

# **MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE- meclizine hydrochloride tablet**

## **Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.**

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### **HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION**

**These highlights do not include all the information needed to use MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS.**

**MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE tablets, for oral use**  
**Initial U.S. Approval: 1957**

### **INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

Meclizine hydrochloride tablets are indicated for the treatment of vertigo associated with diseases affecting the vestibular system in adults (1).

### **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

- Recommended dosage: 25 mg to 100 mg daily, in divided doses (2.1).
- Tablets: Swallow whole (2.2).

### **DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

- Tablets: 12.5 mg, and 25 mg (3).

### **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Meclizine hydrochloride tablets are contraindicated in patients with hypersensitivity to meclizine or any of the inactive ingredients (4).

### **WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

- May cause drowsiness: Use caution when driving a car or operating dangerous machinery (5.1).
- Potential anticholinergic action: this drug should be prescribed with care to patients with a history of asthma, glaucoma, or enlargement of the prostate gland (5.2).

### **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

Common adverse reactions are anaphylactic reaction, drowsiness, dry mouth, headache, fatigue, and vomiting. On rare occasions blurred vision has been reported (6).

**To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc. at 1-877-993-8779 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).**

### **DRUG INTERACTIONS**

- Coadministration of meclizine hydrochloride with other CNS depressants, including alcohol, may result in increased CNS depression (7.1).
- CYP2D6 inhibitors: As meclizine is metabolized by CYP2D6, there is a potential for drug-drug interactions between meclizine hydrochloride and CYP2D6 inhibitors (7.2).

**See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION.**

**Revised: 8/2023**

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\* Sections or subsections omitted from the full prescribing information are not listed.

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## **FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION**

### **1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

Meclizine hydrochloride tablets are indicated for the treatment of vertigo associated with diseases affecting the vestibular system in adults.

### **2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION**

#### **2.1 Recommended Dosage**

The recommended dosage is 25 mg to 100 mg daily administered orally, in divided doses, depending upon clinical response.

#### **2.2 Administration Instructions**

Meclizine hydrochloride tablets must be swallowed whole.

### **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

- 12.5 mg: Light blue to blue colored, spotted, oval shaped, biconvex uncoated tablet, debossed with '1161' on one side and plain on the other side
- 25 mg: Light yellow to yellow colored, spotted, oval shaped, biconvex uncoated tablets debossed with '1162' on one side and plain on the other side

### **4 CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Meclizine hydrochloride tablets are contraindicated in patients with a hypersensitivity to meclizine or any of the inactive ingredients [see *Adverse Reactions (6) and Description (11)*].

### **5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

#### **5.1 Drowsiness**

Since drowsiness may occur with use of meclizine hydrochloride, patients should be warned of this possibility and cautioned against driving a car or operating dangerous machinery.

Patients should avoid alcoholic beverages while taking meclizine hydrochloride [see *Drug Interactions (7.1)*].

#### **5.2 Concurrent Medical Conditions**

Because of its potential anticholinergic action, meclizine hydrochloride should be used with caution in patients with asthma, glaucoma, or enlargement of the prostate gland.

### **6 ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The following adverse reactions associated with the use of meclizine hydrochloride were identified in clinical studies or postmarketing reports. Because some of these reactions were reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

Anaphylactic reaction, drowsiness, dry mouth, headache, fatigue, and vomiting. On rare occasions blurred vision has been reported.

### **7 DRUG INTERACTIONS**

#### **7.1 CNS Depressants**

There may be increased CNS depression when meclizine hydrochloride is administered concurrently with other CNS depressants, including alcohol [see *Warnings and Precautions (5.1)*].

#### **7.2 CYP2D6 Inhibitors**

Based on *in-vitro* evaluation, meclizine is metabolized by CYP2D6. Therefore, there is a possibility for a drug interaction between meclizine hydrochloride and CYP2D6 inhibitors.

Therefore, monitor for adverse reactions and clinical effect accordingly.

## **8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS**

### **8.1 Pregnancy**

#### Risk Summary

Data from epidemiological studies have not generally indicated a drug-associated risk of major birth defects with meclizine during pregnancy. However, in a published study, an increased incidence of fetal malformations was observed following oral administration of meclizine to pregnant rats during the period of organogenesis, at doses similar to those used clinically.

In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2% to 4% and 15% to 20%, respectively. The background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage for the indicated population is unknown.

#### Data

##### *Human Data*

Epidemiological studies reporting on pregnancies exposed to meclizine have not identified an association between the use of meclizine during pregnancy and an increased risk of major birth defects.

##### *Animal Data*

In a published study, oral administration of meclizine (25 mg/kg to 250 mg/kg) to pregnant rats during the period of organogenesis resulted in a high incidence of fetal malformations. These effects occurred at doses as low as 25 mg/kg, which is approximately 2 times the maximum recommended human dose (100 mg) on a body surface area (mg/m<sup>2</sup>) basis.

### **8.2 Lactation**

#### Risk Summary

There are no data on the presence of meclizine in human milk, the effects on the breastfed infant, or the effects on milk production. The developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for meclizine hydrochloride and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from meclizine hydrochloride or from the underlying maternal condition.

### **8.4 Pediatric Use**

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established.

### **8.5 Geriatric Use**

In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardiac function, and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

## 8.6 Hepatic Impairment

The effect of hepatic impairment on the pharmacokinetics of meclizine has not been evaluated. As meclizine hydrochloride undergoes metabolism, hepatic impairment may result in increased systemic exposure of meclizine. Treatment with meclizine hydrochloride should be administered with caution in patients with hepatic impairment.

## 8.7 Renal Impairment

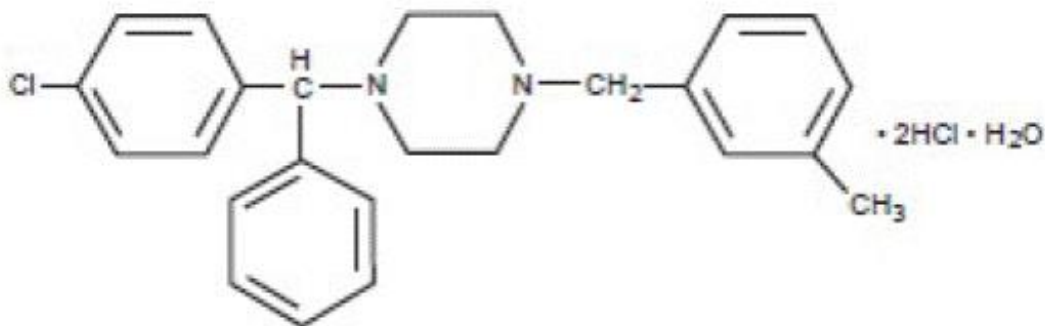
The effect of renal impairment on the pharmacokinetics of meclizine has not been evaluated. Because of a potential for drug/metabolite accumulation, meclizine hydrochloride should be administered with caution in patients with renal impairment and in the elderly, as renal function generally declines with age.

## 8.8 Genetic CYP2D6 Polymorphism

The genetic polymorphism of CYP2D6 that results in poor-, intermediate-, extensive-, and ultrarapid metabolizer phenotypes could contribute to large inter-individual variability in meclizine exposure. Therefore, when meclizine hydrochloride is administered to patients with CYP2D6 polymorphism, monitor for adverse reactions and clinical effect accordingly.

## 11 DESCRIPTION

Meclizine hydrochloride, a histamine (H<sub>1</sub>) receptor antagonist, is a white to slightly yellowish, crystalline powder. It has the following structural formula:



Chemically, meclizine hydrochloride, USP is 1-(p-chloro- $\alpha$ -phenylbenzyl)-4-(m-methylbenzyl) piperazine dihydrochloride monohydrate.

Inactive ingredients for the tablets are: hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, silicon dioxide and sodium starch glycolate. In addition, the 12.5 mg tablet contains FD&C Blue # 1 Aluminum Lake; and the 25 mg tablet contains D&C Yellow # 10 Aluminum Lake and FD&C Yellow # 6 Aluminum Lake.

Each meclizine hydrochloride 12.5 mg tablet contains 12.5 mg of meclizine dihydrochloride equivalent to 10.53 mg of meclizine free base.

Each meclizine hydrochloride 25 mg tablet contains 25 mg of meclizine dihydrochloride equivalent to 21.07 mg of meclizine free base.

## **12 CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY**

### **12.1 Mechanism of Action**

The precise mechanism by which meclizine exerts its therapeutic effect is unknown but is presumed to involve antagonism of the histamine H1 receptor.

### **12.2 Pharmacodynamics**

There are no relevant pharmacodynamic data regarding meclizine.

### **12.3 Pharmacokinetics**

The available pharmacokinetic information for meclizine following oral administration has been summarized from published literature.

#### Absorption

Meclizine is absorbed after oral administration with maximum plasma concentrations reaching at a median  $T_{max}$  value of 3 hours post-dose (range: 1.5 to 6 hours) for the tablet dosage form.

#### Distribution

Drug distribution characteristics for meclizine in humans are unknown.

#### Elimination

Meclizine has a plasma elimination half-life of about 5 to 6 hours in humans.

#### *Metabolism*

In an *in vitro* metabolic study using human hepatic microsome and recombinant CYP enzyme, CYP2D6 was found to be the dominant enzyme for metabolism of meclizine.

## **13 NONCLINICAL TOXICOLOGY**

### **13.1 Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility**

#### Carcinogenesis

Animal studies to assess the carcinogenic potential of meclizine have not been conducted.

#### Mutagenesis

Genetic toxicology studies of meclizine have not been conducted.

#### Impairment of Fertility

Animal studies to assess the effects of meclizine on fertility and early embryonic development have not been conducted.

## **16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING**

## 16.1 How Supplied

Meclizine Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 12.5 mg are light blue to blue colored, spotted, oval shaped, biconvex uncoated tablet, debossed with '1161' on one side and plain on the other side and are supplied as follows:

NDC 70710-1161-3 in bottles of 30 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1161-9 in bottles of 90 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1161-1 in bottles of 100 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1161-0 in bottles of 1000 tablets with non-child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1161-4 in unit-dose blister cartons of 100 tablets (10 X 10 Unit-dose)

Meclizine Hydrochloride Tablets USP, 25 mg are light yellow to yellow colored, spotted, oval shaped, biconvex uncoated tablets debossed with '1162' on one side and plain on the other side and are supplied as follows:

NDC 70710-1162-3 in bottles of 30 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1162-9 in bottles of 90 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1162-1 in bottles of 100 tablets with child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1162-0 in bottles of 1000 tablets with non-child-resistance closure

NDC 70710-1162-4 in unit-dose blister cartons of 100 tablets (10 X 10 Unit-dose)

## 16.2 Storage and Handling

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container (USP).

## 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

### Administration Instructions

Advise patients that the tablets must be swallowed whole. [see *Dosage and Administration (2.1)*].

### Adverse Reactions

Advise patients that meclizine hydrochloride may cause anaphylactic reaction, drowsiness, dry mouth, headache, fatigue, vomiting and, on rare occasions, blurred vision [see *Warnings and Precautions (5.1)*, *Adverse Reactions (6)*].

Inform patients that meclizine hydrochloride may impair their ability to engage in potentially dangerous activities, such as operating machinery or vehicles.

### Concomitant Drug Interactions

Advise patients regarding medications that should not be taken in combination with meclizine hydrochloride or that may necessitate increased monitoring [see *Drug Interactions (7.1, 7.2)*]. Inform patients that alcohol may increase adverse reactions.

### Concurrent Medical Conditions

Advise patients to notify their healthcare provider about all of their medical conditions, including if they are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or if they are breastfeeding [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2), Use in Specific Populations (8.1, 8.2)].

**Manufactured by:**

**Zydus Lifesciences Ltd.,** Ahmedabad, India

**Distributed by:**

**Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.**

Pennington, NJ 08534

Rev.: 08/23

**PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL**

NDC 70710-1161-1

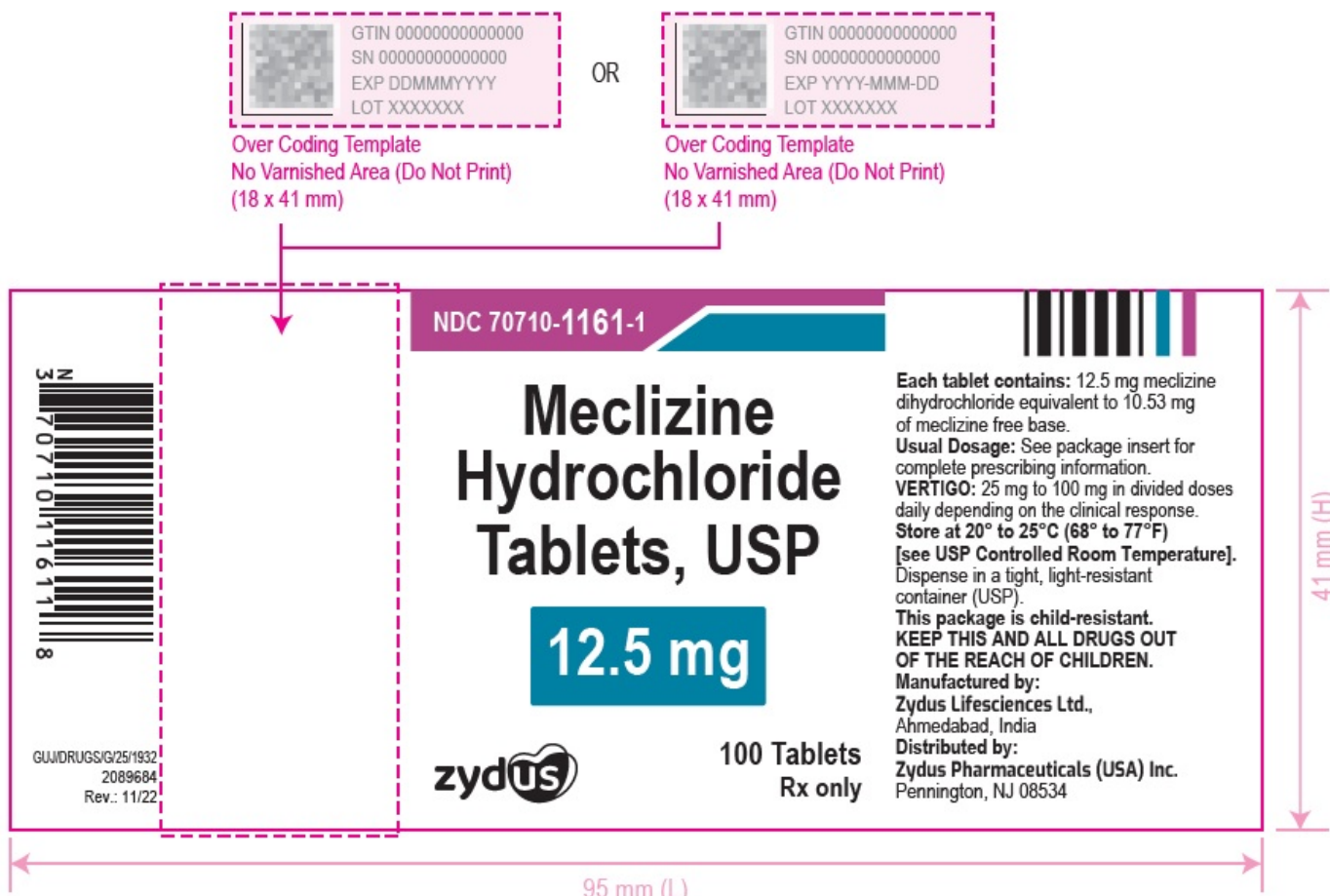
Meclizine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

12.5 mg

100 Tablets

Rx Only

Zydus





NDC 70710-1162-1

Meclizine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP

25 mg

100 Tablets

Rx Only

Zydus



## MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

meclizine hydrochloride tablet

### Product Information

<b>Product Type</b>	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	<b>Item Code (Source)</b>	NDC:70710-1161
<b>Route of Administration</b>	ORAL		

### Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: HDP7W44CIO) (MECLIZINE -	MECLIZINE	12.5 mg

UNII:3L5TQ84570)

HYDROCHLORIDE

12.5 mg

**Inactive Ingredients**

Ingredient Name	Strength
<b>FD&amp;C BLUE NO. 1</b> (UNII: H3R47K3TBD)	
<b>HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (5 MPA.S)</b> (UNII: R75537T0T4)	
<b>LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE</b> (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
<b>MAGNESIUM STEARATE</b> (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
<b>MICROCRYSTALLINE CELLULOSE</b> (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
<b>SILICON DIOXIDE</b> (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)	
<b>SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO</b> (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	

**Product Characteristics**

<b>Color</b>	BLUE (light blue to blue)	<b>Score</b>	no score
<b>Shape</b>	OVAL	<b>Size</b>	10mm
<b>Flavor</b>		<b>Imprint Code</b>	1161
<b>Contains</b>			

**Packaging**

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:70710-1161-3	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
2	NDC:70710-1161-9	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
3	NDC:70710-1161-1	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
4	NDC:70710-1161-0	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
5	NDC:70710-1161-4	10 in 1 CARTON	10/29/2020	
5	NDC:70710-1161-2	10 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

**Marketing Information**

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA213957	10/29/2020	

**MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE**

meclizine hydrochloride tablet

**Product Information**

<b>Product Type</b>	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	<b>Item Code (Source)</b>	NDC:70710-1162
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Route of Administration ORAL

### Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: HDP7W44CIO) (MECLIZINE - UNII:3L5TQ84570)	MECLIZINE HYDROCHLORIDE	25 mg

### Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
D&C YELLOW NO. 10 (UNII: 35SW5USQ3G)	
FD&C YELLOW NO. 6 (UNII: H77VEI93A8)	
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (5 MPA.S) (UNII: R75537T0T4)	
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
MICROCRYSTALLINE CELLULOSE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)	
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	

### Product Characteristics

Color	YELLOW (light yellow to yellow)	Score	no score
Shape	OVAL	Size	13mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	1162
Contains			

### Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:70710-1162-3	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
2	NDC:70710-1162-9	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
3	NDC:70710-1162-1	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
4	NDC:70710-1162-0	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	10/29/2020	
5	NDC:70710-1162-4	10 in 1 CARTON	10/29/2020	
5	NDC:70710-1162-2	10 in 1 BLISTER PACK; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

### Marketing Information

Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA213957	10/29/2020	

**Labeler** - Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc. (156861945)

**Registrant** - Zydus Lifesciences Global FZE (850107010)

**Establishment**

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Zydus Lifesciences Limited		863362789	ANALYSIS(70710-1161, 70710-1162) , MANUFACTURE(70710-1161, 70710-1162)

Revised: 3/2024

Zydus Pharmaceuticals (USA) Inc.