

PREDNISONE- prednisone tablet
Redpharm drug

PredniSONE Tablets USP

Rx only

DESCRIPTION

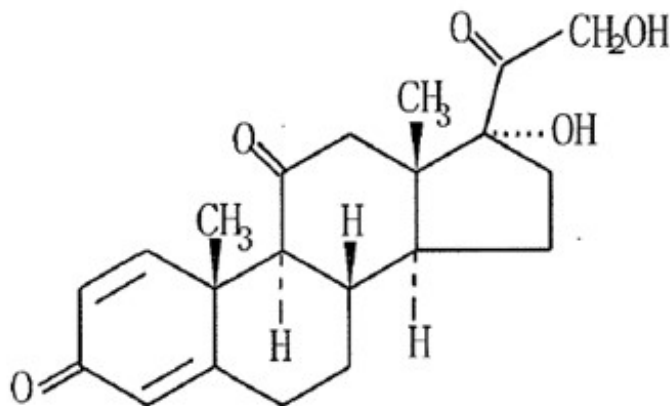
Each tablet for oral administration contains:

Prednisone, USP..... 10 mg, 20 mg and 50 mg

Inactive Ingredients

The tablets contain lactose monohydrate, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch (maize starch), sodium starch glycolate and magnesium stearate.

Prednisone tablets USP contain prednisone USP, which is a glucocorticoid. Glucocorticoids are adrenocortical steroids, both naturally occurring and synthetic, which are readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract. The chemical name for prednisone is pregna-1,4-diene-3,11,20-trione monohydrate,17,21-dihydroxy-. The structural formula is represented below:



$C_{21}H_{26}O_5$ M.W. 358.44

Prednisone is a white to practically white, odorless, crystalline powder. It is very slightly soluble in water; slightly soluble in alcohol, chloroform, dioxane, and methanol.

FDA approved dissolution test specifications differ from USP.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Naturally occurring glucocorticoids (hydrocortisone and cortisone), which also have salt-retaining properties, are used as replacement therapy in adrenocortical deficiency

states. Their synthetic analogs are primarily used for their potent anti-inflammatory effects in disorders of many organ systems.

Glucocorticoids cause profound and varied metabolic effects. In addition, they modify the body's immune responses to diverse stimuli.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Prednisone tablets USP are indicated in the following conditions:

Endocrine Disorders

Primary or secondary adrenocortical insufficiency (hydrocortisone or cortisone is the first choice; synthetic analogs may be used in conjunction with mineralocorticoids where applicable; in infancy mineralocorticoid supplementation is of particular importance); congenital adrenal hyperplasia; hypercalcemia associated with cancer; nonsuppurative thyroiditis.

Rheumatic Disorders

As adjunctive therapy for short-term administration (to tide the patient over an acute episode or exacerbation) in: psoriatic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, including juvenile rheumatoid arthritis (selected cases may require low-dose maintenance therapy), ankylosing spondylitis, acute and subacute bursitis, acute nonspecific tenosynovitis, acute gouty arthritis, post-traumatic osteoarthritis, synovitis of osteoarthritis, epicondylitis.

Collagen Diseases

During an exacerbation or as maintenance therapy in selected cases of: systemic lupus erythematosus, systemic dermatomyositis (polymyositis), acute rheumatic carditis.

Dermatologic Diseases

Pemphigus; bullous dermatitis herpetiformis; severe erythema multiforme (Stevens-Johnson syndrome); exfoliative dermatitis; mycosis fungoides; severe psoriasis; severe seborrheic dermatitis.

Allergic States

Control of severe or incapacitating allergic conditions intractable to adequate trials of conventional treatment: seasonal or perennial allergic rhinitis; bronchial asthma; contact dermatitis; atopic dermatitis; serum sickness; drug hypersensitivity reactions.

Ophthalmic Diseases

Severe acute and chronic allergic and inflammatory processes involving the eye and its adnexa such as: allergic corneal marginal ulcers, herpes zoster ophthalmicus, anterior segment inflammation, diffuse posterior uveitis and choroiditis, sympathetic ophthalmia, allergic conjunctivitis, keratitis, chorioretinitis, optic neuritis, iritis and iridocyclitis.

Respiratory Diseases

Symptomatic sarcoidosis; Loeffler's syndrome not manageable by other means; berylliosis; fulminating or disseminated pulmonary tuberculosis when used concurrently with appropriate antituberculous chemotherapy; aspiration pneumonitis.

Hematologic Disorders

Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura in adults; secondary thrombocytopenia in adults; acquired (autoimmune) hemolytic anemia; erythroblastopenia (RBC anemia); congenital (erythroid) hypoplastic anemia.

Neoplastic Diseases

For palliative management of: leukemias and lymphomas in adults, acute leukemia of childhood.

Edematous States

To induce a diuresis or remission of proteinuria in the nephrotic syndrome, without uremia, of the idiopathic type or that due to lupus erythematosus.

Gastrointestinal Diseases

To tide the patient over a critical period of the disease in: ulcerative colitis, regional enteritis.

Nervous System

Acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis.

Miscellaneous

Tuberculous meningitis with subarachnoid block or impending block when used concurrently with appropriate antituberculous chemotherapy; trichinosis with neurologic or myocardial involvement.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Prednisone tablets are contraindicated in systemic fungal infections and known hypersensitivity to components.

WARNINGS

In patients on corticosteroid therapy subjected to unusual stress, increased dosage of rapidly acting corticosteroids before, during, and after the stressful situation is indicated.

Corticosteroids may mask some signs of infection, and new infections may appear during their use. There may be decreased resistance and inability to localize infection when corticosteroids are used.

Prolonged use of corticosteroids may produce posterior subcapsular cataracts, glaucoma with possible damage to the optic nerves, and may enhance the establishment of secondary ocular infections due to fungi or viruses.

Usage in pregnancy: Since adequate human reproduction studies have not been done with corticosteroids, the use of these drugs in pregnancy, nursing mothers or women of childbearing potential requires that the possible benefits of the drug be weighed against the potential hazards to the mother and embryo or fetus. Infants born of mothers who have received substantial doses of corticosteroids during pregnancy, should be carefully observed for signs of hypoadrenalism.

Average and large doses of hydrocortisone or cortisone can cause elevation of blood pressure, salt and water retention, and increased excretion of potassium. These effects are less likely to occur with the synthetic derivatives except when used in large doses. Dietary salt restriction and potassium supplementation may be necessary. All corticosteroids increase calcium excretion.

While on corticosteroid therapy patients should not be vaccinated against smallpox. Other immunization procedures should not be undertaken in patients who are on corticosteroids, especially on high dose, because of possible hazards of neurological complications and a lack of antibody response.

The use of prednisone tablets in active tuberculosis should be restricted to those cases of fulminating or disseminated tuberculosis in which the corticosteroid is used for the management of the disease in conjunction with an appropriate anti-tuberculous regimen.

If corticosteroids are indicated in patients with latent tuberculosis or tuberculin reactivity, close observation is necessary as reactivation of the disease may occur. During prolonged corticosteroid therapy, these patients should receive chemoprophylaxis.

Children who are on immunosuppressant drugs are more susceptible to infections than healthy children. Chickenpox and measles, for example, can have a more serious or even fatal course in children on immunosuppressant corticosteroids. In such children, or in adults who have not had these diseases, particular care should be taken to avoid exposure. If exposed, therapy with varicella zoster immune globulin (VZIG) or pooled intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG), as appropriate, may be indicated. If chickenpox develops, treatment with antiviral agents may be considered.

PRECAUTIONS

General Precautions

Drug-induced secondary adrenocortical insufficiency may be minimized by gradual reduction of dosage. This type of relative insufficiency may persist for months after discontinuation of therapy; therefore, in any situation of stress occurring during that period, hormone therapy should be reinstated. Since mineralocorticoid secretion may be impaired, salt and/or a mineralocorticoid should be administered concurrently.

There is an enhanced effect of corticosteroids on patients with hypothyroidism and in those with cirrhosis.

Corticosteroids should be used cautiously in patients with ocular herpes simplex because of possible corneal perforation.

The lowest possible dose of corticosteroid should be used to control the condition under treatment, and when reduction in dosage is possible, the reduction should be gradual.

Psychic derangements may appear when corticosteroids are used, ranging from euphoria, insomnia, mood swings, personality changes, and severe depression, to frank psychotic manifestations. Also existing emotional instability or psychotic tendencies may be aggravated by corticosteroids.

Aspirin should be used cautiously in conjunction with corticosteroids in hypoprothrombinemia.

Steroids should be used with caution in nonspecific ulcerative colitis, if there is a probability of impending perforation, abscess or other pyogenic infection: diverticulitis; fresh intestinal anastomoses; active or latent peptic ulcer; renal insufficiency; hypertension; osteoporosis: and myasthenia gravis.

Growth and development of infants and children on prolonged corticosteroid therapy should be carefully observed.

Although controlled clinical trials have shown corticosteroids to be effective in speeding the resolution of acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis, they do not show that corticosteroids affect the ultimate outcome or natural history of the disease. The studies do show that relatively high doses of corticosteroids are necessary to demonstrate a significant effect (See DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION).

Since complications of treatment with glucocorticoids are dependent on the size of the dose and the duration of treatment, a risk/benefit decision must be made in each individual case as to dose and duration of treatment and as to whether daily or intermittent therapy should be used.

Convulsions have been reported with concurrent use of methylprednisolone and cyclosporine. Since concurrent use of these agents results in a mutual inhibition of metabolism, it is possible that adverse events associated with the individual use of either drug may be more apt to occur.

Information for the Patient

Patients who are on immunosuppressant doses of corticosteroids should be warned to avoid exposure to chickenpox or measles and, if exposed, to obtain medical advice.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Fluid and Electrolyte Disturbances

Sodium retention

Fluid retention

Congestive heart failure in susceptible patients

Potassium loss

Hypokalemic alkalosis

Hypertension

Musculoskeletal

Muscle weakness

Steroid myopathy

Loss of muscle mass

Osteoporosis

Vertebral compression fractures

Aseptic necrosis of femoral and humeral heads

Pathologic fracture of long bones

Gastrointestinal

Peptic ulcer with possible perforation and hemorrhage

Pancreatitis

Abdominal distention

Ulcerative esophagitis

Dermatologic

Impaired wound healing

Thin fragile skin

Petechiae and ecchymoses

Facial erythema

Increased sweating

May suppress reactions to skin tests

Metabolic

Negative nitrogen balance due to protein catabolism

Neurological

Increased intracranial pressure with papilledema

(pseudo-tumor cerebri) usually after treatment

Convulsions

Vertigo

Headache

Endocrine

Menstrual irregularities

Development of Cushingoid state

Secondary adrenocortical and pituitary unresponsiveness, particularly in times of stress, as in trauma, surgery or illness

Suppression of growth in children

Decreased carbohydrate tolerance

Manifestations of latent diabetes mellitus

Increased requirements for insulin or oral hypoglycemic agents in diabetics

Ophthalmic

Posterior subcapsular cataracts

Increased intraocular pressure

Glaucoma

Exophthalmos

Additional Reactions

Urticaria and other allergic, anaphylactic or hypersensitivity reactions.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Strides Pharma Inc. at 1-877-244-9825 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The initial dosage of prednisone may vary from 5 mg to 60 mg per day, depending on the specific disease entity being treated. In situations of less severity lower doses will generally suffice, while in selected patients higher initial doses may be required. The initial dosage should be maintained or adjusted until a satisfactory response is noted. If after a reasonable period of time there is a lack of satisfactory clinical response, prednisone should be discontinued and the patient transferred to other appropriate therapy . **IT SHOULD BE EMPHASIZED THAT DOSAGE REQUIREMENTS ARE VARIABLE AND MUST BE INDIVIDUALIZED ON THE BASIS OF THE DISEASE UNDER TREATMENT AND THE RESPONSE OF THE PATIENT.** After a favorable response is noted, the proper maintenance dosage should be determined by decreasing the initial drug dosage in small decrements at appropriate time intervals until the lowest dosage which will maintain an adequate clinical response is reached. It should be kept in mind that constant monitoring is needed in regard to drug dosage. Included in the situations which may make dosage adjustments necessary are changes in clinical status secondary to remissions or exacerbations in the disease process, the patient's individual drug responsiveness, and the effect of patient exposure to stressful situations not directly related to the disease entity under treatment; in this latter situation, it may be necessary to increase the dosage of prednisone for a period of time consistent with the patient's condition. If after long-term therapy the drug is to be stopped, it recommended that it be withdrawn gradually rather than abruptly.

Multiple Sclerosis

In the treatment of acute exacerbations of multiple sclerosis daily doses of 200 mg of prednisolone for a week followed by 80 mg every other day for 1 month have been shown to be effective. (Dosage range is the same for prednisone and prednisolone).

Alternate Day Therapy

Alternate day therapy is a corticosteroid dosing regimen in which twice the usual daily dose of corticoid is administered every other morning. The purpose of this mode of therapy is to provide the patient requiring long-term pharmacologic dose treatment with the beneficial effects of corticoids while minimizing certain undesirable effects, including pituitary-adrenal suppression, the cushingoid state, corticoid withdrawal symptoms, and growth suppression in children.

The rationale for this treatment schedule is based on two major premises: (a) the anti-inflammatory or therapeutic effect of corticoids persists longer than their physical presence and metabolic effects and (b) administration of the corticosteroid every other morning allows for re-establishment of more nearly normal hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal (HPA) activity on the off-steroid day.

A brief review of the HPA physiology may be helpful in understanding this rationale. Acting primarily through the hypothalamus a fall in free cortisol stimulates the pituitary gland to produce increasing amounts of corticotropin (ACTH) while a rise in free cortisol inhibits ACTH secretion. Normally the HPA system is characterized by diurnal (circadian) rhythm. Serum levels of ACTH rise from a low point about 10 pm to a peak level about 6 am. Increasing levels of ACTH stimulate adrenocortical activity resulting in a rise in plasma cortisol with maximal levels occurring between 2 am and 8 am. This rise in cortisol dampens ACTH production and in turn adrenocortical activity. There is a gradual fall in plasma corticoids during the day with lowest levels occurring about midnight.

The diurnal rhythm of the HPA axis is lost in Cushing's disease, a syndrome of adrenocortical hyperfunction characterized by obesity with centripetal fat distribution, thinning of the skin with easy bruisability, muscle wasting with weakness, hypertension, latent diabetes, osteoporosis, electrolyte imbalance, etc. The same clinical findings of hyperadrenocorticism may be noted during long-term pharmacologic dose corticoid therapy administered in conventional daily divided doses. It would appear, then, that a disturbance in the diurnal cycle with maintenance of elevated corticoid values during the night may play a significant role in the development of undesirable corticoid effects. Escape from these constantly elevated plasma levels for even short periods of time may be instrumental in protecting against undesirable pharmacologic effects.

During conventional pharmacologic dose corticosteroid therapy, ACTH production is inhibited with subsequent suppression of cortisol production by the adrenal cortex. Recovery time for normal HPA activity is variable depending upon the dose and duration of treatment. During this time the patient is vulnerable to any stressful situation. Although it has been shown that there is considerably less adrenal suppression following a single morning dose of prednisolone (10 mg) as opposed to a quarter of that dose administered every 6 hours, there is evidence that some suppressive effect on adrenal activity may be carried over into the following day when pharmacologic doses are used. Further, it has been shown that a single dose of certain corticosteroids will produce adrenocortical suppression for two or more days. Other corticoids, including methylprednisolone, hydrocortisone, prednisone, and prednisolone, are considered to be short acting (producing adrenocortical suppression for 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 days following a single dose) and thus are recommended for alternate day therapy.

The following should be kept in mind when considering alternate day therapy:

1. Basic principles and indications for corticosteroid therapy should apply. The benefits of alternate day therapy should not encourage the indiscriminate use of steroids.
2. Alternate day therapy is a therapeutic technique primarily designed for patients in

whom long-term pharmacologic corticoid therapy is anticipated.

3. In less severe disease processes in which corticoid therapy is indicated, it may be possible to initiate treatment with alternate day therapy. More severe disease states usually will require daily divided high dose therapy for initial control of the disease process. The initial suppressive dose level should be continued until satisfactory clinical response is obtained, usually four to ten days in the case of many allergic and collagen diseases. It is important to keep the period of initial suppressive dose as brief as possible particularly when subsequent use of alternate day therapy is intended. Once control has been established, two courses are available: (a) change to alternate day therapy and then gradually reduce the amount of corticoid given every other day or (b) following control of the disease process reduce the daily dose of corticoid to the lowest effective level as rapidly as possible and then change over to an alternate day schedule. Theoretically, course (a) may be preferable.
4. Because of the advantages of alternate day therapy, it may be desirable to try patients on this form of therapy who have been on daily corticoids for long periods of time (e.g., patients with rheumatoid arthritis). Since these patients may already have a suppressed HPA axis, establishing them on alternate day therapy may be difficult and not always successful. However, it is recommended that regular attempts be made to change them over. It may be helpful to triple or even quadruple the daily maintenance dose and administer this every other day rather than just doubling the daily dose if difficulty is encountered. Once the patient is again controlled, an attempt should be made to reduce this dose to a minimum.
5. As indicated above, certain corticosteroids, because of their prolonged suppressive effect on adrenal activity, are not recommended for alternate day therapy (e.g., dexamethasone and betamethasone).
6. The maximal activity of the adrenal cortex is between 2 am and 8 am, and it is minimal between 4 pm and midnight. Exogenous corticosteroids suppress adrenocortical activity the least, when given at the time of maximal activity (am).
7. In using alternate day therapy it is important, as in all therapeutic situations to individualize and tailor the therapy to each patient. Complete control of symptoms will not be possible in all patients. An explanation of the benefits of alternate day therapy will help the patient to understand and tolerate the possible flare-up in symptoms which may occur in the latter part of the off-steroid day. Other symptomatic therapy may be added or increased at this time if needed.
8. In the event of an acute flare-up of the disease process, it may be necessary to return to a full suppressive daily divided corticoid dose for control. Once control is again established alternate day therapy may be re-instituted.
9. Although many of the undesirable features of corticosteroid therapy can be minimized by alternate day therapy, as in any therapeutic situation, the physician must carefully weigh the benefit-risk ratio for each patient in whom corticoid therapy is being considered.

HOW SUPPLIED

PredniSONE Tablets USP

10 mg, White to off white color, circular, biconvex tablets debossed with "P10" on one side and break line on other side and free from physical defects..

20 mg, White to off white color, circular, biconvex tablets debossed with "P20" on one

side and break line on other side free from physical defects.

50 mg, White to off white colour, biconvex round shaped tablet debossed with "P50" on one side, score on other side and free from physical defects.

Product Name	NDC Number	Pack Type
Prednisone Tablets USP, 10 mg	64380-784-01	10 x 10's Unit-Dose blister pack
	64380-784-06	100's count in HDPE container
	64380-784-07	500's count in HDPE container
	64380-784-08	1000's count in HDPE container
Prednisone Tablets USP, 20 mg	64380-785-01	10 x 10's Unit-Dose blister pack
	64380-785-06	100's count in HDPE container
	64380-785-07	500's count in HDPE container
	64380-785-08	1000's count in HDPE container
Prednisone Tablets USP, 50 mg	64380-949-06	100's Count in HDPE container
	64380-949-01	10 x 10's count blister pack

Store at 20° to 25 °C (68° to 77 °F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30 °C (59° to 86 °F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

Dispense in a tight container, as defined in the USP/NF.

PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Rx only

Manufactured by:

Strides Pharma Science Limited

Bengaluru-562106, India.

Distributed by:

Strides Pharma Inc.

East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Revised: 10/ 2021

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-784-01



PredniSONE Tablets, USP

10 mg

10x10 Unit-Dose Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

	<p style="color: red; border: 1px dashed red; padding: 2px;">No Varnish Zone</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">10 mg</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Strides Pharma Inc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Rx only</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">NDC 64380-784-01</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">10 mg</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Strides Pharma Inc.</p> 
	<p style="text-align: right;">100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">10 mg</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Strides Pharma Inc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Rx only</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/25/415/98 Revised: 12/2019</p> <p style="font-size: small;">Each tablet contains 10 mg prednisone USP. See Package Insert for Complete Prescribing Information. This unit-dose package is not Child-resistant. If dispensed for outpatient use, a child-resistant container should be utilized. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">XXXXXXXX</p>	
 <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg); color: red; font-size: small;">NO VARNISH ZONE (see insert)</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg); font-size: x-small;">NDC LOT EXP MFG</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p style="text-align: center;">PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">10 mg</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Strides Pharma Inc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Rx only</p> <p style="text-align: right;">100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Manufactured by: Strides Pharma Science Limited Bengaluru - 562106, India. Distributed by: Strides Pharma Inc. East Brunswick, NJ 08816</p>  <p style="font-size: x-small;">N 316438017840112</p>	

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-784-06

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

10 mg

100 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
10 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a tight, child-resistant
container as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].


PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-784-06

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

10 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

100 Tablets Rx only

Revised: 07/2020

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

GTIN: 00364380784067

LOT:
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NO VARNISH ZONE
Space for batch details
{ 37 x 15 mm }

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PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-784-07

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

10 mg

500 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
10 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a well-closed container
as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].

PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-784-07

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

10 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

500 Tablets Rx only

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Revised: 06/2020

GTIN: 00364380784074

LOT:
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NO VARNISH ZONE
Space for batch details
{ 37 x 15 mm }

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PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-784-08

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

10 mg

1000 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
10 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a well-closed container
as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].

PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-784-08

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

10 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

1000 Tablets Rx only

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Revised: 06/2020

GTIN: 00364380784081

LOT:
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NO VARNISH ZONE
Space for batch details
{ 37 x 15 mm }



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PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-785-01

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

20 mg

10x10 Unit-Dose Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

		<p style="text-align: center; border: 1px dashed pink; padding: 5px;">No Varnish Zone</p> <p>NDC 64380-785-01 100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p>PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p>20 mg</p> <p> Strides Pharma Inc. Rx only</p>	<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">NDC 64380-785-01</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">20 mg</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Strides Pharma Inc.</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);"></p>	
		<p>PredniSONE Tablets USP 100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p>20 mg</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/25/415/98 Revised: 12/2019</p> <p><small>Each tablet contains 20 mg prednisone USP. See Package Insert for Complete Prescribing Information. This unit-dose package is not Child-resistant. If dispensed for outpatient use, a child-resistant container should be utilized. Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F); excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C (59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.</small></p>	<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">1 X 000001</p>	
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);"></p>	<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">GTLN LOT# EXP SN</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg); border: 1px dashed pink; padding: 5px;">NO VARNISH ZONE (69 x 59 mm)</p>	<p>NDC 64380-785-01 100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p>PredniSONE Tablets USP</p> <p>20 mg</p> <p> Strides Pharma Inc. Rx only</p>		
		<p>PredniSONE Tablets USP 100 (10x10) Unit-Dose Tablets</p> <p>20 mg</p> <p> N 3 643801785019</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><small>Manufactured by: Strides Pharma Science Limited Bengaluru - 562106, India. Distributed by: Strides Pharma Inc. East Brunswick, NJ 08816</small></p>		

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-785-06

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

20 mg

100 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
20 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a tight, child-resistant
container as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].

PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-785-06

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

20 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

100 Tablets **Rx only**

Revised: 07/2020

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

GTIN: 00364380785064

LOT:
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SN:

NO VARNISH ZONE
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PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-785-07

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

20 mg

500 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
20 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a well-closed container
as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].

PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No.: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-785-07

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

20 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

500 Tablets **Rx only**

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Revised: 06/2020


GTIN: 00364380785071

LOT:
EXP:
SN:

NO VARNISH ZONE
Space for batch details
{ 37 x 15 mm }

1041184

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6438078507
1



PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-785-08

PredniSONE Tablets, USP

20 mg

1000 Tablets

Rx only

Strides Pharma Inc.

Each tablet contains
20 mg prednisone USP.

USUAL DOSAGE: See Package Insert
for Complete Prescribing Information.

Dispense in a well-closed container
as defined in the USP/NF.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F);
excursions permitted to 15° to 30°C
(59° to 86°F) [see USP Controlled
Room Temperature].


PROTECT FROM MOISTURE.

Code No: KR/DRUGS/KTK/28/301/98

NDC 64380-785-08

**PredniSONE
Tablets USP**

20 mg

 Strides Pharma Inc.

1000 Tablets **Rx only**

Manufactured by:
Strides Pharma Science Ltd.
Bengaluru - 562106, India.

Distributed by:
Strides Pharma Inc.
East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Revised: 06/2020
GTIN: 00364380785088

LOT:
EXP:
SN:

NO VARNISH ZONE
Space for batch details
{ 37 x 15 mm }

1041185

3 N
6 4 3 8 0 7 8 5 0 8 1 8



PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-949-06

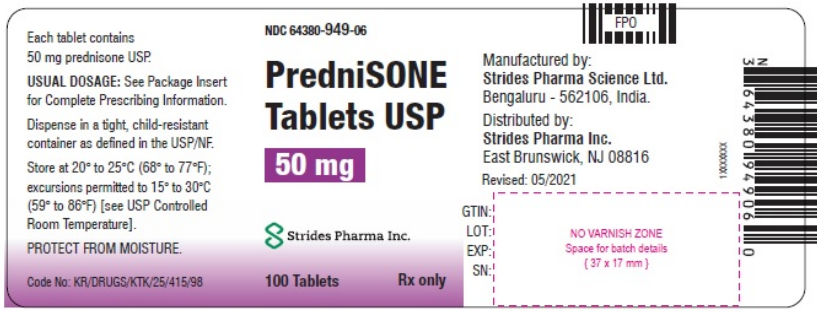
PredniSONE Tablets USP

50 mg

Strides Pharma Inc.

100 Tablets

Rx only



Dimension : 120 x 45 mm

unwind direction of label roll



PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 64380-949-01

PredniSONE Tablets USP

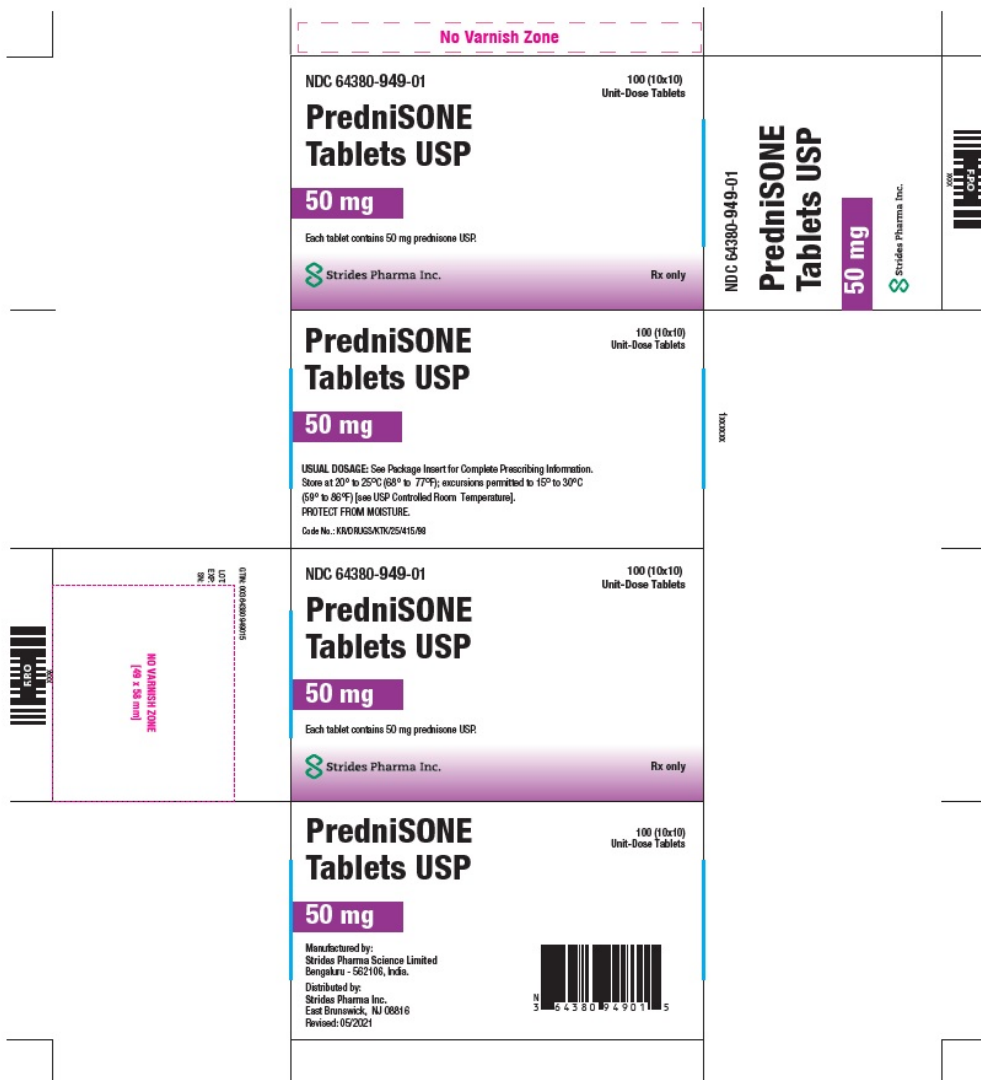
50 mg

100 (10 x 10) Unit dose Tablets

Each Tablet contains 50 mg prednisone USP.

Strides Pharma Inc.

Rx only



PREDNISONE

prednisone tablet

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:67296-1886(NDC:64380-949)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
PREDNISONE (UNII: VB0R961HZT) (PREDNISONE - UNII:VB0R961HZT)	PREDNISONE	50 mg

Inactive Ingredients

Ingredient Name	Strength
MICROCRYSTALLINE CELLULOSE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	

SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	

Product Characteristics			
Color	white	Score	2 pieces
Shape	ROUND	Size	11mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	P50
Contains			

Packaging				
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:67296-1886-5	5 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	05/24/2022	

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA208412	05/24/2022	

Labeler - Redpharm drug (828374897)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Redpharm Drug		828374897	repack(67296-1886)

Revised: 11/2023

Redpharm drug