honey flow. Type C medicated feeds should be fed in the spring or fall and consumed by the bees before main honey flow begins to avoid contamination of production honey. Honey stored during medication periods in combs for surplus honey should be removed following final medication of the bee colony and must not be used for human food.

Warning: Do not use in a manner contrary to state apiary laws and regulations. Each state has specific regulations relative to disease control and medications. Contact the appropriate official or state departments of agriculture for specific inter- and intrastate laws and regulations.

Approved by FDA under NADA # 138-938

Pennox 50® is the registered trademark of Pharmgate Inc.

Marketed by: **Pharmgate Animal Health, LLC** 14040 Industrial Road Omaha, NE 68144



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 22.68 Kg Bag Label

Pennox 50®

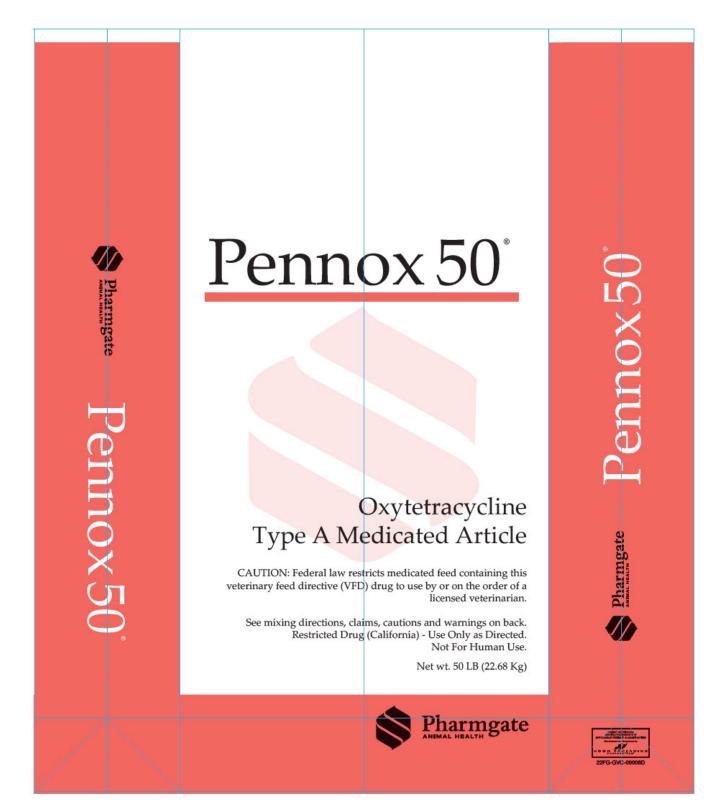
Oxytetracycline Type A Medicated Article

CAUTION: Federal law restricts medicated feed containing this veterinary feed directive (VFD) drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

See mixing directions, claims, cautions and warnings on back. Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed. Not For Human Use.

Net wt. 50 LB (22.68 Kg)

Pharmgate ANIMAL HEALTH



Pennox 50°

Oxytetracycline Type A Medicated Article

lbs. of Pennox 50®

perton

Use Levels of

75 mg/head/day

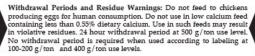
0.5-20g/head/day

10 mg/lb. body weight/day

For Use in the Manufacture of Medicated Feeds. Do Not Feed Undiluted. CAUTION: For use in Dry Feeds ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS

Directions For Use

Indications For Use	Use Levels of Oxytetracycline	lbs. of Pennox 50 [®] per ton	Indications For Use	Us
Chickens			Calves, Beef Cattle, and Nonlactating Dairy Cattle	le
For Chickens: Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synovias; control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida sensitive to	100-200g/ton	20-40	For Growing Cattle (over 400 lbs.): For the reduction of the incidence of liver abscesses. (Use continuously)	75
oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)			For Cattle: For the prevention and treatment of the early stages of the shipping fever complex. (Feed 3-5	0.5
For Chickens: Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by Mycoplasma	400g/ton	8.0	days before and after arrival in feedlots.)	
gallisepticum and Escherichia coli susceptible to			For Calves, Beef Cattle and Nonlactating Dairy	10
oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)			Cattle: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and bacterial pneumonia (shipping	
For Broiler Chickens: Reduction of mortality due to air sacculitis (air sac infection) caused by Escherichia oil: susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 5 days)	500g/ton	10.0	fever complex) caused by Pasteurella multipud susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)	
		250 16	Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: The	ds o



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Turkeys

For Turkeys: Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

For Turkeys: Control of Infectious synovitis caused 200g/ton by Mycoplasma synoviae susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

For Turkeys: Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis) susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

25 mg/lb. body weight/day

Feed approximately 400g/t,

Feed approximately 400g/t,

varying with body weight

and feed consumption to provide 10mg/lb. body

varying with body weight and feed consumption to

provide 10mg/lb. body

weight/day

velght/day

20

40

100g/ton



Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: Do not feed to turkeys producing eggs for human consumption. Zero-day withdrawal period.

For Swine: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella choleraesuis susceptible to oxytetracycline and treatment of bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

For Breeding Swine: Control and treatment of leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortion and shedding of leptospirae) caused by *Leptospira pomona* susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for

🕨 Withdrawal Periods: Zero-day withdrawal period. 🌓

Sheep

For Sheep: Treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by 10 mg/lb. body weight/day Escherichia coli and bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Feed continuously for 7-14 days)

Withdrawal Periods: 5-day withdrawal period.

Approved by FDA under NADA # 138-938

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Honey Bees

200 mg/oz (Dusting) Control of American Foulbrood caused by 200 mg/5 lb (Syrup) Paenibacillus larvae, and European Foulbrood caused by Melissococcus 800 mg/patty plutonius susceptible to oxytetracycline. (Extender Patty)

See Mixing, Preparation, and Feeding Directions below.

Mixing Directions for Honey Bees

To manufacture a Type B medicated feed containing 20 g/Ib of oxytetracycline hydrochloride activity, mix 10 Ib of Pennox 50 with 15 Ib of powdered sugar (for a total of 25 Ib.)

To manufacture a Type C medicated feed containing 200 mg of oxytetracycline hydrochloride activity per oz (dusting Type C medicated feed), mix 14 lb of Pennox 50 with 204 lb of powdered sugar (for a total of 218 lb). The resulting Type C medicated feed

is fed as-is for dusting, or is used to prepare syrup and extender patty feeds. Feeding Directions for Dusting:

Dusting: Apply 1 oz. (200 mg oxytetracycline) of dusting Type C medicated feed per colony every 4 to 5 days for a total of 3 applications. Apply the dust on the outer parts or ends of the

Caution: Dusting of uncapped brood cells has been reported to cause death of larval honey bees. Do not dust uncapped brood cells.

Preparation and Feeding Directions for Syrup:

Preparation: First dissolve 1 oz (200 mg oxytetracycline) of the dusting Type C medicated feed in a small quantity of water, then mix into 5 lb of 1: 1 sugar syrup (equal parts sugar and

Feeding Feed 5 lb of syrup (200 mg oxytetracycline) per colony every 4 to 5 days for a total of 3 applications. Bulk feed the syrup using feeder pails, or division board feeders, or by filling the combs. Prepare fresh syrup for each application.

Preparation and Feeding Directions for Extender Patty:

Preparation: Make one patty by mixing 4 oz (800 mg oxytetracycline) of the dusting Type C medicated feed with 5.8 oz (165 g) of vegetable shortening and 11.6 oz (330 g) of sugar. Feeding Place one patty per colony on the top bars of the brood nest frames in a single

application.

Withdrawal Periods and Residue Warnings: Remove at least 6 weeks prior to main honey flow. Type C medicated feeds should be fed in the spring or fall and consumed by the bees before main honey flow begins to avoid contamination of production honey. Honey stored during medication periods in combs for surplus honey should be removed following final medication of the bee colony and must not be used for human food

Warning: Do not use in a manner contrary to state apiary laws and regulations. Each state has specific regulations relative to disease control and medication. Contact the appropriate official or state departments of agriculture for specific inter- and intrastate laws and regulations.

REV 06-22 BAG A





14040 Industrial Road
Omaha, Nebraska 68144

PENNOX 50

oxytetracycline powder

Product Information					
Product Type	VFD TYPE A MEDICATED ARTICLE ANIMAL DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:51429- 053		
Route of Administration	ORAL				

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
Oxytetracycline (UNII: X20I9EN955) (Oxytetracycline Anhydrous - UNII:SLF0D9077S)	Oxytetracycline	110 g in 1 kg	

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
Calcium Carbonate (UNII: H0G9379FGK)			
Mineral Oil (UNII: T5L8T28FGP)			

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:51429-053-02	22.68 kg in 1 BAG			

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NADA	NADA138938	12/23/2008		

Labeler - Pharmgate Animal Health (833270817)

Registrant - Pharmgate Inc. (079628671)

Revised: 10/2023 Pharmgate Animal Health