EPINEPHRINE - epinephrine injection, solution
American Regent, Inc.

Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

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EPINEPHRINE INJECTION, USP

PRESERVATIVE FREE
SULFITE FREE
Rx Only

DESCRIPTION

Each mL contains Epinephrine 1 mg (as the hydrochloride), Sodium Chloride 9 mg, and Water for Injection q.s. Contains no Sulfites. pH adjusted with Hydrochloric Acid and/or Sodium Hydroxide.

Epinephrine is the active principle of the adrenal medulla. Chemically described as (-)-3,4-Dihydroxy-\alpha-[(methylamino)methyl] benzyl alcohol.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Epinephrine is a sympathomimetic drug. It activates an adrenergic receptive mechanism on effector cells and imitates all actions of the sympathetic nervous system except those on the arteries of the face and sweat glands. Epinephrine acts on both alpha and beta receptors and is the most potent alpha receptor activator.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

In general, the most common uses of epinephrine are to relieve respiratory distress due to bronchospasm, to provide rapid relief of hypersensitivity reactions to drugs and other allergens, and to prolong the action of infiltration anesthetics. Its cardiac effects may be of use in restoring cardiac rhythm in cardiac arrest due to various causes, but it is not used in cardiac failure or in hemorrhagic, traumatic, or cardiogenic shock.

Epinephrine is used as a hemostatic agent. It is also used in treating mucosal congestion of hay fever, rhinitis, and acute sinusitis; to relieve bronchial asthmatic paroxysms; in syncope due to complete heart block or carotid sinus hypersensitivity; for symptomatic relief of serum sickness, urticaria, angioneurotic edema; for resuscitation in cardiac arrest following anesthetic accidents; in simple (open angle) glaucoma; for relaxation of uterine musculature and to inhibit uterine contractions. Epinephrine injection can be utilized to prolong the action of intraspinal and local anesthetics (see CONTRAINDICATIONS).

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Epinephrine is contraindicated in narrow-angle (congestive) glaucoma, shock, during general anesthesia with halogenated hydrocarbons or cyclopropane and in individuals with organic brain damage.
Epinephrine is also contraindicated with local anesthesia of certain areas, e.g., fingers, toes, because of the danger of vasoconstriction producing sloughing of tissue; in labor because it may delay the second stage; in cardiac dilatation and coronary insufficiency.
WARNINGS
Administer with caution to elderly people; to those with cardiovascular disease, hypertension, diabetes, or hyperthyroidism; in psychoneurotic individuals; and in pregnancy.
Patients with long-standing bronchial asthma and emphysema who have developed degenerative heart disease should be administered the drug with extreme caution.
Overdosage or inadvertent intravenous injection of epinephrine may cause cerebrovascular hemorrhage resulting from the sharp rise in blood pressure.
Fatalities may also result from pulmonary edema because of the peripheral constriction and cardiac stimulation produced. Rapidly acting vasodilators such as nitrates, or alpha-blocking agents may counteract the marked pressor effects of epinephrine.

PRECAUTIONS
Epinephrine Injection should be protected from exposure to light. Do not remove ampules from carton until ready to use. The solution should not be used if its color is pinkish or darker than slightly yellow or if it contains a precipitate.
Epinephrine is readily destroyed by alkalies and oxidizing agents. In the latter category are oxygen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, permanganates, chromates, nitrates, and salts of easily reducible metals, especially iron.

Drug Interactions
Use of epinephrine with excessive doses of digitalis, mercurial diuretics, or other drugs that sensitize the heart to arrhythmias is not recommended. Anginal pain may be induced when coronary insufficiency is present.
The effects of epinephrine may be potentiated by tricyclic antidepressants; certain antihistamines, e.g., diphenhydramine, tripelennamine, d-chlorpheniramine; and sodium l-thyroxine.

Pregnancy

Teratogenic Effects
Pregnancy Category C: Safety for use in pregnancy has not been established. Use of epinephrine in women of childbearing potential requires that anticipated benefits be weighed against possible hazards.

ADVERSE REACTIONS
Transient and minor side effects of anxiety, headache, fear, and palpitations often occur with therapeutic doses, especially in hyperthyroid individuals. Repeated local injections can result in necrosis at sites of injection from vascular constriction. “Epinephrine-fastness” can occur with prolonged use.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
Intramuscularly or subcutaneously — 0.2 to 1 mL. Start with a small dose and increase if required.
Note: The subcutaneous is the preferred route of administration. If given intramuscularly, injection into the buttocks should be avoided.
For bronchial asthma and certain allergic manifestations, e.g., angioedema, urticaria, serum sickness, anaphylactic shock, use epinephrine subcutaneously. For bronchial asthma in pediatric patients, administer 0.01 mL/kg or 0.3 mL/m² to a maximum of 0.5 mL subcutaneously, repeated every four hours if required.
For cardiac resuscitation —
A dose of 0.5 mL diluted to 10 mL with sodium chloride injection can be administered intravenously or intracardially to restore myocardial contractility. External cardiac massage should follow intracardial administration to permit the drug to enter coronary circulation. The drug should be used secondarily to unsuccessful attempts with physical or electromechanical methods.

Intraspinal use —
Usual dose is 0.2 to 0.4 mL added to anesthetic spinal fluid mixture (may prolong anesthetic action by limiting absorption). For use with local anesthetic – Epinephrine 1:100,000 to 1:20,000 is the usual concentration employed with local anesthetics.

Ophthalmologic use
(for producing conjunctival decongestion, to control hemorrhage, produce mydriasis and reduce intraocular pressure) — Use concentration of 1:10,000 to 1:1,000.

Store below 23°C (73°F). Do not freeze.
Protect from light (see PRECAUTIONS).

Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter and discoloration, whenever solution and container permit.

HOW SUPPLIED
Sterile solution containing Epinephrine 1 mg (as the hydrochloride) in each 1 mL ampule. Supplied in a box of 25 Ampules.
NDC 0517-1071-25

AMERICAN
REGENT, INC.
SHIRLEY, NY 11967
IN1071
Rev. 01/09

PACKAGE LABEL.PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL – 1 mL Carton

EPINEPHRINE
INJECTION, USP
1:1000 (1 mg/mL)
NDC 0517-1071-25
25 x 1 mL AMPULES
CONTAINS NO SULFITES
PRESERVATIVE FREE
Rx Only
FOR SC AND IM USE. FOR IV AND IC USE AFTER DILUTION.

Each mL contains: Epinephrine 1 mg (as the Hydrochloride), Sodium Chloride 9 mg, Water for Injection q.s. pH adjusted with Hydrochloric Acid and/or Sodium Hydroxide.

WARNING: DO NOT USE IF DISCOLORED OR PRECIPITATED. PROTECT FROM LIGHT.
Store below 23°C (73°F). Do not freeze.
EPINEPHRINE
epinephrine injection, solution

Product Information

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Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

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<td>EPINEPHRINE (UNII: YKH834O4BH) (EPINEPHRINE - UNII:YKH834O4BH)</td>
<td>EPINEPHRINE</td>
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Inactive Ingredients

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<td>SODIUM HYDROXIDE (UNII: 55X04QC32I)</td>
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### Marketing Information

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**Labeler** - American Regent, Inc. (622781813)