MUPIROCIN- mupirocin ointment Rebel Distributors Corp

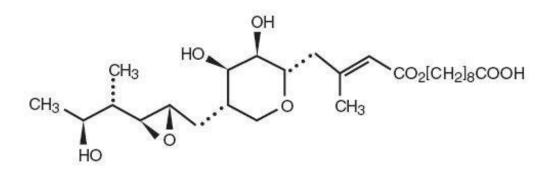
MUPIROCIN OINTMENT USP, 2%

For Dermatologic Use

Rx Only

DESCRIPTION

Each gram of Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% contains 20 mg mupirocin in a bland water miscible ointment base (polyethylene glycol ointment, NF) consisting of polyethylene glycol 400 and polyethylene glycol 3350. Mupirocin is a naturally occurring antibiotic. The chemical name is (*E*)-(2*S*,3*R*,4*R*,5*S*)-5-[(2*S*,3*S*,4*S*,5*S*)-2,3-Epoxy-5-hydroxy-4-methylhexyl]tetrahydro-3,4-dihydroxy- β -methyl-2*H*-pyran-2-crotonic acid, ester with 9-hydroxynonanoic acid. The molecular formula of mupirocin is C₂₆H₄₄O₉ and the molecular weight is 500.62. The chemical structure is:



CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Application of ¹⁴C-labeled mupirocin ointment to the lower arm of normal male subjects followed by occlusion for 24 hours showed no measurable systemic absorption (<1.1 nanogram mupirocin per milliliter of whole blood). Measurable radioactivity was present in the stratum corneum of these subjects 72 hours after application.

Following intravenous or oral administration, mupirocin is rapidly metabolized. The principal metabolite, monic acid, is eliminated by renal excretion, and demonstrates no antibacterial activity. In a study conducted in 7 healthy adult male subjects, the elimination half-life after intravenous administration of mupirocin was 20 to 40 minutes for mupirocin and 30 to 80 minutes for monic acid. The pharmacokinetics of mupirocin has not been studied in individuals with renal insufficiency.

Microbiology -

Mupirocin is an antibacterial agent produced by fermentation using the organism *Pseudomonas fluorescens*. It is active against a wide range of gram-positive bacteria including methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA). It is also active against certain gram-negative bacteria. Mupirocin inhibits bacterial protein synthesis by reversibly and specifically binding to bacterial isoleucyl transfer-RNA synthetase. Due to this unique mode of action, mupirocin demonstrates no *in vitro* cross-resistance with other classes of antimicrobial agents.

Resistance occurs rarely. However, when mupirocin resistance does occur, it appears to result from the production of a modified isoleucyl-tRNA synthetase. High-level plasmid-mediated resistance (MIC > 1024 mcg/mL) has been reported in some strains of *S. aureus* and coagulase-negative staphylococci.

Mupirocin is bactericidal at concentrations achieved by topical administration. However, the minimum

bactericidal concentration (MBC) against relevant pathogens is generally 8-fold to 30-fold higher than the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC). In addition, mupirocin is highly protein bound (>97%), and the effect of wound secretions on the MICs of mupirocin has not been determined. Mupirocin has been shown to be active against most strains of *S. aureus* and *Streptococcus pyogenes*, both *in vitro* and in clinical studies (see **INDICATIONS AND USAGE**). The following *in vitro* data are available, BUT THEIR CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE IS UNKNOWN. Mupirocin is active against most strains of *Staphylococcus epidermidis* and *Staphylococcus saprophyticus*.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% is indicated for the topical treatment of impetigo due to: *S. aureus* and *S. pyogenes*.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

This drug is contraindicated in individuals with a history of sensitivity reactions to any of its components.

WARNINGS

Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% is not for ophthalmic use.

PRECAUTIONS

If a reaction suggesting sensitivity or chemical irritation should occur with the use of Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2%, treatment should be discontinued and appropriate alternative therapy for the infection instituted.

As with other antibacterial products, prolonged use may result in overgrowth of nonsusceptible organisms, including fungi. Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% is not formulated for use on mucosal surfaces. Intranasal use has been associated with isolated reports of stinging and drying. A paraffinbased formulation - *Bactroban Nasal® (mupirocin calcium ointment) – is available for intranasal use. Polyethylene glycol can be absorbed from open wounds and damaged skin and is excreted by the kidneys. In common with other polyethylene glycol-based ointments, Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% should not be used in conditions where absorption of large quantities of polyethylene glycol is possible, especially if there is evidence of moderate or severe renal impairment.

Information for Patients -

Use this medication only as directed by your healthcare provider. It is for external use only. Avoid contact with the eyes. The medication should be stopped and your healthcare practitioner contacted if irritation, severe itching, or rash occurs. If impetigo has not improved in 3 to 5 days, contact your healthcare practitioner.

Drug Interactions -

The effect of the concurrent application of Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% and other drug products has not been studied.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility -

Long-term studies in animals to evaluate carcinogenic potential of mupirocin have not been conducted.

Results of the following studies performed with mupirocin calcium or mupirocin sodium *in vitro* and *in vivo* did not indicate a potential for genotoxicity: Rat primary hepatocyte unscheduled DNA synthesis, sediment analysis for DNA strand breaks, *Salmonella* reversion test (Ames), *Escherichia coli* mutation

assay, metaphase analysis of human lymphocytes, mouse lymphoma assay, and bone marrow micronuclei assay in mice.

Reproduction studies were performed in male and female rats with mupirocin administered subcutaneously at doses up to 14 times a human topical dose (approximately 60 mg mupirocin per day) on a mg/m² basis and revealed no evidence of impaired fertility and reproductive performance from mupirocin.

Pregnancy:

Teratogenic Effects -

Reproduction studies have been performed in rats and rabbits with mupirocin administered subcutaneously at doses up to 22 and 43 times, respectively, the human topical dose (approximately 60 mg mupirocin per day) on a mg/m² basis and revealed no evidence of harm to the fetus due to mupirocin. There are however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers -

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% is administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric Use -

The safety and effectiveness of Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% have been established in the age range of 2 months to 16 years. Use of mupirocin ointment USP, 2% in these age groups is supported by evidence from adequate and well-controlled studies of mupirocin ointment USP, 2% in impetigo in pediatric patients studied as part of the pivotal clinical trials (see **CLINICAL STUDIES**).

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following local adverse reactions have been reported in connection with the use of mupirocin ointment USP, 2%: Burning, stinging, or pain in 1.5% of patients; itching in 1% of patients; rash, nausea, erythema, dry skin, tenderness, swelling, contact dermatitis, and increased exudate in less than 1% of patients. Systemic reactions to mupirocin ointment USP, 2% have occurred rarely.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

A small amount of Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% should be applied to the affected area 3 times daily. The area treated may be covered with a gauze dressing if desired. Patients not showing a clinical response within 3 to 5 days should be re-evaluated.

CLINICAL STUDIES

The efficacy of topical mupirocin ointment USP, 2% in impetigo was tested in two studies. In the first, patients with impetigo were randomized to receive either mupirocin ointment USP, 2% or vehicle placebo three times daily for 8 to 12 days. Clinical efficacy rates at end of therapy in the evaluable populations (adults and pediatric patients included) were 71% for mupirocin ointment USP, 2% (n=49) and 35% for vehicle placebo (n=51). Pathogen eradication rates in the evaluable populations were 94% for mupirocin ointment USP, 2% and 62% for vehicle placebo. There were no side effects reported in the group receiving mupirocin ointment USP, 2%.

In the second study, patients with impetigo were randomized to receive either mupirocin ointment USP,

2% three times daily or 30 to 40 mg/kg oral erythromycin ethylsuccinate per day (this was an unblinded study) for 8 days. There was a follow-up visit 1 week after treatment ended. Clinical efficacy rates at the follow-up visit in the evaluable populations (adults and pediatric patients included) were 93% for mupirocin ointment USP, 2% (n=29) and 78.5% for erythromycin (n=28). Pathogen eradication rates in the evaluable patient populations were 100% for both test groups. There were no side effects reported in the group receiving mupirocin ointment.

Pediatrics -

There were 91 pediatric patients aged 2 months to 15 years in the first study described above. Clinical efficacy rates at end of therapy in the evaluable populations were 78% for mupirocin ointment USP, 2% (n=42) and 36% for vehicle placebo (n=49). In the second study described above, all patients were pediatric except two adults in the group receiving mupirocin ointment USP, 2%. The age range of the pediatric patients was 7 months to 13 years. The clinical efficacy rate for mupirocin ointment USP, 2% (n=27) was 96%, and for erythromycin it was unchanged (78.5%).

HOW SUPPLIED

Mupirocin Ointment USP, 2% is available as follows: 22 gram tube (NDC 42254-229-22)

Store at 20-25°C (68-77°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature].

*Bactroban Nasal[®] is a registered trademark of GlaxoSmithKline.

MADE IN ISRAEL

MANUFACTURED BY PERRIGO, YERUHAM 80500, ISRAEL



ALLEGAN, IVII 49010

Rev. 01/09

1N200 RC J3

REPACKAGED BY REBEL DISTRIBUTORS CORP, THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91320

PACKAGE/LABEL PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL



MUPIROCIN							
nupirocin ointment							
Product Information							
Product T ype	HUMAN PRESCRIPTIO	N DRUG	tem Code (So	urce)	NDC:42254	2254-229(NDC:45802-112)	
Route of Administration	TOPICAL						
Active Ingredient/Ac	v						
Ingredient Name Basis of Stre					s of Stren	gth	Strength
MUPIRO CIN (UNII: D0 GX863OA5) (MUPIROCIN - UNII:D0 GX863OA5)MUPIROCIN				DCIN		20 mg in 1 g	
Inactive Ingredients							
0	Ingredient Nam	e					Strength
POLYETHYLENE GLYCO	LS (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)						
Packaging							

1 in 1 CARTON		
22 g in 1 TUBE		
rmation		
Application Number or Monograph	Citation Marketing Start Dat	e Marketing End Date
ANDA065123	10/30/2009	
	22 g in 1 TUBE mation Application Number or Monograph	22 g in 1 TUBE The second seco

Labeler - Rebel Distributors Corp (118802834)

Registrant - PSS World Medical, Inc. (101822862)

Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations		
PSS World Medical, Inc.		791528623	REPACK(42254-229)		
Establishment					
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations		
STAT RX USA LLC		786036330	REPACK(42254-229)		

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Dispensing Solutions, Inc.		066070785	RELABEL(42254-229), REPACK(42254-229)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
SCRIPT PAK		964420108	RELABEL(42254-229), REPACK(42254-229)

Establishment

Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Keltman Pharmaceuticals, Inc.		362861077	REPACK(42254-229)

Establishment			
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations
Rebel Distirbutors Corp.		118802834	RELABEL(42254-229), REPACK(42254-229)

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Rebel Distributors Corp