BACLOFEN- baclofen tablet Dispensing Solutions, Inc.

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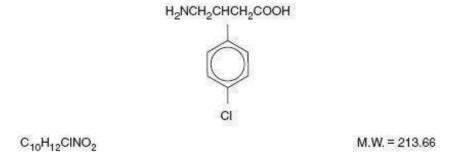
# **BACLOFEN TABLETS, USP**

Rx only

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Baclofen USP is a muscle relaxant and antispastic, available as 10 mg and 20 mg tablets for oral administration. Its chemical name is 4-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-butanoic acid.

Baclofen USP is a white to off-white, odorless or practically odorless crystalline powder. It is slightly soluble in water, very slightly soluble in methanol, and insoluble in chloroform. The structural formula is represented below:



Baclofen Tablets, USP 10 mg and 20 mg contain the following inactive ingredients: colloidal silicon dioxide, crospovidone, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose and pregelatinized starch.

# CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

The precise mechanism of action of baclofen is not fully known. Baclofen is capable of inhibiting both monosynaptic and polysynaptic reflexes at the spinal level, possibly by hyperpolarization of afferent terminals, although actions at supraspinal sites may also occur and contribute to its clinical effect. Although baclofen is an analog of the putative inhibitory neurotransmitter gamma-amino-butyric acid (GABA), there is no conclusive evidence that actions on GABA systems are involved in the production of its clinical effects. In studies with animals, baclofen has been shown to have general CNS depressant properties as indicated by the production of sedation with tolerance, somnolence, ataxia, and respiratory and cardiovascular depression. Baclofen is rapidly and extensively absorbed and eliminated. Absorption may be dose-dependent, being reduced with increasing doses. Baclofen is excreted primarily by the kidney in unchanged form and there is relatively large intersubject variation in absorption and/or elimination.

# INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Baclofen is useful for the alleviation of signs and symptoms of spasticity resulting from multiple sclerosis, particularly for the relief of flexor spasms and concomitant pain, clonus, and muscular rigidity.

Patients should have reversible spasticity so that baclofen treatment will aid in restoring residual function.

Baclofen may also be of some value in patients with spinal cord injuries and other spinal cord diseases.

Baclofen is not indicated in the treatment of skeletal muscle spasm resulting from rheumatic disorders.

The efficacy of baclofen in stroke, cerebral palsy, and Parkinson's disease has not been established and, therefore, it is not recommended for these conditions.

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Hypersensitivity to baclofen.

#### WARNINGS

- a. *Abrupt Drug Withdrawal:* Hallucinations and seizures have occurred on abrupt withdrawal of baclofen. Therefore, except for serious adverse reactions, the dose should be reduced slowly when the drug is discontinued.
- b. *Impaired Renal Function:* Because baclofen is primarily excreted unchanged through the kidneys, it should be given with caution, and it may be necessary to reduce the dosage.
- c. *Stroke*: Baclofen has not significantly benefitted patients with stroke. These patients have also shown poor tolerability to the drug.
- d. *Pregnancy:* Baclofen has been shown to increase the incidence of omphaloceles (ventral hernias) in fetuses of rats given approximately 13 times the maximum dose recommended for human use, at a dose which caused significant reductions in food intake and weight gain in dams. This abnormality was not seen in mice or rabbits. There was also an increased incidence of incomplete sternebral ossification in fetuses of rats given approximately 13 times the maximum recommended human dose, and an increased incidence of unossified phalangeal nuclei of forelimbs and hindlimbs in fetuses of rabbits given approximately 7 times the maximum recommended human dose. In mice, no teratogenic effects were observed, although reductions in mean fetal weight with consequent delays in skeletal ossification were present when dams were given 17 or 34 times the human daily dose. There are no studies in pregnant women. Baclofen should be used during pregnancy only if the benefit clearly justifies the potential risk to the fetus.

# **PRECAUTIONS**

Safe use of baclofen in children under age 12 has not been established, and it is, therefore, not recommended for use in children.

Because of the possibility of sedation, patients should be cautioned regarding the operation of automobiles or other dangerous machinery, and activities made hazardous by decreased alertness. Patients should also be cautioned that the central nervous system effects of baclofen may be additive to those of alcohol and other CNS depressants.

Baclofen should be used with caution where spasticity is utilized to sustain upright posture and balance in locomotion or whenever spasticity is utilized to obtain increased function.

In patients with epilepsy, the clinical state and electroencephalogram should be monitored at regular intervals, since deterioration in seizure control and EEG have been reported occasionally in patients taking baclofen.

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. As a general rule, nursing should not be undertaken while a patient is on a drug since many drugs are excreted in human milk.

A dose-related increase in incidence of ovarian cysts and a less marked increase in enlarged and/or hemorrhagic adrenal glands was observed in female rats treated chronically with baclofen.

Ovarian cysts have been found by palpation in about 4% of the multiple sclerosis patients that were treated with baclofen for up to one year. In most cases these cysts disappeared spontaneously while

patients continued to receive the drug. Ovarian cysts are estimated to occur spontaneously in approximately 1% to 5% of the normal female population.

# ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common is transient drowsiness (10–63%). In one controlled study of 175 patients, transient drowsiness was observed in 63% of those receiving baclofen compared to 36% of those in the placebo group. Other common adverse reactions are dizziness (5–15%), weakness (5–15%) and fatigue (2–4%). Others reported:

<u>Neuropsychiatric</u>: Confusion (1–11%), headache (4–8%), insomnia (2–7%); and, rarely, euphoria, excitement, depression, hallucinations, paresthesia, muscle pain, tinnitus, slurred speech, coordination disorder, tremor, rigidity, dystonia, ataxia, blurred vision, nystagmus, strabismus, miosis, mydriasis, diplopia, dysarthria, epileptic seizure.

<u>Cardiovascular</u>: Hypotension (0–9%). Rare instances of dyspnea, palpitation, chest pain, syncope.

<u>Gastrointestinal</u>: Nausea (4–12%), constipation (2–6%); and, rarely, dry mouth, anorexia, taste disorder, abdominal pain, vomiting, diarrhea, and positive test for occult blood in stool.

<u>Genitourinary:</u> Urinary frequency (2–6%); and, rarely, enuresis, urinary retention, dysuria, impotence, inability to ejaculate, nocturia, hematuria.

Other: Instances of rash, pruritus, ankle edema, excessive perspiration, weight gain, nasal congestion.

Some of the CNS and genitourinary symptoms may be related to the underlying disease rather than to drug therapy. The following laboratory tests have been found to be abnormal in a few patients receiving baclofen: increased SGOT, elevated alkaline phosphatase, and elevation of blood sugar.

# **OVERDOSAGE**

# Signs and symptoms:

Vomiting, muscular hypotonia, drowsiness, accommodation disorders, coma, respiratory depression and seizures.

### **Treatment:**

In the alert patient, empty the stomach promptly by induced emesis followed by lavage. In the obtunded patient, secure the airway with a cuffed endotracheal tube before beginning lavage (do not induce emesis). Maintain adequate respiratory exchange, do not use respiratory stimulants.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The determination of optimal dosage requires individual titration. Start therapy at a low dosage and increase gradually until optimum effect is achieved (usually between 40–80 mg daily).

The following dosage titration schedule is suggested:

5 mg t.i.d. for 3 days

10 mg t.i.d. for 3 days

15 mg t.i.d. for 3 days

20 mg t.i.d. for 3 days

Thereafter additional increases may be necessary but the total daily dose should not exceed a maximum of 80 mg daily (20 mg q.i.d.).

The lowest dose compatible with an optimal response is recommended. If benefits are not evident after a reasonable trial period, patients should be slowly withdrawn from the drug (see **WARNINGS** *Abrupt* 

# **HOW SUPPLIED**

Baclofen Tablets, USP 10 mg are off-white, scored, oval-shaped tablets debossed "2265" on one side and debossed "V" on the reverse side; and supplied as follows:

- Bottles of 270: NDC 66336-0834-27
- Bottles of 180: NDC 66336-0834-62
- Bottles of 120: NDC 66336-0834-94

Baclofen Tablets, USP 20 mg are off-white, scored, capsule-shaped tablets debossed "2266" on one side and debossed "V" on the reverse side; and are supplied as follows:

• Bottles of 120: NDC 6633-0486-94

Dispense in a tight container with child-resistant closure.

Store at 20°-25°C (68°-77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

This product was Manufactured for:

# **QUALITEST PHARMACEUTICALS**

Huntsville, AL 35811

8181162 R10/12-R4

And Relabeled By:

# **Dispensing Solutions Inc.**

3000 West Warner Ave Santa Ana, CA 92704 United States

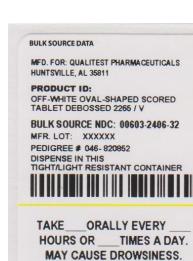
# PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 66336-0834-XX

NDC 66336-0834-27

NDC 66336-0834-62

NDC 66336-0834-94





# **BACLOFEN 10 mg**

XX TABLETS NDC 66336-0834-XX PRODUCT # 764-XX

Date:

Rev.

EACH TABLET CONTAINS: BACLOFEN USP . . . . 10 mg

LOT# SAMPLE EXP: 00-00 Rx # 31614457

**RX ONLY** 

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF CHILDREN'S REACH STORE AT 68°-77° F. SEE USP.

764- XX NDC 66336-0834- XX BACLOFEN 10 mg XX TABLETS LOT # SAMPLE EXP: 0 MN 00603-2406-32 RX# 31

EXP: 00-00 RX# 31614457

764- XX NDC 66336-0834- XX BACLOFEN 10 mg XX TABLETS LOT # SAMPLE EXP: 00 MN 00603-2406-32 RX# 31 EXP: 00-00 RX# 31614457

764- XX NDC 66336-0834- XX BACLOFEN 10 mg XX TABLETS LOT # SAMPLE EXP: 00 MN 00603-2406-32 RX# 31





## PRINCIPAL DISPALY PANEL

AVOID ALCOHOL. DO NOT **DISCONTINUE WITHOUT THE** 

ADVICE OF YOUR PHYSICIAN.

NDC 66336-0486-XX

NDC66336-0486-94

#### **BULK SOURCE DATA**

MFD. FOR: QUALITEST PHARMACEUTICALS HUNTSVILLE, AL 35811

PRODUCT ID:

OFF-WHITE SCORED CAPSULE-SHAPED TABLET DEBOSSED 2266 / V

BULK SOURCE NDC: 00603-2407-28

MFR. LOT: XXXXXX PEDIGREE #: 17320380 DISPENSE IN THIS



**ORALLY EVERY** TAKE HOURS OR TIMES A DAY. MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS. AVOID ALCOHOL. DO NOT **DISCONTINUE WITHOUT THE** ADVICE OF YOUR PHYSICIAN.



# **BACLOFEN 20 mg**

XX TABLETS NDC 66336-0486-XX PRODUCT # 767-XX

> **EACH TABLET CONTAINS:** BACLOFEN USP . . . . 20 mg

LOT#SAMPLE EXP: 00-00 Rx # 21843997

**RX ONLY** 

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF CHILDREN'S REACH

STORE AT 68°-77° F. SEE USP.

767-XX NDC 66336-0486-XX BACLOFEN 20 mg XX TABLETS LOT \$ 5AMPLE EXP: 0 MN 00603-2407-28 RX\$ 2

767- XX NDC 66336-0486- XX BACLOFEN 20 mg XX TABLETS LOT \$ SAMPLE EXP: 0 MN 00603-2407-28 RX\$ 2

EXP: 00-00 RX# 21843997

767-XX NDC 66336-0486-XX BACLOFEN 20 mg XX TABLETS LOT # SAMPLE EXP:

EXP: 00-00 MN 00603-2407-28 RX# 21843997





# **BACLOFEN**

baclofen tablet

# **Product Information**

Product Type HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG

ORAL

Date:

**Item Code (Source)** NDC:66336-834(NDC:0603-2406)

**Route of Administration** 

# Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

**Basis of Strength** Ingredient Name Strength BACLOFEN (UNII: H789N3FKE8) (BACLOFEN - UNII:H789N3FKE8) **BACLOFEN** 10 mg

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
SILICON DIO XIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6 XBU4)				
CROSPOVIDONE (UNII: 68401960 MK)				
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)				
CELLULO SE, MICRO CRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)				
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)				

Product Characteristics				
Color	WHITE (off-white)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	OVAL	Size	11mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	2265;V	
Contains				

P	Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:66336-834-27	270 in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC			
2	NDC:66336-834-62	180 in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC			
3	NDC:66336-834-94	120 in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC			

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA077156	08/30/2005	

# **BACLOFEN**

baclofen tablet

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:66336-486(NDC:0603-2407)	
Route of Administration	ORAL			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
BACLOFEN (UNII: H789N3FKE8) (BACLOFEN - UNII:H789N3FKE8)	BACLOFEN	20 mg

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
SILICON DIO XIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6 XBU4)	
CROSPO VIDO NE (UNII: 6840 1960 MK)	

MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
CELLULOSE, MICRO CRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	

Product Characteristics				
Color	WHITE (off-white)	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	OVAL (capsule-shaped)	Size	16 mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	2266;V	
Contains				

I	Packaging			
#	tem Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:66336-486-94	120 in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA077068	08/30/2005	

# Labeler - Dispensing Solutions, Inc. (066070785)

# Registrant - PSS World Medical, Inc. (101822682)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Dispensing Solutions, Inc.		066070785	relabel(66336-834), repack(66336-834)

Revised: 8/2013 Dispensing Solutions, Inc.