DIPYRIDAMOLE- dipyridamole tablet, film coated Proficient Rx LP

Dipyridamole Tablets
Dipyridamole Tablets, USP
25 mg, 50 mg, and 75 mg tablets
Rx only

Prescribing Information

DESCRIPTION

Dipyridamole USP is a platelet inhibitor chemically described as 2,2',2",2"'-[(4,8-Dipiperidinopyrimido[5,4-d]pyrimidine-2,6-diyl)dinitrilo]-tetraethanol. It has the following structural formula:

C24H40N8O4 Mol. Wt. 504.63

Dipyridamole is an odorless yellow crystalline powder, having a bitter taste. It is soluble in dilute acids, methanol and chloroform, and practically insoluble in water.

Dipyridamole Tablets, USP for oral administration contain:

Active Ingredient *TABLETS 25 mg, 50 mg, and 75 mg:* dipyridamole USP 25 mg, 50 mg and 75 mg, respectively.

Inactive Ingredients *TABLETS 25 mg, 50 mg, and 75 mg:* corn starch, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, lactose monohydrate, magnesium stearate, polyethylene glycol, povidone, and titanium dioxide.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

It is believed that platelet reactivity and interaction with prosthetic cardiac valve surfaces, resulting in abnormally shortened platelet survival time, is a significant factor in thromboembolic complications occurring in connection with prosthetic heart valve

replacement.

Dipyridamole tablets have been found to lengthen abnormally shortened platelet survival time in a dose-dependent manner.

In three randomized controlled clinical trials involving 854 patients who had undergone surgical placement of a prosthetic heart valve, dipyridamole tablets, in combination with warfarin, decreased the incidence of postoperative thromboembolic events by 62 to 91% compared to warfarin treatment alone. The incidence of thromboembolic events in patients receiving the combination of dipyridamole tablets and warfarin ranged from 1.2 to 1.8%. In three additional studies involving 392 patients taking dipyridamole tablets and coumarin-like anticoagulants, the incidence of thromboembolic events ranged from 2.3 to 6.9%.

In these trials, the coumarin anticoagulant was begun between 24 hours and 4 days postoperatively, and the dipyridamole tablets were begun between 24 hours and 10 days postoperatively. The length of follow-up in these trials varied from 1 to 2 years.

Dipyridamole tablets do not influence prothrombin time or activity measurements when administered with warfarin.

Mechanism of Action

Dipyridamole inhibits the uptake of adenosine into platelets, endothelial cells and erythrocytes *in vitro* and *in vivo*; the inhibition occurs in a dose-dependent manner at therapeutic concentrations (0.5-1.9 μ g/mL). This inhibition results in an increase in local concentrations of adenosine which acts on the platelet A ₂-receptor thereby stimulating platelet adenylate cyclase and increasing platelet cyclic-3',5'- adenosine monophosphate (cAMP) levels. Via this mechanism, platelet aggregation is inhibited in response to various stimuli such as platelet activating factor (PAF), collagen and adenosine diphosphate (ADP).

Dipyridamole inhibits phosphodiesterase (PDE) in various tissues. While the inhibition of cAMP-PDE is weak, therapeutic levels of dipyridamole inhibit cyclic-3',5'-guanosine monophosphate-PDE (cGMP- PDE), thereby augmenting the increase in cGMP produced by EDRF (endothelium-derived relaxing factor, now identified as nitric oxide).

Hemodynamics

In dogs intraduodenal doses of dipyridamole of 0.5 to 4.0 mg/kg produced dose-related decreases in systemic and coronary vascular resistance leading to decreases in systemic blood pressure and increases in coronary blood flow. Onset of action was in about 24 minutes and effects persisted for about 3 hours.

Similar effects were observed following intravenous dipyridamole in doses ranging from 0.025 to 2.0 mg/kg.

In man the same qualitative hemodynamic effects have been observed. However, acute intravenous administration of dipyridamole may worsen regional myocardial perfusion distal to partial occlusion of coronary arteries.

Pharmacokinetics and Metabolism

Following an oral dose of dipyridamole tablets, the average time to peak concentration is about 75 minutes. The decline in plasma concentration following a dose of dipyridamole

tablets fits a two-compartment model. The alpha half-life (the initial decline following peak concentration) is approximately 40 minutes. The beta half-life (the terminal decline in plasma concentration) is approximately 10 hours. Dipyridamole is highly bound to plasma proteins. It is metabolized in the liver where it is conjugated as a glucuronide and excreted with the bile.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Dipyridamole tablets are indicated as an adjunct to coumarin anticoagulants in the prevention of postoperative thromboembolic complications of cardiac valve replacement.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Hypersensitivity to dipyridamole and any of the other components.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Coronary Artery Disease: Dipyridamole has a vasodilatory effect and should be used with caution in patients with severe coronary artery disease (e.g., unstable angina or recently sustained myocardial infarction). Chest pain may be aggravated in patients with underlying coronary artery disease who are receiving dipyridamole.

Hepatic Insufficiency: Elevations of hepatic enzymes and hepatic failure have been reported in association with dipyridamole administration.

Hypotension: Dipyridamole should be used with caution in patients with hypotension since it can produce peripheral vasodilation.

Stress Testing with Intravenous Dipyridamole and Other Adenosinergic Agents: Clinical experience suggests that patients being treated with dipyridamole tablets who also require pharmacological stress testing with intravenous dipyridamole or other adenosinergic agents (e.g. adenosine, regadenoson) should interrupt dipyridamole tablets for 48 hours prior to stress testing.

Intake of dipyridamole tablets within 48 hours prior to stress testing with intravenous dipyridamole or other adenosinergic agents may increase the risk for cardiovascular side effects of these agents and may impair the sensitivity of the test.

Laboratory Tests

Dipyridamole has been associated with elevated hepatic enzymes.

Drug Interactions

No pharmacokinetic drug-drug interaction studies were conducted with dipyridamole tablets. The following information was obtained from the literature.

Adenosinergic agents (e.g., adenosine, regadenoson): Dipyridamole has been reported to increase the plasma levels and cardiovascular effects of adenosine. Adjustment of adenosine dosage may be necessary. Dipyridamole also increases the cardiovascular

effects of regadenoson, an adenosine A _{2A}-receptor agonist. The potential risk of cardiovascular side effects with intravenous adenosinergic agents may be increased during the testing period when dipyridamole is not held 48 hours prior to stress testing.

Cholinesterase Inhibitors: Dipyridamole may counteract the anticholinesterase effect of cholinesterase inhibitors, thereby potentially aggravating myasthenia gravis.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

In studies in which dipyridamole was administered in the feed to mice (up to 111 weeks in males and females) and rats (up to 128 weeks in males and up to 142 weeks in females), there was no evidence of drug-related carcinogenesis. The highest dose administered in these studies (75 mg/kg/day) was, on a mg/m 2 basis, about equivalent to the maximum recommended daily human oral dose (MRHD) in mice and about twice the MRHD in rats. Mutagenicity tests of dipyridamole with bacterial and mammalian cell systems were negative. There was no evidence of impaired fertility when dipyridamole was administered to male and female rats at oral doses up to 500 mg/kg/day (about 12 times the MRHD on a mg/m 2 basis). A significant reduction in number of corpora lutea with consequent reduction in implantations and live fetuses was, however, observed at 1250 mg/kg (more than 30 times the MRHD on a mg/m 2 basis).

Pregnancy

Teratogenic Effects

Reproduction studies have been performed in mice, rabbits and rats at oral dipyridamole doses of up to 125 mg/kg, 40 mg/kg and 1000 mg/kg, respectively (about 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2 and 25 times the maximum recommended daily human oral dose, respectively, on a mg/m 2 basis) and have revealed no evidence of harm to the fetus due to dipyridamole. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, dipyridamole tablets should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers

As dipyridamole is excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when dipyridamole tablets are administered to a nursing woman.

Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness in the pediatric population below the age of 12 years have not been established.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse reactions at therapeutic doses are usually minimal and transient. On long-term use of dipyridamole tablets initial side effects usually disappear. The following reactions in Table 1 were reported in two heart valve replacement trials comparing dipyridamole tablets and warfarin therapy to either warfarin alone or warfarin and placebo:

Table 1 Adverse Reactions Reported in 2 Heart Valve Replacement Trials

Adverse Reaction	Dipyridamole Tablets/ Warfarin	Placebo/ Warfarin
Number of patients	147	170
Dizziness	13.6%	8.2%
Abdominal distress	6.1%	3.5%
Headache	2.3%	0.0%
Rash	2.3%	1.1%

Other reactions from uncontrolled studies include diarrhea, vomiting, flushing and pruritus. In addition, angina pectoris has been reported rarely and there have been rare reports of liver dysfunction. On those uncommon occasions when adverse reactions have been persistent or intolerable, they have ceased on withdrawal of the medication.

When dipyridamole tablets were administered concomitantly with warfarin, bleeding was no greater in frequency or severity than that observed when warfarin was administered alone. In rare cases, increased bleeding during or after surgery has been observed.

In post-marketing reporting experience, there have been rare reports of hypersensitivity reactions (such as rash, urticaria, severe bronchospasm, and angioedema), larynx edema, fatigue, malaise, myalgia, arthritis, nausea, dyspepsia, paresthesia, hepatitis, thrombocytopenia, alopecia, cholelithiasis, hypotension, palpitation, and tachycardia.

OVERDOSAGE

In case of real or suspected overdose, seek medical attention or contact a Poison Control Center immediately. Careful medical management is essential. Based upon the known hemodynamic effects of dipyridamole, symptoms such as warm feeling, flushes, sweating, restlessness, feeling of weakness and dizziness may occur. A drop in blood pressure and tachycardia might also be observed.

Symptomatic treatment is recommended, possibly including a vasopressor drug. Gastric lavage should be considered. Administration of xanthine derivatives (e.g., aminophylline) may reverse the hemodynamic effects of dipyridamole overdose. Since dipyridamole is highly protein bound, dialysis is not likely to be of benefit.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Adjunctive Use in Prophylaxis of Thromboembolism after Cardiac Valve Replacement. The recommended dose is 75 mg to 100 mg four times daily as an adjunct to the usual warfarin therapy. Please note that aspirin is not to be administered concomitantly with coumarin anticoagulants.

HOW SUPPLIED

Dipyridamole Tablets, USP are available as round, white, film-coated tablets of 25 mg, 50 mg, and 75 mg coded 81/SL, 82/SL, and 83/SL, respectively.

They are available in bottles of 30 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-30)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-30)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-30)

They are available in bottles of 60 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-60)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-60)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-60)

They are available in bottles of 90 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-90)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-90)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-90)

They are available in bottles of 100 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-00)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-00)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-00)

They are available in bottles of 500 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-55)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-55)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-55)

They are available in bottles of 1000 tablets as indicated below:

25 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-894-11)

50 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-895-11)

75 mg Tablets (NDC 71205-896-11)

Store at 25°C (77°F); excursions permitted to 15°-30°C (59°-86°F) [see USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Keep out of reach of children.

For medical inquiries, please visit the website www.risingpharma.com or call 1-866-562-4597.

Distributed by:

Rising Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Saddle Brook, NJ 07663 USA

Manufactured by:

Murty Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Lexington, KY 40509 USA

Repackaged and Relabeled by:

Proficient Rx LP Thousand Oaks, CA 91320

Revised: December 2019

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Container 25 mg

NDC 71205-894-30

Dipyridamole Tablets, USP

25 mg

30 Tablets

Rx only





NDC 71205-894-30

RX Only

Packaged By: Proficient Rx LP Thousand Oaks, CA 91320



Dipyridamole 25mg

#30 Tablets

Each tablet contains: 25 mg of dipyridamole, USP.

Round, white, film-coated tablets coded 81/SL

Product ID: QD089430

Mfr. By: Murty Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Lexington, KY 40509 USA

Store at 25°C (77°F)

Keep medication out of the reach of children

GTIN: 00371205894306 SN# MASTER Exp. 00/00/00



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Container 50 mg

NDC 71205-895-30

Dipyridamole Tablets, USP

50 mg

30 Tablets

Rx only





NDC 71205-895-30

RX Only

Packaged By: Proficient Rx LP Thousand Oaks, CA 91320

3 712051895301 3

Dipyridamole 50mg

#30 Tablets

Each tablet contains: 50 mg of dipyridamole, USP.

Round, white, film-coated tablets coded 82/SL

Product ID: QD089530

Mfr. By: Murty Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Lexington, KY 40509 USA Store at 25°C (77°F)

Keep medication out of the reach of children

GTIN: 00371205895303 SN# MASTER Exp. 00/00/00



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Container 75 mg

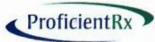
NDC 71205-896-30

Dipyridamole Tablets, USP

75 mg

30 Tablets

Rx only





NDC 71205-896-30

RX Only

Packaged By: Proficient Rx LP Thousand Oaks, CA 91320



Dipyridamole 75mg

#30 Tablets

Each tablet contains: 75 mg of dipyridamole, USP.

Round, white, film-coated tablets coded 83/SL

Product ID: QD089630

Mfr. By: Murty Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Lexington, KY 40509 USA

Store at 25°C (77°F)

Keep medication out of the reach of children

GTIN: 00371205896300 SN# MASTER Exp. 00/00/00 Lot #: 00000



DIPYRIDAMOLE

dipyridamole tablet, film coated

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71205-894(NDC:64980- 133)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
DIPYRIDAMOLE (UNII: 64ALC7F90C) (DIPYRIDAMOLE - UNII:64ALC7F90C)	DIPYRIDAMOLE	25 mg		

Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)			
HYDROXYPROPYL CELLULOSE (1600000 WAMW) (UNII: RFW2ET671P)			
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)			
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)			
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)			
POVIDONE, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: FZ 989GH94E)			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V2JP)			

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	no score	
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	SL;81	
Contains				

P	Packaging				
# Item Code Package Description		Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:71205-894- 30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		
2	NDC:71205-894- 60	60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		
3	NDC:71205-894- 90	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		
4	NDC:71205-894- 00	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		
5	NDC:71205-894- 55	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		
6	NDC:71205-894- 11	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021		

Marketing Information			
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date
ANDA	ANDA040733	08/05/2007	

DIPYRIDAMOLE

dipyridamole tablet, film coated

	Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71205-895(NDC:64980- 134)
ı				

Route of Administration ORAL

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
DIPYRIDAMOLE (UNII: 64ALC7F90C) (DIPYRIDAMOLE - UNII:64ALC7F90C)	DIPYRIDAMOLE	50 mg

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)	
HYDROXYPROPYL CELLULOSE (1600000 WAMW) (UNII: RFW2ET671P)	
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WJQ0SDW1A)	
POVIDONE, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: FZ 989GH94E)	
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V2JP)	

Product Characteristics			
Color	white	Score	no score
Shape	ROUND	Size	8mm
Flavor		Imprint Code	SL;82
Contains			

P	Packaging					
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:71205-895- 30	30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021			
2	NDC:71205-895- 60	60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021			
3	NDC:71205-895- 90	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021			
	NDC 7100F 00F	100 !- 1 BOTTLE T 0 N C				

	00 NDC:/1202-895-	Product	08/02/2021	
5	NDC:71205-895- 55	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	
6	NDC:71205-895- 11	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA040733	02/13/2007		

DIPYRIDAMOLE

dipyridamole tablet, film coated

Product Information

Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:71205-896(NDC:64980- 135)
Route of Administration	ORAL		

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety

Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
DIPYRIDAMOLE (UNII: 64ALC7F90C) (DIPYRIDAMOLE - UNII:64ALC7F90C)	DIPYRIDAMOLE	75 mg

Inactive Ingredients		
Ingredient Name	Strength	
STARCH, CORN (UNII: O8232NY3SJ)		
HYDROXYPROPYL CELLULOSE (1600000 WAMW) (UNII: RFW2ET671P)		
LACTOSE MONOHYDRATE (UNII: EWQ57Q8I5X)		
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)		
POVIDONE, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: FZ989GH94E)		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (UNII: 15FIX9V2JP)		
POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL, UNSPECIFIED (UNII: 3WO0SDW1A)		

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	no score	
Shape	ROUND	Size	9mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	SL;83	
Contains				

Packaging			
# Hom Codo	Package Description	Marketing Start	Marketing End

item code	Раскаде резсприон	Date	Date
NDC:71205-896- 30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product		08/02/2021	
NDC:71205-896- 60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product 08/02/2		08/02/2021	
NDC:71205-896- 90	90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	
NDC:71205-896- 00	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	
NDC:71205-896- 55	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	
NDC:71205-896- 11	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	08/02/2021	
	NDC:71205-896- 30 NDC:71205-896- 60 NDC:71205-896- 90 NDC:71205-896- 00 NDC:71205-896- 55 NDC:71205-896-	NDC:71205-896- 30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination	NDC:71205-896- 30 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 60 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 90 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product NDC:71205-896- 1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination NB/02/2021

Marketing Information				
Marketing Category	Application Number or Monograph Citation	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date	
ANDA	ANDA040733	02/13/2007		

Labeler - Proficient Rx LP (079196022)

Establishment				
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations	
Proficient Rx LP		079196022	REPACK(71205-894, 71205-895, 71205-896), RELABEL(71205-894, 71205-895, 71205-896)	

Revised: 4/2022 Proficient Rx LP