FLURANDRENOLIDE- flurandrenolide lotion Bryant Ranch Prepack

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05%

DESCRIPTION

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% is a potent corticosteroid intended for topical use. Flurandrenolide occurs as white to off-white, fluffy, crystalline powder and is odorless. Flurandrenolide is practically insoluble in water and in ether. One g dissolves in 72 mL of alcohol and in 10 mL of chloroform. The molecular weight of flurandrenolide is 436.52.

The chemical name of flurandrenolide is Pregn-4-ene-3,20-dione, 6-fluoro-11,21-dihydroxy-16,17-[(1-methylethylidene)bis (oxy)]-, (6 α , 11 β , 16 α)-; its empirical formula is C $_{24}$ H $_{33}$ FO $_{6}$. The structure is as follows:

Each mL of Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% contains 0.5 mg ($1.145~\mu$ mol) (0.05%) flurandrenolide in an oil-in-water emulsion base composed of glycerin, cetyl alcohol, stearic acid, glyceryl monostearate, mineral oil, polyoxyl 40 stearate, menthol, benzyl alcohol, and purified water.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% is primarily effective because of its anti-inflammatory, antipruritic, and vasoconstrictive actions.

The mechanism of the anti-inflammatory effect of topical corticosteroids is not completely understood. Various laboratory methods, including vasoconstrictor assays, are used to compare and predict potencies and/or clinical efficacies of the topical corticosteroids. There is some evidence to suggest that a recognizable correlation exists between vasoconstrictor potency and therapeutic efficacy in man. Corticosteroids with anti-inflammatory activity may stabilize cellular and lysosomal membranes. There is also the suggestion that the effect on the membranes of lysosomes prevents the release of proteolytic enzymes and, thus, plays a part in reducing inflammation.

Evaporation of water from the lotion vehicle produces a cooling effect, which is often desirable in the treatment of acutely inflamed or weeping lesions.

Pharmacokinetics -

The extent of percutaneous absorption of topical corticosteroids is determined by many factors, including the vehicle, the integrity of the epidermal barrier, and the use of occlusive dressings.

Topical corticosteroids can be absorbed from normal intact skin. Inflammation and/or other disease processes in the skin increase percutaneous absorption.

Once absorbed through the skin, topical corticosteroids are handled through pharmacokinetic pathways similar to those of systemically administered corticosteroids. Corticosteroids are bound to plasma proteins in varying degrees. They are metabolized primarily in the liver and then excreted in the kidneys. Some of the topical corticosteroids and their metabolites are also excreted into the bile.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% is indicated for the relief of the inflammatory and pruritic manifestations of corticosteroid-responsive dermatoses.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Topical corticosteroids are contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of the components of these preparations.

PRECAUTIONS

General -

Systemic absorption of topical corticosteroids has produced reversible hypothalamicpituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, manifestations of Cushing's syndrome, hyperglycemia, and glucosuria in some patients.

Conditions that augment systemic absorption include application of the more potent steroids, use over large surface areas, prolonged use, and the addition of occlusive dressings.

Therefore, patients receiving a large dose of a potent topical steroid applied to a large surface area or under an occlusive dressing should be evaluated periodically for evidence of HPA axis suppression using urinary-free cortisol and ACTH stimulation tests. If HPA axis suppression is noted, an attempt should be made to withdraw the drug, to reduce the frequency of application, or to substitute a less potent steroid.

Recovery of HPA axis function is generally prompt and complete on discontinuation of the drug. Infrequently, signs and symptoms of steroid withdrawal may occur, so that supplemental systemic corticosteroids are required.

Pediatric patients may absorb proportionately larger amounts of topical corticosteroids

and thus be more susceptible to systemic toxicity (seePediatric Use under **PRECAUTIONS**).

If irritation develops, topical corticosteroids should be discontinued and appropriate therapy instituted.

In the presence of dermatologic infections, the use of an appropriate antifungal or antibacterial agent should be instituted. If a favorable response does not occur promptly, Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% should be discontinued until the infection has been adequately controlled.

Information for Patient -

Patients using topical corticosteroids should receive the following information and instructions:

- 1. This medication is to be used as directed by the physician. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the eyes.
- 2. Do not use Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% on the face, underarms, or groin areas unless directed by your physician.
- 3. Patients should be advised not to use this medication for any disorder other than that for which it was prescribed.
- 4. The treated skin area should not be bandaged or otherwise covered or wrapped in order to be occlusive unless the patient is directed to do so by the physician.
- 5. Patients should report any signs of local adverse reactions, especially under occlusive dressing.
- 6. Parents of pediatric patients should be advised not to use tight-fitting diapers or plastic pants on a patient being treated in the diaper area, because these garments may constitute occlusive dressings.
- 7. If no improvement is seen within 2 weeks, contact your physician.
- 8. Do not use other corticosteroid-containing products while using Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% without first consulting your physician.

Laboratory Tests -

The following tests may be helpful in evaluating the HPA axis suppression:

Urinary-free cortisol test

ACTH stimulation test

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility -

Long-term animal studies have not been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential or the effect on fertility of topical corticosteroids.

Studies to determine mutagenicity with prednisolone and hydrocortisone have revealed negative results.

Usage in Pregnancy -

Pregnancy Category C -

Corticosteroids are generally teratogenic in laboratory animals when administered systemically at relatively low dosage levels. The more potent cortico-steroids have been shown to be teratogenic after dermal application in laboratory animals. There are no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women on teratogenic effects from topically applied corticosteroids. Therefore, topical corticosteroids should be used during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus. Drugs of this class should not be used extensively for pregnant patients or in large amounts or for prolonged periods of time.

Nursing Mothers -

It is not known whether topical administration of corticosteroids could result in sufficient systemic absorption to produce detectable quantities in breast milk. Systemically administered corticosteroids are secreted into breast milk in quantities *not*likely to have a deleterious effect on the infant. Nevertheless, caution should be exercised when topical corticosteroids are administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric Use -

Pediatric patients may demonstrate greater susceptibility to topical corticosteroidinduced HPA axis suppression and Cushing's syndrome than do mature patients because of a larger skin surface area to body weight ratio.

Hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis suppression, Cushing's syndrome, and intracranial hypertension have been reported in pediatric patients receiving topical corticosteroids. Manifestations of adrenal suppression in pediatric patients include linear growth retardation, delayed weight gain, low plasma cortisol levels, and absence of response to ACTH stimulation. Manifestations of intracranial hypertension include bulging fontanelles, headaches, and bilateral papilledema.

Administration of topical corticosteroids to pediatric patients should be limited to the least amount compatible with an effective therapeutic regimen. Chronic corticosteroid therapy may interfere with the growth and development of pediatric patients.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following local adverse reactions are reported infrequently with topical corticosteroids but may occur more frequently with the use of occlusive dressings. These reactions are listed in an approximate decreasing order of occurrence:

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Burning
Itching
Irritation
Dryness

Hypertrichosis

Folliculitis

Acneiform eruptions

Hypopigmentation

Perioral dermatitis

Allergic contact dermatitis

The following may occur more frequently with occlusive dressings:

Maceration of the skin

Secondary infection

Skin atrophy

Striae

Miliaria

Postmarketing Adverse Reactions

The following adverse reactions have been identified during post approval use of flurandrenolide lotion. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

Skin: skin striae, hypersensitivity, skin atrophy, contact dermatitis, and skin discoloration.

OVERDOSAGE

Topically applied corticosteroids can be absorbed in sufficient amounts to produce systemic effects (seePRECAUTIONS).

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Shake well before using. A small quantity of Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% should be rubbed gently into the affected area 2 or 3 times daily.

Therapy should be discontinued when control is achieved. If no improvement is seen within 2 weeks, reassessment of the diagnosis may be necessary.

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% should not be used with occlusive dressings unless directed by a physician. Tight-fitting diapers or plastic pants may constitute occlusive dressings.

HOW SUPPLIED

Flurandrenolide Lotion USP, 0.05% is supplied in plastic squeeze bottles as follows:

120 mL (NDC 63629-8657-1)

Keep out of reach of children.

Storage: Avoid freezing. Keep tightly closed. Protect from light.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) with excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Rx Only

Flurandrenolide 0.05% Lotion, #120



Each mL contains: Flurandrenolide 0.5mg (0.05%), glycerin, cetyl alcohol, stearic acid, glyceryl monostearate, mineral oil, polyoxyl 40 stearate, menthol, benzyl alcohol and purified water.

Keep out of reach of children.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Shake well before using. Keep tightly closed.

For external use only. Not for use in the eyes. Avoid Freezing. Protect from light.

NDC 63629-8657-1

Flurandrenolide Lotion, USP

0.05%

BRP

Relabeled by: Bryant Ranch Prepack, Inc. Burbank, CA 91504 USA Rx only 120 mL

Manufactured by: Padagis



FLURANDRENOLIDE

flurandrenolide lotion

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Prod	luct	Inform	ation

Product Type HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG Item Code (Source) NDC:63629-8657(NDC:45802-928)

Route of Administration TOPICAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name

Basis of Strength

FLURANDRENOLIDE (UNII: 8EUL29XUQT) (FLURANDRENOLIDE - UNII:8EUL29XUQT)

Basis of Strength

FLURANDRENOLIDE (UNII: 8EUL29XUQT) (FLURANDRENOLIDE - UNII: 8EUL29XUQT)

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
GLYCERIN (UNII: PDC6A3C0OX)			
CETYL ALCOHOL (UNII: 936JST6JCN)			
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)			
GLYCERYL MONOSTEARATE (UNII: 2300U9XXE4)			
MINERAL OIL (UNII: T5L8T28FGP)			
POLYOXYL 40 STEARATE (UNII: 13A4J4NH9I)			
MENTHOL, UNSPECIFIED FORM (UNII: L7T10EIP3A)			
BENZYL ALCOHOL (UNII: LKG8494WBH)			
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R)			

Packaging					
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:63629- 8657-1	1 in 1 CARTON	10/06/2016		
1		120 mL in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			

Marketing I			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA207133	10/06/2016	

Labeler - Bryant Ranch Prepack (171714327)

Registrant - Bryant Ranch Prepack (171714327)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
Bryant Ranch Prepack		171714327	repack(63629-8657), relabel(63629-8657)	

Revised: 7/2023 Bryant Ranch Prepack