STERILE WATER- water irrigant Baxter Healthcare Corporation Reference Label Set Id: fb20b834-4ca2-4ef0-ab16-8c7e1e3cd3b9					
HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESCRIBING INFORMATION These highlights do not include all the information needed to use STERILE WATER FOR IRRIGATION safely and effectively. See full prescribing information for STERILE WATER FOR IRRIGATION.					
STERILE WATER FOR IRRIGATION Initial U.S. Approval: 1974					
Sterile Water for Irrigation is indicated for use as an irrigant. (1)					
<ul> <li>For Irrigation only. Not for injection or infusion by usual parenteral routes. (2.1, 5.1)</li> <li>The volume and/or rate of irrigation depend on the type of the procedure and the capacity or the surface area of the structure to be irrigated. (2.2)</li> <li>For preparation and administration instructions see the full prescribing information. (2.1, 2.3)</li> </ul>					
DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS					
<ul> <li>250, 500, 1000, and 1500 mL sterile water for irrigation in a single-dose plastic pour bottle. (3)</li> <li>1000, 2000 and 3000 mL sterile water for irrigation in a single-dose flexible plastic container. (3)</li> </ul>					
CONTRAINDICATIONS					
• None. (4)					
WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS					
<ul> <li><u>Hypotonicity</u>: Administration by parenteral routes can result in serious adverse reactions. For irrigation use only. (5.1)</li> <li><u>Excessive Water Absorption</u>: May result in hyponatremia, hypoosmolality and fluid overload. Monitor patients for absorption of clinically relevant amounts of fluid during and after the procedure. Additional monitoring is recommended for patients at increased risk of developing complications of fluid overload syndrome (e.g., patients with renal or cardiac impairment) or hyponatremic encephalopathy</li> </ul>					

- (e.g., pediatric patients; women, in particular premenopausal women; patients with hypoxemia; and patients with central nervous system disease). Avoid use in procedures that require longer irrigation times or an irrigation fluid pressure that promotes absorption. (5.2, 8.4)
- <u>Use with Electrosurgery/Cautery</u>: Ensure compatibility with equipment used with electrosurgery or cautery. (5.2)

------ ADVERSE REACTIONS

Most common adverse reactions are: hyponatremia, fluid overload, fluid absorption, electrolyte imbalance.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Baxter Healthcare Corporation at 1-**866-888-2472 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or** www.fda.gov/medwatch.

See 17 for PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION.

Revised: 10/2017

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- 2.2 Recommended Dosage
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#### **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

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# **FULL PRESCRIBING INFORMATION**

#### 1 INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Sterile Water for Irrigation is indicated for use as an irrigant.

#### 2 DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

#### 2.1 Important Administration Instructions

- For irrigation only. Not for intravenous injection.
- Sterile Water for Irrigation is hypotonic with an osmolarity of zero mOsmol/L. It is intended for use as an irrigation fluid and not for intravenous administration or administration by other, parenteral routes (e.g., subcutaneous or intramuscular) [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)].
- Sterile Water for Irrigation is not potable water and is not intended for oral administration.
- Sterile Water for Irrigation that has been warmed must not be returned to storage.

# 2.2 Recommended Dosage

The volume and/or rate of irrigation depend on the type of the procedure and the capacity or the surface area of the structure to be irrigated.

# 2.3 Preparation and Administration Instructions

For single-dose only. Sterile Water for Irrigation is available in a flexible plastic container and a plastic pour bottle. Use the contents of the opened container immediately to minimize the potential for bacterial growth and pyrogen formation. Discard the unused contents of opened containers, as Sterile Water for Irrigation contains no antimicrobial preservative.

# Adding Medications to Either the Flexible Plastic Container or the Plastic Pour Bottle

- Use aseptic technique when making additions to Sterile Water for Irrigation.
- Additives may be incompatible with Sterile Water for Irrigation.
- The compatibility of additives with Sterile Water for Irrigation must be assessed. Before introducing additives, check for a possible color change and/or the appearance of precipitates, insoluble complexes, or crystals.
- Before adding a substance or medication, verify that it is soluble and/or stable in water and that the pH range of Sterile Water for Irrigation is appropriate.
- Additives known or determined to be incompatible should not be used.
- · Mix thoroughly after additives have been introduced.
- Use immediately.

## Administration Instructions for Irrigation by Gravity Using the Flexible Plastic Container

- 1. Use aseptic technique.
- 2. Tear overwrap down side at slit and remove solution container. Visually inspect the container. If the outlet port protector is damaged, detached, or not present, discard container as solution path sterility may be impaired. Some opacity of the plastic due to moisture absorption during the sterilization process may be observed. This is normal and does not affect the solution quality or safety. The opacity will diminish gradually. Check for minute leaks by squeezing the container firmly. If leaks are found, discard solution as sterility may be impaired.
- 3. Suspend container using hanger hole.
- 4. Remove plastic protector from outlet port at bottom of container.
- 5. Attach irrigation set. Refer to complete directions accompanying set.

# Warming

If desired, warm the flexible plastic container in overwrap to near body temperature in a water bath or fluid warmer heated to not more than 45°C.

Microwave heating of irrigation fluids is not recommended.

# Administration Using the Plastic Pour Bottle

- 1. Inspect Sterile Water for Irrigation visually for particulate matter and discoloration prior to use. Discard if the fluid is not clear or the seal is broken.
- 2. Use aseptic technique
- Remove the plastic shrink band by tearing along the perforation line and unscrew the bottle cap.
- 4. Prevent contact of the fluid with the external surface of the container (including the thread for the bottle cap of the plastic pour bottle).

If desired, warm the plastic pour bottle in a fluid warmer to not more than 50°C for a maximum of 60 days. Discard after 60 days of warming.

Microwave heating of irrigation fluids is not recommended.

#### **3 DOSAGE FORMS AND STRENGTHS**

Irrigation:

- 250, 500, 1000, and 1500 mL sterile water for irrigation in a single-dose plastic pour bottle
- 1000, 2000 and 3000 mL sterile water for irrigation in a single-dose flexible plastic container

#### **4 CONTRAINDICATIONS**

None.

#### **5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS**

# 5.1 Hypotonicity

Sterile Water for Irrigation is hypotonic with an osmolarity of zero mOsmol/L. It is intended for use as irrigation fluid and not for intravenous administration or administration by other, usual parenteral routes, such as intravascular administration in general, subcutaneous administration, or intramuscular administration.

Serious adverse reactions, including cerebral or pulmonary edema, massive hemolysis, and acute renal failure can result from the hypotonicity of Sterile Water for Irrigation [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)].

# 5.2 Excessive Water Absorption

Due to the hypotonicity, absorption of Sterile Water for Irrigation can result in serious adverse reactions of hyponatremia, hypoosmolality and fluid overload, resulting in fatality or permanent morbidity. Complications include cerebral edema, encephalopathy, pulmonary edema, massive hemolysis, rhabdomyolysis, renal failure, and hyperkalemia [see Adverse Reactions (6)]. In addition, excessive volume or pressure of the irrigation fluid may also cause undue distension of body cavities and may cause tissue disruption (e.g., tears or perforation). These complications can manifest after irrigation has ended and immediate intervention may be required.

Monitor patients closely for absorption of clinically relevant amounts of fluid during and for an appropriate period after the procedure. If absorption occurs, discontinue Sterile Water for Irrigation.

Additional close monitoring during and/or after the procedure is recommended for patients at increased risk for developing complications related to hypotonicity, such as:

• fluid overload syndrome, including patients with severe renal impairment, impaired cardiac function, or other clinical conditions associated with edematous states.

 hyponatremic encephalopathy, including pediatric patients; women, in particular premenopausal women; patients with hypoxemia; and patients with underlying central nervous system disease.

Avoid use of Sterile Water for Irrigation in patients with wounds where significant absorption may occur, such as procedures that require irrigation over a longer period of time or an irrigation fluid pressure that promotes absorption (e.g., transurethral resection of prostate). Sterile Water for Irrigation should only be used by clinicians familiar with the treatment of possible complications.

## 5.3 Use with Electrosurgery/Cautery

In contrast to other irrigation fluids containing electrolytes, Sterile Water for Irrigation is non-conductive. Therefore, when choosing the distension solution/fluid used with electrosurgery or cautery, ensure compatibility with the equipment.

#### 6 ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following adverse reactions have been identified during post approval use of Sterile Water for Irrigation. Because these reactions are reported voluntarily from a population of uncertain size, it is not always possible to reliably estimate their frequency or establish a causal relationship to drug exposure.

Metabolism and Nutrition disorders: Hyponatremia, fluid overload, fluid absorption, electrolyte imbalance

Nervous System Disorders: Cerebral edema

General Disorders and Administration Site Conditions: Burning sensation (with irrigation of eyes and skin wounds)

Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue Disorders: Rhabdomyolysis (myoglobinuria) Renal and Urinary Disorders: Renal failure

Other Adverse reactions which may occur in association with absorption of water for irrigation include:

Blood and Lymphatic System Disorders: Hemolysis (hemoglobinemia, hemoglobinuria) Metabolism and Nutrition Disorders: Hypervolemia, hypoosmolality, hyperkalemia, acid/base balance disorder

*Nervous System Disorders*: Encephalopathy (seizure, loss of vision, lethargy, disorientation, irritability, vomiting, nausea, headache)

Cardiac Disorders: Cardiac arrest, cardiac failure, bradycardia, electrocardiogram abnormal

Vascular Disorders: Hypertension, postoperative hypotension

Respiratory, Thoracic and Mediastinal Disorders: Respiratory arrest, respiratory failure, pulmonary edema

#### 8 USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

# 8.1 Pregnancy

Risk Summary

Appropriate administration of Sterile Water for Irrigation is not expected to cause

adverse developmental outcomes. There are no available data on Sterile Water for Irrigation use in pregnant women to determine a drug-associated risk of adverse developmental outcomes. Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with Sterile Water for Irrigation.

All pregnancies have a background risk of birth defect, loss, or other adverse outcomes. In the U.S. general population, the estimated background risk of major birth defects and miscarriage in clinically recognized pregnancies is 2 to 4% and 15 to 20% respectively.

#### 8.2 Lactation

## Risk Summary

Appropriate administration of Sterile Water for Irrigation is not expected to cause harm to a breastfed infant. There are no data on the presence of Sterile Water for Irrigation in either human or animal milk, the effects on the breastfed infant or the effects on milk production. The lack of clinical data during lactation precludes a clear determination of the risk of Sterile Water for Irrigation to a breastfed infant; therefore, the developmental and health benefits of breastfeeding should be considered along with the mother's clinical need for Sterile Water for Irrigation and any potential adverse effects on the breastfed infant from Sterile Water for Irrigation or from the underlying maternal condition.

#### 8.4 Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established. Pediatric patients are at higher risk compared to adults for developing encephalopathy as a complication of hyponatremia, if there is excessive absorption of Sterile Water for Irrigation [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)].

#### 8.5 Geriatric Use

Sterile Water for Irrigation should be used cautiously in older patients. Geriatric patients are more likely to have decreased cardiac, renal, or hepatic function, and other diseases or concomitant drug therapy.

#### 10 OVERDOSAGE

Excessive rate, volume, pressure or duration of irrigation with hypotonic fluid can result in excessive fluid absorption and permanent morbidity or death as a result of hyponatremia, hypoosmolality and/or fluid overload. In the event of clinically relevant absorption of Sterile Water for Irrigation, immediate intervention may be required [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)].

#### 11 DESCRIPTION

Sterile Water for Irrigation contains water that is sterilized and packaged for use as an irrigant. No antimicrobial agent or other substance has been added. The pH is 5.5 (5.0 to 7.0). Sterile Water for Irrigation is hypotonic with an osmolarity of zero mOsmol/L.

The flexible plastic container is fabricated from a specially formulated polyvinyl chloride. The amount of water that can permeate from inside the container into the overwrap is

insufficient to affect the fluid significantly. Water in contact with the plastic container may leach out certain chemical components from the plastic in very small amounts; however, biological testing was supportive of the safety of the plastic container materials.

The plastic pour bottle is fabricated from specially formulated polyolefin. The polyolefin is a copolymer of ethylene and propylene. The container requires no vapor barrier.

#### 16 HOW SUPPLIED/STORAGE AND HANDLING

Sterile Water for Irrigation is supplied in single-dose plastic pour bottles and flexible plastic containers as follows:

<u>Container</u>	Product Codes	Fill Volume (mL)	<u>NDC</u>
Plastic Pour Bottle	2F7112	250	0338-0004-02
	2F7113	500	0338-0004-03
	2F7114	1000	0338-0004-04
	2F7115	1500	0338-0004-05
Flexible Plastic	2B7114	1000	0338-0003-44
Container	2B7116	2000	0338-0003-46
	2B7117	3000	0338-0003-47

# **Storage**

Exposure of pharmaceutical products to heat should be minimized. Avoid excessive heat.

Store at room temperature (25°C): brief exposure up to 40°C does not adversely affect the product.

#### 17 PATIENT COUNSELING INFORMATION

Inform patients, caregivers, or home healthcare providers of the following risks of Sterile Water for Irrigation:

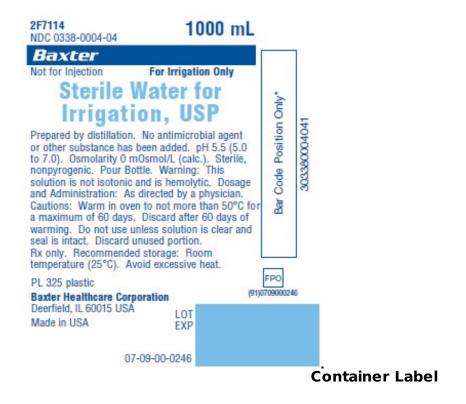
- Hypotonicity [see Warnings and Precautions (5.1)]
- Excessive Water Absorption [see Warnings and Precautions (5.2)]

Baxter Healthcare Corporation Deerfield, IL 60015 USA

Printed in USA 07-19-77-916

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# PACKAGE/LABEL PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL



2F7114
NDC 0338-0004-04
1000 mL
Baxter Logo
Not for Injection
For Irrigation Only
Sterile Water for
Irrigation USP

Prepared by distillation. No antimicrobial agent or other substance has been added. pH 5.5 (5.0 to 7.0). Osmolarity 0 mOsmol/L (calc.). Sterile, nonpyrogenic. Pour Bottle. Warning: This solution is not isotonic and is hemolytic. Dosage and Administration: As directed by a physician. Cautions: Warm in oven to not more than 50°C for a maximum of 60 days. Discard after 60 days of warming. Do not use unless solution is clear and seal is intact. Discard unused portion. Rx only. Recommended storage: Room temperature (25°C). Avoid excessive heat.

PL 325 Plastic

# **Baxter Healthcare Corporation**Deerfield, IL 60015 USA Made in USA

LOT EXP

FPO (91)0709000246 Bar Code

07-09-00-0246

Bar Code Position Only\* 303380004041



1600

# STERILE WATER

1400

# For Irrigation USP

1200

For irrigation USI

1000

FOR IRRIGATION ONLY PREPARED BY DISTILLATION NO ANTIMICROBIAL AGENT OR OTHER SUBSTANCE HAS BEEN ADDED

pH 5.5 (5.0 to 7.0) Osmolarity 0 mOsmoVL (calc) Sterile

Nonpyriogenic Single dose container Do not use unless fluid is clear Discard unused portion

CAUTIONS THIS FLUID IS NOT ISOTONIC AND IS HEMOLYTIC SQUEEZE AND INSPECT INNER BAG WHICH MAINTAINS PRODUCT STERILITY DISCARD IF LEAKS ARE FOUND RX ONLY STORE UNIT IN MOISTURE BARRIER OVERWRAP AT ROOM TEMPERATURE (25°C) UNTIL READY TO USE AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT SEE INSERT

800



600

400

UROMATIC CONTAINER

MADE IN USA

PL 146 PLASTIC



BAXTER UROMATIC AND PL 146 ARE TRADEMARKS OF BAXTER INTERNATIONAL INC

FOR PRODUCT INFORMATION 1-800-933-0303 200

LOT EXP

BARCODE POSITION OR REFERENCE ONLY 2000 mL NOT FOR INJECTION 2B7116 NDC 0338-0003-46 STERILE WATER For Irrigation USP

For irrigation only Prepared by distillation No antimicrobial agent or other substance has been added pH 5.5 (5.0 TO 7.0). Osmolarity 0 mOsmol/L (calc) Sterile Nonpyrogenic Single dose container

Do not use unless fluid is clear Discard unused portion

Cautions This fluid is not isotonic and is hemolytic Squeeze and inspect inner bag which maintains product sterility Discard if leaks are found **Rx Only** Store unit in moisture barrier overwrap at room temperature (25°C) until Ready to use Avoid excessive heat See insert

Sterile Water H<sub>2</sub>0 For Irrigation USP

**UROMATIC** container

## **Baxter Logo**

Baxter Healthcare Corporation Deerfield IL 60015 USA

Made in USA

PL 146 Plastic

Baxter UROMATIC and PL 146 are trademarks of Baxter International Inc

For product information 1-800-933-0303

1800

1600

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

# STERILE WATER

water irrigant

Product Information					
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:0338-0003		
Route of Administration	IRRIGATION				

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R) (WATER - UNII:059QF0KO0R)	WATER	100 mL in 100 mL

P	Packaging					
#	# Item Code Package Description		Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:0338-0003- 44	14 in 1 CARTON	05/30/1980			
1		1000 mL in 1 BAG; Type 0: Not a Combination Product				
2	NDC:0338-0003- 46	6 in 1 CARTON	05/30/1980			
2		2000 mL in 1 BAG; Type 0: Not a Combination Product				
3	NDC:0338-0003- 47	4 in 1 CARTON	05/30/1980			
3		3000 mL in 1 BAG; Type 0: Not a Combination Product				

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NDA	NDA017866	05/30/1980		

# STERILE WATER

water irrigant

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:0338-0004	
Route of Administration	IRRIGATION			

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety					
Ingredient Name	<b>Basis of Strength</b>	Strength			
WATER (UNII: 059QF0KO0R) (WATER - UNII:059QF0KO0R)	WATER	100 mL in 100 mL			

Packaging			

#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
1	NDC:0338- 0004-02	24 in 1 CARTON	12/31/1974	
1		250 mL in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		
2	NDC:0338- 0004-03	18 in 1 CARTON	12/31/1974	
2		500 mL in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		
3	NDC:0338- 0004-04	12 in 1 CARTON	12/31/1974	
3		1000 mL in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		
4	NDC:0338- 0004-05	9 in 1 CARTON	12/31/1974	10/31/2022
4		1500 mL in 1 BOTTLE, PLASTIC; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
NDA	NDA017428	12/31/1974		

# **Labeler -** Baxter Healthcare Corporation (005083209)

Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	<b>Business Operations</b>		
Baxter Healthcare Corporation		194684502	ANALYSIS(0338-0003, 0338-0004)		

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Baxter Healthcare Corporation		001728059	ANALYSIS(0338-0004), MANUFACTURE(0338-0004), LABEL(0338-0004), PACK(0338-0004), STERILIZE(0338-0004)

Revised: 10/2017 Baxter Healthcare Corporation