MONOVET 90- monensin granule Huvepharma, Inc.

Monovet®90 (monensin Type A Medicated Article)

Monovet® 90

(monensin Type A medicated article)

For Animal Feed Only <u>Do Not Feed Undiluted</u>

Growing beef steers and heifers fed in confinement for slaughter:

- **A.** For improved feed efficiency.
- **B.** For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Dairy cows:

A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solidscorrected milk per unit of feed intake).

Growing beef steers and heifers on pasture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot:

- **A.** For increased rate of weight gain.
- **B.** For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Replacement beef and dairy heifers:

- **A.** For increased rate of weight gain.
- **B.** For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Beef cows:

- **A.** For improved feed efficiency when receiving supplemental feed.
- **B.** For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Goats maintained in confinement except reproducing or lactating goats:

A. For the prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria crandallis*, *Eimeria christenseni*, and *Eimeria ninakohlyakimovae*.

Calves (excluding veal calves):

A. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

CAUTION: Do not allow horses or other equines access to feeds containing monensin. Ingestion of monensin by horses has been fatal. Monensin medicated cattle and goat feeds are safe for use in cattle and goats only. Consumption by unapproved species may result in toxic reactions. Feeding undiluted or mixing errors resulting in high concentrations of monensin has been fatal to cattle and could be fatal to goats. Must be thoroughly mixed in feeds before use. Do not exceed the levels of monensin recommended in the feeding directions as reduced average daily gains may result. Do not feed to lactating goats. If feed refusals containing monensin are fed to other groups of cattle, the concentration of monensin in the refusals and amount of refusals

fed should be taken into consideration to prevent monensin overdosing.

YOU MAY NOTICE:

- Reduced voluntary feed intake in dairy cows fed monensin. This reduction increases with higher doses of monensin fed. Rule out monensin as the cause of reduced feed intake before attributing to other causes such as illness, feed management, or the environment.
- Reduced milk fat percentage in dairy cows fed monensin. This reduction increases with higher doses of monensin fed.
- Increased incidence and treatment of cystic ovaries and metritis in dairy cows fed monensin.
- Reduced conception rates, increased services per animal, and extended days open and

corresponding calving intervals in dairy cows fed monensin.

Have a comprehensive and ongoing nutritional, reproductive and herd health program in place when feeding monensin to dairy cows.

NOT FOR HUMAN USE

WARNING: A withdrawal time has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be

processed for veal. When mixing and handling **Monovet 90**, use protective clothing, impervious

gloves and a dust mask. Operators should wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. If

accidential eye contact occurs, immediately rinse with water.

To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a

copy of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), contact Huvepharma, Inc. at 1-877-994-4883

or www.huvepharma.us. For additional information about adverse drug experience

reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-FDA-VETS or http://www.fda.gov/reportanimalae.

Store at or below 25°C (77°F). Excursions permitted to 37°C (99°F). Not to be used after date printed on gusset of bag.

Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed

Approved by FDA under ANADA # 200-639

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Directions for Use Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding

Active Drug Ingredients: Monensin USP, 90.7 g per pound.

- I. Growing beef steers and heifers fed in confinement for slaughter:
- **A.** For improved feed efficiency. Feeding Directions: Thoroughly mix **Monovet 90** to make one

ton of complete feed that provides 5 to 40 g/ton monensin on a 90% dry matter

basis (Table 1).

Feed complete feed (5 to 40 g/ton) continuously to growing beef steers and heifers in

confinement to provide not less than 50 nor more than 480 mg monensin per head per day. No

additional improvement in feed efficiency has been shown from feeding monensin at levels greater

than 30 g/ton (360 mg monensin per head per day).

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Feeding Directions: Feed continuously (10 to 40 g/ton) to provide 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound of

body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 480 mg of

monensin per head per day.

II. Dairy Cows:

A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solids-corrected milk

per unit of feed intake).

Feeding Directions:

<u>Total Mixed Rations ("complete feed"):</u> Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a total mixed ration

("complete feed") containing 11 to 22 g/ton monensin on a 100% dry matter basis (Table 2).

<u>Component Feeding Systems (including top dress):</u> Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a Type C

Medicated Feed containing 11 to 400 g/ton monensin (Table 3). The Type C Medicated Feed must be

fed in a minimum of 1 pound of feed per cow per day to provide 185 to 660 mg/head/day monensin

to lactating cows or 115 to 410 mg/head/day monensin to dry cows. This provides cows with similar

amounts of monensin they would receive by consuming total mixed rations containing 11 to 22 g/ton

monensin on a 100% dry matter basis.

Directions for use

continued on the back of the bag

Net Weight: 25 kg (55.12 lb)

Directions for use, continued

III. Growing beef steers and heifers on pasture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot: and

Replacement beef and dairy heifers:

A. For increased rate of weight gain. Feeding Directions: Feed at the rate of not less than 50 nor more

than 200 mg per head per day in not less than one pound of Type C Medicated Feed; or after the 5th

day, feed at the rate of 400 mg per head per day every other day in not less

than 2 pounds of Type C

Medicated Feed. The monensin concentration in the Type C Medicated Feed must be between 15 and 400

grams per ton. During the first 5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained

in not less than 1 pound of feed. Do not self feed.

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate to provide 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound body weight per day,

depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. The monensin

concentration in Type C Medicated Feed must be between 15 and 400 grams per ton. During the first

5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

C. Free-Choice (Self-Fed) Medicated Feeds.

All Type C free-choice medicated leeds containing **Monovet 90** must be manufactured according

to an FDA-approved formula/specification published in the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR),

a Medicated Feed Mill license is not required. Use of **Monovet 90** in a proprietary

formula/specification not published in the CFR requires prior FDA approval and a Medicated

Feed Mill license.

IV. Beef Cows:

A. For improved feed efficiency when receiving supplemental feed.

Feeding Directions: Feed continuously at a rate of 50 to 200 mg per head per day. Blend into a minimum

of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed and either hand feed or mix into the total ration. Feed (other than

the Type C Medicated Feed containing **Monovet 90**) can be restricted to 95% (of normal requirements)

when 50 mg of monensin activity is fed, and to 90% at 200 mg. Cows on pasture or in dry lot must receive

a minimum of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed per head per day. Additionally, a minimum of 16 pounds

(air-dry basis) of roughage such as silage, haylage, ammoniated straw, hay or equivalent feedstuffs should

be fed in order to meet NRC recommendations for beef cows to gain 0.25 to 0.75 pounds per head per day.

Standing, dried winter range forage may not be of adequate quality to result in improved efficiency when

supplemented with **Monovet 90**. During the first 5 days, pastured cattle should receive no more than 100

mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed. Do not self feed.

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending

upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. During the first 5 days,

pastured cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

V. Goats maintained in confinement except reproducing or lactating goats:

A.For prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria crandallis, Eimeria christenseni* and *Eimeria*

ninakohlyakimovae.

Feeding Directions: Feed complete feed (20 g/ton) continuously to goats as the sole ration (Table 1).

VI. Calves (excluding veal calves):

A. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to *Eimeria bovis* and *Eimeria zuernii*.

Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 1.00 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge,

up to a maximum of 200 mg of monensin per head per day. The monensin concentration in Type C Medicated

Feed must be between 10 and 200 g/ton (Table 1).

VII. Type B or C Medicated Feed Mixing Directions (Dry and Liquid):

A. Dry or Liquid

Thoroughly mix the following amounts of **Monovet 90** to make one ton of Type B or C Medicated Feed to

provide the levels shown in Table 1.

Dry Only - An Intermediate blending step should be performed to ensure an adequate mix.

B. Liquid Limitations

- 1. The supplement pH must be between 4.3 7.1.
- 2. Stored liquid Type B Medicated Feeds containing **Monovet 90**: For liquid feeds stored in recirculating

tank systems: Recirculate immediately prior to use for not less than 10 minutes, moving not less than

1 percent of the tank contents per minute from the bottom of the tank to the top. Recirculate daily as

described even when not used. • For liquid feeds stored in mechanical, air or other agitation-type tank

systems: Agitate immediately prior to use for not less than 10 minutes creating a turbulence at the

bottom of the tank that is visible at the top. Agitate daily as described even when not used.

CAUTION: Inadequate mixing (recirculation or agitation) of **monensin** Liquid Type B or C Medicated Feeds has resulted

in increased **monensin** concentration which has been fatal to cattle and could be fatal to goats. • If feed refusals

containing monensin are fed to other groups of cattle, the concentration of monensin in the refusals and amount of

refusals fed should be taken into consideration to prevent monensin overdosing.

Directions for Use: Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding

Table 1: Mixing Directions for Cattle (excluding Dairy Cows), Goat and Calf Feeds

Desired Monensin Concentration in Medicated Feed ^a		Amount of Mo	novet 90 Needed
grams/ton	mg/lb feed	lbs.	grams
5	2.5	0.06	25.00
20	10	0.22	100.02
30	15	0.33	150.03
40	20	0.44	200.04
400	200	4.41	2000.40
1200	600	13.23	6001.19
^a 90% dry matter basis			

Table 2: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cow Total Mixed Rations (TMR)a

Amount of Monovet 90 needed	Desired monensin concentration in	Dry Matter of	Desired monensin concentration, of g/ton in TMR ^d		ı
per ton of Type B, lb ^b	Type B Feed, g/ton; as- fed basis ^c	TMR, %	11 Ib of Type B (as per ton of TMR	15 - fed) ne	22 eded
5.51	500	50 60	22.00 26.40		0 44.00 0 52.80
15.88	1400	50 60	7.64 9.17	10.42 12.50	15.28 18.33
88.20	8000	50 60	1.38 1.65	1.88 2.25	2.75 3.30

^a Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the TMR with desired level of monensin is as follows: ((Desired level of monensin in TMR g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000

Example Diet: Desire 11 g/ton monensin in TMR (dry matter basis), TMR contains 50% dry matter, & Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.

Example Solution: ((11 g/ton) X (0.50 dry matter of TMR) / 500 g/ton monens in Type B) X 2000 = 22 lb of Type B needed per ton of TMR

^b (Desired concentration of monens in Type B feed, g/ton)/90.7 g/lb. Example: 500 g/ton / 90.7 g/lb = 5.51 lb Monovet 90 per ton of Type B

^c It is recommended that Type B feeds containing more than 1440 g/ton be further diluted before mixing into the TMR. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B Medicated Feed: Unmedicated Feed.

^d 100% dry matter basis

Table 3: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cows in Component Feeding Systems (Including Top Dress) a

Amount of Monovet 90	Desired monensin concentration in			
needed per ton	Type B	50	200	400
of	Feed, g/ton; as-	~ •		led per ton of
Type B, lb ^b	fed basis ^c		component fe	ed
5.51	500	200.00	800.00	1600.00
18.74	1700	58.82	235.29	470.59
44.10	4000	25.00	100.00	200.00
88.20	8000	12.50	50.00	100.00

^a Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the component portion of the ration with desired level of monensin is as follows: (Desired level of monensin in component, g/ton / g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000

Example Top Dress: Desire 50 g/ton monensin in component, & Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.

Example Solution: (50 g/ton / 500 g/ton monens in Type B) X 2000 = 200 lb of Type B needed per ton of Top Dress

Unmedicated Feed.

Take Time

Take Time Observe Label Directions

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Bag Front

Net Weight: 25 kg (55.12 lbs)

Huvepharma®

b (Desired concentration of monensin in Type B feed, g/ton)/ 90.7 g/lb. Example: 500 g/ton / 90.7 g/lb = 5.51 lb Monovet 90 per ton of Type B

^c It is recommended that Type B feeds containing more than 1440 g/ton be further diluted before mixing into Top Dress. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B Medicated Feed:







BANCROFT BAG, INC.

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A. For improved feed efficiency.

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to Elmenta bovis and Elmenta zuermit.

A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solids-corrected milk per unit of feed Intake).

Growing beef steess and helifers on pesture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot:

A. For increased rate of weight gain.

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to Elmenta bovis and Elmenta zuermit.

Beplacemente beef and daily helifers.

A. For increased rate of weight gain.

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Gests maintained in confinement accept reproducing or lacetables gests:

A. For the prevention on control of coccidiosis due to Elmenta bovis and Elmenta zuermit.

Calvins (exacteding vesic claves):

A. For the prevention of coccidiosis caused by Elmenta crandellis, Elmenta christenseni, and Elmenta ninatohlyakimovae.

Calvins (exacteding vesic claves):

A. For the prevention of coccidiosis due to Elmenta bovis and Elmenta zuermit.

CAUTION:

D. not allow horses or other equities access to feeds containing momensin. Ingestion of momensin by horses has been fatal. Momensin medicated cottain and past to evil, consumption by unaproved species may result in tout reactions. Feeding unditted or mixing errors resulting in light concentrations of momensin has been fatal to cattle and could be fatal to goats. Must be thoroughly.

The control of refusable del should be taken into consideration to prevent momensin overdosing.

YOU MAY NOTICE:

and animount, or reluseds let anythout be taken into consideration to the prevent moments overlocking.

POW MAY NOTICE

**Reduced voluntary feed intake In daily cows fed moments. This reduction increases with higher doses of moments fed. Rule out moments as the cause of reduced feed intake before attributing to other causes such as illness, feed management, or the environment.

**Reduced milit fair percentage in dairy cows fed moments. This reduction increases with higher doses of moments fed.

**Increased indebence and frestration of cystic ovaries and metritis in dairy cows fed moments.

**Reduced conception rates, increased services per animal, and extended days open and corresponding calving intervals in dairy cows for moments. nsar. rehensive and ongoing nutritional, reproductive and herd health program in place when feeding monensin to dairy cows.

NOT FOR HUMAN USE

WARNING: A withdrawal time has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal. When mixing and handling Monowet 90, use protective clothing, impervious gloves and a dust mask. Operators should wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. If actidental eye contact occurs, immediately rinse with water.

To report suspected adverse drug events, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the Safety Data Sheet (SUS), contact Huvespham inc. at 1-277-994-4883 or www.huvespharma.us. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FM at 1-88F-RM-PTS or http://www.fM.asperisportainmalship.

Stare at or below 25°C (777). Excussions permitted to 37°C (99°T). Not to be used after date printed on gusset of bag. Restricted Drug (californial) - 180-001 as Directed Approved by FIM under AMADA 2 200-639

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Distributed by Hvvepharma Inc., Peachtree City, 6A 30269, USA

Directions for use Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding

Active Drug Ingraedients: Monasta USP, 90.7 g per pusad.

1. Graving beet steers and heifers fed in confinement for staughter:

A. For improved feed afficiency. Feeding Directions in Fibroughly mix Monovert 90 to make one ton of complete feed that provides

5 to 40 g/for monession on 90% day matter basis (Table 1). Feed complete feed 6 to 40 g/for) continuously to growing beef steers and
helics in confinement to provide not less than 50 nor more than 480 mg monessin per head per day. No additional improvement in feed
efficiency has been shown from feeding monessin at levels greeter than 30 g/for (360 mg monessin per head per day).

8. For the prevention and control of caccificiosis due to *Gioveria bovis and Elisensia suecisis*.

Feeding Directions: Feed continuously (10 to 40 g/for) to provide 0.14 to 6.2 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon
severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 480 mg of monessin per head per day.

y COME: A. For increased milk production efficiency (production of marketable solide-corrected milk per unit of feed intake). Feeding Directions:

Feeding Directions:
Total Alkede Raisons ("complete feed"), Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a total mixed ration ("complete feed") containing
11 to 22 g/lon monersin on a 100% dry matter basis (Table 2).
Component Feeding Systems (finching top dress), Feed continuously to dry and lactating dairy cows a Type C Medicated Feed containing
11 to 400 g/lon monerasin (Table 3). The Type C Medicated Feed must be fed in a minimum of 1 pound of feed per cow per day to provide
185 to 660 mg/heed/day monerasin in to lactating cows or 115 at 10 mg/head/day monerasin to you. This prevides own with the composition of the composit

Directions for use continued on the back of the bag

Net Weight: 25 kg (55.12 lb)





Directions for use, continued

Growing beef steers and helfers on pasture (stocker, feeder, and slaughter) or in a dry lot: and Replacement beef and dairy helfers:

A. For increased rate of weight gain. Feeding Directions: Feed at the rate of not less than 50 nor more than 200 mg per head per day in not less than one pound of Type C Medicated Feed; or after the 5th day, feed at the rate of 400 mg per head per day every other day in not less than 2 pounds of Type C Medicated Feed. The monensin concentration in the Type C Medicated Feed must be between 13 and 400 grams per ton. During the first 5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed. Do not self feed.

B. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to Elmeria bovis and Elmeria zuvernii.

Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate to provide 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. The monensin concentration in Type C Medicated Feed must be between 15 and 400 grams per ton. During the first 5 days, cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

or reea. Type C free-choice medicated feeds.
All Type C free-choice medicated feeds containing Monovet 90 must be manufactured according to an FDA-approved formula/specification. When using a formula/specification published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), a Medicated Feed Mill license is not required. Use of Monovet 90 in a proprietary formula/specification not published in the CFR requires prior FDA approval and a Medicated Feed Mill license.

Beef Cows: IV.

Cows:

For improved feed efficiency when receiving supplemental feed. Feeding Directions: Feed continuously at a rate of 50 to 200 mg per head per day. Blend into a minimum of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed and either hand feed or mix into the total ration. Feed (other than the Type C Medicated Feed containing Monovet 90) can be restricted to 95% (of normal requirements) when 50 mg of monersin activity is fed, and to 90% at 200 mg. Cows on pasture or in dry lot must receive a minimum of 1 pound of Type C Medicated Feed per head per day. Additionally, a minimum of 16 pounds (air-dry basis) of roughage such as sliage, haylage, ammoniated straw, hay or equivalent freedstuffs should be fed in order to meet NRC recommendations for beef cows to agin 0.25 to 0.75 pounds per head per day. Standing, dried winter range forage may not be of adequate quality to result in improved efficiency when supplemented with Monovet 90. During the first 5 days, pastured cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

Feeding Directions: Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 0.42 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg per head per day. During the first 5 days, pastured cattle should receive no more than 100 mg per day contained in not less than 1 pound of feed.

Separated in confinement except reporturing or latating pasts:

Goats maintained in confinement except reproducing or lactating goats:

A. For prevention of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria crandallis, Eimeria christenseni and Eimeria ninakohlyakimovae.
Feeding Directions: Feed complete feed (20 g/ton) continuously to goats as the sole ration (Table 1).

Calves (excluding yeal calves):

A. For the prevention and control of coccidiosis due to Elmeria bovis and Elmeria zuernii.

Feed at a rate of 0.14 to 1.00 mg per pound of body weight per day, depending upon severity of challenge, up to a maximum of 200 mg of monensin per head per day. The monensin concentration in Type C Medicated Feed must be between 10 and 200 g/ton (Table 1).

VII. Type B or C Medicated Feed Mixing Directions (Dry and Liquid):

Directions for Use: Read All Directions Carefully Before Mixing and Feeding

Table 1: Mixing Directions for Cattle (excluding Dairy Cows), Goat and Calf Feeds

Desired Monensin Concentration in Medicated Feed ^a		Amount of Monovet 90 Needed per ton	
grams/ton	mg/lb feed	lbs.	grams
5	2.5	0.06	25.00
20	10	0.22	100.02
30	15	0.33	150.03
40	20	0.44	200.04
400	200	4.41	2000.40
1200	600	13.23	6001.19

a 90% dry matter basis

Table 2: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cow Total Mixed Rations (TMR)?

Amount of Monovet 90 needed per ton of	Desired monensin	Dry matter	Des	ired monensin concentration g/ton in TMR ^d		
	concentration in Type B	of TMR, %	11	15	22	
Type 8, lb ^b	Feed, g/ton; as-fed basis ^c	161	lb of Type B (as-fed) needed per ton of TMR			
5.51	500	50 60	22.00 26.40	30.00 36.00	44.00 52.80	
15.88	1400	50 60	7.64 9.17	10.42 12.50	15.28 18.33	
88.20	8000	50	1.38	1.88	2.75	

Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the TMR with desired level of monensin is as follows: ((Desired level of monensin in TMR g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000
Example Diet: Desire 11 g/ton monensin in TMR (dry matter basis), TMR contains 50% dry matter, & Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.
Example Solution: ((11 g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/ 500 g/ton monensin in Type B) X 2000 - 22 lb of Type B medicated per ton of TMR

b) (Desired concentration of monensin in Type B) K 2000 - 22 lb of Type B medicated per ton of TMR

b) (Desired concentration of monensin in Type B) X 2000 - 22 lb of Type B medicated per ton of Type B

c) (11 g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000
Example Solution: ((11 g/ton) X (% dry matter of TMR)/g/ton) X (% dry matter of TM

d 100% dry matter basis

Table 3: Mixing Directions for Dairy Cows in Component Feeding Systems (including Top Dress)

Amount of Monovet 90	Desired monensin	Desired monensin concentration, g/ton in Component Feed		,
needed per ton of	concentration in Type B	50	200	400
Type B, lb ^b	Feed, g/ton; as-red basis*	Feed, g/ton; as-fed basis ^c Ib of Type B (as-fe		ponent feed
5.51	500	200.00	800.00	1600.00
18.74	1700	58.82	235.29	470.59
44.10	4000	25.00	100.00	200.00
88.20	8000	12.50	50.00	100.00

Amount of Type B (as-fed basis) needed to produce the component portion of the ration with desired level of monensin is as follows: (Desired level of monensin in component, g/ton / g/ton of monensin in Type B) X 2000

Example Top Diress: Desire 50 g/ton monensin in component, 8 Type B contains 500 g/ton of monensin.

Example Solution: (50 g/ton / 500 g/ton monensin in Type B) X000 = 200 lb of Type B needed price to not Top Diress

(Desired concentration of monensin in Type B reded, g/ton)/ 97.7 g/lb. Example: 500 g/ton / 90.7 g/lb = 5.51 lb Monovet 90 per ton of Type B

(It is recommended that Type B feeds containing more than 1440 g/ton be further diluted before mixing into Top Diress. An example of further dilution would be a ratio of 1:10 of Type B Medicated Feed:



KCP-S00042 Rev. 11-2021

monensin granule

Product Information

Product Type	n Code urce)	NDC:23243- 0064
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Route of Administration ORAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

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Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
MONENSIN (UNII: 90600YJ6ZP) (MONENSIN - UNII:90600YJ6ZP)	MONENSIN	200 g in 1 kg		

Packaging

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1 N	DC:23243-0064-5	25 kg in 1 BAG			

Marketing InformationMarketing CategoryApplication Number or Monograph CitationMarketing Start DateMarketing End DateANADAANADA20063907/01/2019

Labeler - Huvepharma, Inc. (619153559)

EstablishmentNameAddressID/FEIBusiness OperationsHuvepharma, Inc883128204medicated animal feed manufacture, analysis, manufacture, pack, label

Revised: 3/2022 Huvepharma, Inc.