HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE- hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablet, film coated

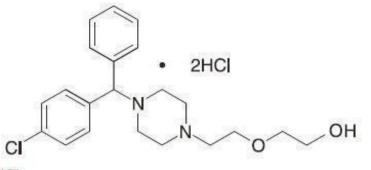
PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE TABLETS, USP

Rx Only

DESCRIPTION

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride has the chemical name of 2-[2-[4-(p-Chloro- α -phenylbenzyl)-1-piperazinyl] ethoxy] ethanol dihydrochloride.



C21H27CIN2O2•2HCI

M.W. 447.83

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride occurs as a white, odorless powder which is very soluble in water.

Each tablet for oral administration contains 10 mg, 25 mg or 50 mg hydroxyzine hydrochloride. Inactive ingredients include colloidal silicon dioxide, crospovidone, hypromellose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycol/macrogol and titanium dioxide.

This product complies with USP dissolution test 2.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride is unrelated chemically to the phenothiazines, reserpine, meprobamate or the benzodiazepines. Hydroxyzine is not a cortical depressant, but its action may be due to a suppression of activity in certain key regions of the subcortical area of the central nervous system.

Primary skeletal muscle relaxation has been demonstrated experimentally. Bronchodilator activity, and antihistaminic and analgesic effects have been demonstrated experimentally and confirmed clinically. An antiemetic effect, both by the apomorphine test and the veriloid test, has been demonstrated.

Pharmacological and clinical studies indicate that hydroxyzine in therapeutic dosage does not increase gastric secretion or acidity and in most cases has mild antisecretory activity.

Hydroxyzine is rapidly absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and hydroxyzine's

clinical effects are usually noted within 15 to 30 minutes after oral administration.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

For symptomatic relief of anxiety and tension associated with psychoneurosis and as an adjunct in organic disease states in which anxiety is manifested.

Useful in the management of pruritus due to allergic conditions such as chronic urticaria and atopic and contact dermatoses and in histamine-mediated pruritus.

As a sedative when used as a premedication and following general anesthesia, **hydroxyzine may potentiate meperidine and barbiturates**, so their use in preanesthetic adjunctive therapy should be modified on an individual basis. Atropine and other belladonna alkaloids are not affected by the drug. Hydroxyzine is not known to interfere with the action of digitalis in any way and it may be used concurrently with this agent.

The effectiveness of hydroxyzine as an antianxiety agent for long term use, that is more than 4 months, has not been assessed by systematic clinical studies. The physician should reassess periodically the usefulness of the drug for the individual patient.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Oral hydroxyzine hydrochloride is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to hydroxyzine hydrochloride products, and in patients with known hypersensitivity to cetirizine hydrochloride or levocetirizine hydrochloride.

Hydroxyzine is contraindicated in patients with a prolonged QT interval.

Hydroxyzine, when administered to the pregnant mouse, rat, and rabbit induced fetal abnormalities in the rat and mouse at doses substantially above the human therapeutic range. Clinical data in human beings are inadequate to establish safety in early pregnancy. Until such data are available, hydroxyzine is contraindicated in early pregnancy.

Hydroxyzine is contraindicated for patients who have shown a previous hypersensitivity to it.

WARNINGS

Nursing Mothers:

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Since many drugs are so excreted, hydroxyzine should not be given to nursing mothers.

PRECAUTIONS

THE POTENTIATING ACTION OF HYDROXYZINE MUST BE CONSIDERED WHEN THE DRUG IS USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSANTS SUCH AS NARCOTICS, NON-NARCOTIC ANALGESICS AND BARBITURATES. Therefore, when central nervous system depressants are administered concomitantly with hydroxyzine their dosage should be reduced. QT Prolongation/Torsade de Pointes (TdP): Cases of QT prolongation and Torsade de Pointes have been reported during post-marketing use of hydroxyzine. The majority of reports occurred in patients with other risk factors for QT prolongation/TdP (preexisting heart disease, electrolyte imbalances or concomitant arrhythmogenic drug use). Therefore, hydroxyzine should be used with caution in patients with risk factors for QT prolongation, congenital long QT syndrome, a family history of long QT syndrome, other conditions that predispose to QT prolongation and ventricular arrhythmia, as well as recent myocardial infarction, uncompensated heart failure, and bradyarrhythmias.

Caution is recommended during the concomitant use of drugs known to prolong the QT interval. These include Class 1A (e.g., quinidine, procainamide) or Class III (e.g., amiodarone, sotalol) antiarrhythmics, certain antipsychotics (e.g., ziprasidone, iloperidone, clozapine, quetiapine, chlorpromazine), certain antidepressants (e.g., citalopram, fluoxetine), certain antibiotics (e.g., azithromycin, erythromycin, clarithromycin, gatifloxacin, moxifloxacin); and others (e.g., pentamidine, methadone, ondansetron, droperidol).

Since drowsiness may occur with use of this drug, patients should be warned of this possibility and cautioned against driving a car or operating dangerous machinery while taking hydroxyzine. Patients should also be advised against the simultaneous use of other CNS depressant drugs, and cautioned that the effects of alcohol may be increased.

Geriatric Use

A determination has not been made whether controlled clinical studies of hydroxyzine included sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 and over to define a difference in response from younger subjects. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between the elderly and younger patients. In general, dose selection for an elderly patient should be cautious, usually starting at the low end of the dosing range, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal or cardiac function, and of concomitant disease or other drug therapy.

The extent of renal excretion of hydroxyzine has not been determined. Because elderly patients are more likely to have decreased renal function, care should be taken in dose selections.

Sedating drugs may cause confusion and over sedation in the elderly; elderly patients generally should be started on low doses of hydroxyzine and observed closely.

Acute Generalized Exanthematous Pustulosis (AGEP)

Hydroxyzine may rarely cause acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis (AGEP), a serious skin reaction characterized by fever and numerous small, superficial, nonfollicular, sterile pustules, arising within large areas of edematous erythema. Inform patients about the signs of AGEP, and discontinue hydroxyzine at the first appearance of a skin rash, worsening of pre-existing skin reactions which hydroxyzine may be used to treat, or any other sign of hypersensitivity. If signs or symptoms suggest AGEP, use of hydroxyzine should not be resumed and alternative therapy should be considered. Avoid cetirizine or levocetirizine in patients who have experienced AGEP or other hypersensitivity reactions with hydroxyzine, due to the risk of cross-sensitivity.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Side effects reported with the administration of hydroxyzine hydrochloride are usually mild and transitory in nature.

Skin and Appendages:

Oral hydroxyzine hydrochloride is associated with Acute Generalized Exanthematous Pustulosis (AGEP) and fixed drug eruptions in postmarketing reports.

Anticholinergic

Dry mouth.

Central Nervous System

Drowsiness is usually transitory and may disappear in a few days of continued therapy or upon reduction of dose. Involuntary motor activity including rare instances of tremor and convulsions have been reported, usually with doses considerably higher than those recommended. Clinically significant respiratory depression has not been reported at recommended doses.

Cardiac System

QT prolongation, Torsade de Pointes.

In postmarketing experience, the following additional undesirable effects have been reported:

Body as a Whole: Allergic reaction.

Nervous System: Headache.

Psychiatric: Hallucination.

Skin and Appendages: Pruritus, rash, urticaria.

OVERDOSAGE

The most common manifestation of hydroxyzine overdosage is hypersedation. As in the management of overdosage with any drug, it should be borne in mind that multiple agents may have been taken.

If vomiting has not occurred spontaneously, it should be induced. Immediate gastric lavage is also recommended. General supportive care, including frequent monitoring of the vital signs and close observation of the patient, is indicated. Hypotension, though unlikely, may be controlled with intravenous fluids and levarterenol or metaraminol. Do not use epinephrine as hydroxyzine counteracts its pressor action.

Hydroxyzine overdose may cause QT prolongation and Torsade de Pointes. ECG monitoring is recommended in cases of hydroxyzine overdose.

There is no specific antidote. It is doubtful that hemodialysis would be of any value in the treatment of overdosage with hydroxyzine. However, if other agents such as barbiturates have been ingested concomitantly, hemodialysis may be indicated. There is no practical method to quantitate hydroxyzine in body fluids or tissue after its ingestion or administration.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

For symptomatic relief of anxiety and tension associated with psychoneurosis and as an adjunct in organic disease states in which anxiety is manifested: Adults, 50 to 100 mg q.i.d.; children under 6 years, 50 mg daily in divided doses; children over 6 years, 50 to 100 mg daily in divided doses.

For use in the management of pruritus due to allergic conditions such as chronic urticaria and atopic and contact dermatoses and in histamine-mediated pruritus: adults, 25 mg t.i.d. or q.i.d.; children under 6 years, 50 mg daily in divided doses; children over 6 years, 50 to 100 mg daily in divided doses.

As a sedative when used as a premedication and following general anesthesia: 50 to 100 mg for adults and 0.6 mg/kg of body weight in children.

When treatment is initiated by the intramuscular route of administration, subsequent doses may be administered orally.

As with all potent medication, the dosage should be adjusted according to the patient's response to therapy.

HOW SUPPLIED

Hydroxyzine Hydrochloride Tablets, USP are available as follows:

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablets, USP 10 mg are supplied as white, round, film coated, biconvex tablets debossed "K10" on one side and plain on the other side.

Bottle of 100, NDC 43063-960-01

Bottle of 500, NDC 43063-960-82

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablets, USP 25 mg are supplied as white, round, film coated, biconvex tablets debossed "K11" on one side and plain on the other side.

Bottle of 100, NDC 43063-962-01

Bottle of 500, NDC 43063-962-82

Bottle of 1000, NDC 43063-962-95

Hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablets, USP 50 mg are supplied as white, round, film coated, biconvex tablets debossed "K12" on one side and plain on the other side.

Bottle of 100, NDC 43063-963-01

Bottle of 1000, NDC 43063-963-95

Dispensein a tight container as defined in the USP, with a child-resistant closure (as required).

Storeat 20° to 25°C with excursions permitted between 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature].

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 10 mg Bottle Label

HydrOXYzine HCL

Tablets, USP

Rx Only Each Tablet Contains: Marketed and Packaged by: NDC 43063-960-01 HydrOXYzine HCI, USP 10mg Usual Dosage: See package PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc Oklahoma City, OK 73127 p¢l outsert for full prescribing 1-405-942-3040 V.9.19.0 information. Dispense in a tight container as HydrOXYzine defined in the USP, with a childresistant closure (as required). HCI Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) 1 with excursions permitted between Tablets, USP 3 43063"96001 15°C to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Manufactured by: 10 mg Temperature]. KVK-Tech, Inc., Newtown, PA 18940 Keep this and all medications 100 Tablets GTIN:00343063960011 SNO: G20D820001 out of the reach of children. Tamper evident by foil seal under EXP: 04/2022 the cap. Do not use if foil under Rx Only LOT: G20D82 cap is broken or missing.

10 mg

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 25 mg Bottle Label HydrOXYzine HCL Tablets, USP 25 mg Rx Only

Each Tablet Contains: HydrOXYzine HCI, USP 25mg Usual Dosage: See package outsert for full prescribing information.

Dispense in a tight container as defined in the USP, with a childresistant closure (as required). Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) with excursions permitted between 15°C to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Keep this and all medications out of the reach of children.

Tamper evident by foil seal under the cap. Do not use if foil under cap is broken or missing.



HydrOXYzine HCI Tablets, USP 25 mg



Marketed and Packaged by: PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc Oklahoma City, OK 73127 1-405-942-3040 v.8.19.0



Mfd. By: KVK-Tech, Inc., Newtown, PA 18940



GTIN: 00343063962954 SNO: H19C450049 EXP: 11/2020 LOT: H19C45

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 50 mg Bottle Label

Rx Only

HydrOXYzine HCL

Tablets, USP

50 mg

Rx Only

Each Tablet Contains: HydrOXYzine HCI, USP 50mg Usual Dosage: See package outsert for full prescribing information.

Dispense in a tight container as defined in the USP, with a child-resistant closure (as required).

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) with excursions permitted between 15°C to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Keep this and all medications out of the reach of children.

Tamper evident by foil seal under the cap. Do not use if foil under cap is broken or missing. NDC 43063-963-01

100 Tablets

IXI HydrOXYzine HCI Tablets, USP 50 mg

Rx Only

Marketed and Packaged by: PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc Oklahoma City, OK 73127 1-405-942-3040 v.10.19.0



Mfd. By: KVK-Tech, Inc., Newtown, PA 18940



HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablet, film coated

TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V2JP)

Product Information						
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG DRUG DRUG DRUG DRUG DRUG DRUG DRUG				63-960(NDC:10702-	
Route of Administration	ORAL					
Active Ingredient/Active	Moietv					
	lient Name		Basi	s of Strer	ngth	Strength
HYDROXYZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: 76755771U3) (HYDROXYZINE - HYDROXYZINE UNII: 30S50YM80G) HYDROCHLORID						10 mg
Inactive Ingredients						
	Ingredient Name				Sti	rength
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XB	U4)					
CROSPOVIDONE (UNII: 2S7830E56	51)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (6 MPA.S)	(UNII: 0WZ 8WG20P6)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2208 (3 MPA.S)	(UNII: 9H4L916OBU)					
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: E	EWQ57Q8I5X)					
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 700)97M6I30)					
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLIN	E (UNII: OP1R32D61U)					
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 (UN	III: B697894SGO)					

960-01 Com NDC:43063- 500	white ROUN	D	Score Size Imprint Co	ode			7	o score mm	
Shape Shape Flavor Contains Packaging # Item Code 1 NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com 2 NDC:43063- 960-01 500	ROUN	D	Size	ode			7	mm	
Flavor Contains Packaging # Item Code 1 NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com 2 NDC:43063- 960-01 500				ode					
Contains Packaging Item Code Item Code NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com NDC:43063- 960-01 500	Pac			Jue	K;10				
Packaging # Item Code 1 NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com 2 NDC:43063- 500 500	Рас							,10	
# Item Code 1 NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com 2 NDC:43063- 500	Pac								
NDC:43063- 960-01 100 Com NDC:43063- 500	Рас								
 960-01 Com NDC:43063- 500 		Package Description			Marketing Start Date			Marketing End Date	
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	in 1 BOTTLE, bination Proc	PLASTIC; Type duct	0: Not a		04/01	/2019			
Marketing In	formatio	on							
Marketing Category	Application	on Number o Citation		aph	Mar	keting Date	Start		ting End ate
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Product Informa	ition								
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Route of Administr	ation (ORAL							
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Active mgreaten		-				Baci	o of Str	onath	Strengt
HYDROXYZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: 76755771U3) (HYDROXYZINE - HYDROXY				-					
							520140	_	
Inactive Ingredie	ents								
		Ingredient	Name					Sti	rength
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNI	-								
CROSPOVIDONE (UNII:									
		(UNII: 0WZ 8WG2	20P6)						
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 HYPROMELLOSE 2208									
nactive Ingredie	ents								

LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X) MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)

CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U) POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL 400 (UNII: B697894SGQ)

Ρ	roduct Chai	acterist	ics				
Color white			white	Score	Score		
Sł	hape ROUND Size			8mm			
FI	avor	Imprint Code			K;11		
С	ontains						
P	ackaging						
#	Item Code		Package Description		Marketing Star Date	t Marketing End Date	
1	NDC:43063- 962-01	100 in 1 BC Combinatio		C; Type 0: Not a	04/01/2019		
2	NDC:43063- 962-82	500 in 1 BC Combinatio		C; Type 0: Not a	04/01/2019		
3	NDC:43063- 962-95	1000 in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product			04/01/2019		
N	larketing	Inform	nation				
-	Marketing			nber or Monograph	Marketing Start	Marketing End	
						— • •	
	Category		Cit	tation	Date	Date	

HYDROXYZINE HYDROCHLORIDE

hydroxyzine hydrochloride tablet, film coated

Product Information						
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION Item Code NDC:4306 012)					DC:10702-
Route of Administration	ORAL					
Active Ingradient/Active	Majaty					
Active Ingredient/Active	molety					
Ingree	dient Name		Basi	s of Strei	ngth	Strength
HYDROXYZINE DIHYDROCHLORIDE (UNII: 76755771U3) (HYDROXYZINE - HYDROXYZINE UNII: 30550YM80G) HYDROCHLORIDE						50 mg
Inactive Ingredients						
	Sti	rength				
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XB	U4)					
CROSPOVIDONE (UNII: 2S7830E56	51)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2910 (6 MPA.S) (UNII: 0WZ8WG20P6)					
HYPROMELLOSE 2208 (3 MPA.S) (UNII: 9H4L916OBU)					

MA	MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)									
	LLULOSE, MIC	-	-		111)					
	LYETHYLENE (10)					
				945GQ)						
	FANIUM DIOXID	E (UNII: 15)	-1X9V2JP)							
Pr	roduct Char	acterist	ics							
	olor		white	Se	core		no so	core		
Sh	аре		ROUND	Si	ize		9mm	1		
	avor			In	nprint Code		K;12			
Co	ontains				• • • • • •					
Pa	ackaging									
			Packago	Docarin	tion	Marketing Star	t N	Marketing End		
	ackaging Item Code		Package	Descrip	otion	Marketing Star Date	t N	Marketing End Date		
#		100 in 1 BC Combinatic	OTTLE, PLASTIC	•		-	t M			
# 1 2	Item Code NDC:43063-	Combinatio	OTTLE, PLASTIC on Product BOTTLE, PLAST	- С; Туре 0:	: Not a	Date	t M			
# 1 2	Item Code NDC:43063- 963-01 NDC:43063-	Combination 1000 in 1 E	OTTLE, PLASTIC on Product BOTTLE, PLAST	- С; Туре 0:	: Not a	Date 04/01/2019	t N			
# 1 2	Item Code NDC:43063- 963-01 NDC:43063-	Combination 1000 in 1 E	OTTLE, PLASTIC on Product BOTTLE, PLAST	- С; Туре 0:	: Not a	Date 04/01/2019	t N			
# 1 2	Item Code NDC:43063- 963-01 NDC:43063-	Combinatic 1000 in 1 E Combinatic	DTTLE, PLASTIC on Product BOTTLE, PLAST on Product	- С; Туре 0:	: Not a	Date 04/01/2019	t N			
# 1 2	Item Code NDC:43063- 963-01 NDC:43063- 963-95	Combinatic 1000 in 1 E Combinatic	DTTLE, PLASTIC On Product BOTTLE, PLAST On Product	С; Туре 0: ПС; Туре (: Not a	Date 04/01/2019				

Labeler - PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (156893695)

Registrant - PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (156893695)

Establishment								
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations					
PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc.		156893695	repack(43063-960, 43063-962, 43063-963)					

Revised: 10/2024

PD-Rx Pharmaceuticals, Inc.