PHENOBARBITAL- phenobarbital tablet e5 Pharma, LLC

Disclaimer: This drug has not been found by FDA to be safe and effective, and this labeling has not been approved by FDA. For further information about unapproved drugs, click here.

PHENOBARBITAL TABLETS, USP

CIV

Rev. 03/19

Rx Only

DESCRIPTION

Phenobarbital is a barbituric acid derivative for oral administration and occurs as a white, odorless, slightly bitter powder that is soluble in chloroform, freely soluble in alcohol or ether, and slightly soluble in water. Its saturated solution has a pH of about 5.6. Chemically, it is 5-ethyl-5-phenylbarbituric acid with the molecular formula C $_{12}$ H $_{12}$ N $_2$ O $_3$ (232.24). The structural formula is as follows:

Each Phenobarbital Tablet, USP contains 15 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg or 100 mg of phenobarbital, USP.

Inactive ingredients include: colloidal silicon dioxide, lactose anhydrous, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, sodium starch glycolate, and stearic acid.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Phenobarbital, a long-acting barbiturate, is a central nervous system depressant. In ordinary doses, the drug acts as a sedative and anticonvulsant. Its onset of action occurs within 30 minutes, and the duration of action ranges from 5 to 6 hours. It is detoxified in the liver.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Phenobarbital Tablets, USP are indicated for use as a sedative or anticonvulsant.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Phenobarbital is contraindicated in patients who are hypersensitive to barbiturates. In such patients, severe hepatic damage can occur from ordinary doses and is usually associated with dermatitis and involvement of parenchymatous organs. A personal or familial history of acute intermittent porphyria represents one of the few absolute contraindications to the use of barbiturates. Phenobarbital is also contraindicated in patients with marked impairment of liver function, or respiratory disease in which dyspnea or obstruction is evident. It should not be administered to persons with known previous addiction to the sedative/hypnotic group, since ordinary doses may be ineffectual and may contribute to further addiction.

WARNINGS

In small doses, the barbiturates may increase the reaction to painful stimuli. Taken by themselves, the barbiturates cannot be relied upon to relieve pain or even to produce sedation or sleep in the presence of severe pain.

PRECAUTIONS

General Precautions:

Barbiturates induce liver microsomal enzyme activity. This accelerates the biotransformation of various drugs and is probably part of the mechanism of the tolerance encountered with barbiturates. Phenobarbital, therefore, should be used with caution in patients with decreased liver function. This drug should also be administered cautiously to patients with a history of drug dependence or abuse (see **DRUG ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE**).

Phenobarbital may decrease the potency of coumarin anticoagulants; therefore, patients receiving such concomitant therapy should have more frequent prothrombin determinations. As with other sedatives and hypnotics, elderly or debilitated patients may react to barbiturates with marked excitement, depression, or confusion.

The systemic effects of exogenous hydrocortisone and endogenous hydrocortisone (cortisol) may be diminished by phenobarbital. Thus, this product should be administered with caution to patients with borderline hypoadrenal function, regardless of whether it is of pituitary or of primary adrenal origin.

Information for Patients:

Phenobarbital may impair the mental and/or physical abilities required for the performance of potentially hazardous tasks, such as driving a car or operating machinery. The patient should be cautioned accordingly.

Drug Interactions:

Phenobarbital in combination with alcohol, tranquilizers, and other central nervous system depressants has additive depressant effects, and the patient should be so advised. Patients taking this drug should be warned not to exceed the dosage recommended by their physician. Toxic effects and fatalities have occurred following overdoses of phenobarbital alone and in combination with other central nervous system depressants. Caution should be exercised in prescribing unnecessarily large amounts of phenobarbital for patients who have a history of emotional disturbances or suicidal ideation or who have misused alcohol and other CNS drugs (see **OVERDOSAGE**).

Usage in Pregnancy:

Pregnancy Category B - Reproduction studies have been performed in animals and have revealed no evidence of impaired fertility or harm to the fetus due to phenobarbital. There are, however, no adequate and well-controlled studies in pregnant women. Because animal reproduction studies are not always predictive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers:

Caution should be exercised when phenobarbital is administered to a nursing woman.

ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following adverse reactions have been reported:

CNS Depression:

Residual sedation or "hangover", drowsiness, lethargy, and vertigo. Emotional disturbances and phobias may be accentuated. In some persons, barbiturates such as phenobarbital repeatedly produce excitement rather than depression, and the patient may appear to be inebriated. Like other non-analgesic hypnotic drugs, barbiturates, such as phenobarbital, when given in the presence of pain, may cause restlessness, excitement, and even delirium. Rarely, the use of barbiturates results in localized or diffused myalgic, neuralgic, or arthritic pain, especially in psychoneurotic patients with insomnia. The pain may appear in paroxysms, is most intense in the early morning hours, and is most frequently located in the region of the neck, shoulder girdle, and upper limbs. Symptoms may last for days after the drug is discontinued.

Respiratory/Circulatory:

Respiratory depression, apnea, circulatory collapse.

Allergic:

Acquired hypersensitivity to barbiturates consists chiefly in allergic reactions that occur especially in persons who tend to have asthma, urticaria, angioedema, and similar conditions. Hypersensitivity reactions in this category include localized swelling, particularly of the eyelids, cheeks, or lips, and erythematous dermatitis. Rarely, exfoliative dermatitis (e.g., Stevens-Johnson syndrome and toxic epidermal necrolysis) may be caused by phenobarbital and can prove fatal. The skin eruption may be associated with fever, delirium, and marked degenerative changes in the liver and other parenchymatous organs. In a few cases, megaloblastic anemia has been associated with

the chronic use of phenobarbital.

Other:

Nausea and vomiting; headache.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact e5 Pharma, LLC at 1-561-288-4885, or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

DRUG ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE

Controlled Substance - Phenobarbital is a Schedule IV drug.

Dependence:

Prolonged, uninterrupted use of barbiturates (particularly the short-acting drugs), even in therapeutic doses, may result in psychic and physical dependence. Withdrawal symptoms due to physical dependence following chronic use of large doses of barbiturates may include delirium, convulsions, and death.

OVERDOSAGE

The signs and symptoms of barbiturate poisoning are referable especially to the central nervous system and the cardiovascular system. Moderate intoxication resembles alcoholic inebriation. In severe intoxication, the patient is comatose, the level of reflex activity conforming in a general way to the intensity of the central depression. The deep reflexes may persist for some time despite coexistent coma. The Babinski sign is often positive. The EEG may be of the "burst-suppression" type, with brief periods of electrical silence. The pupils may be constricted and react to light, but late in the course of barbiturate poisoning they may show hypoxic paralytic dilatation. Respiration is affected early. Breathing may be either slow or rapid and shallow; Cheyne-Stokes rhythm may be present. Respiratory minute volume is diminished, and hypoxia and respiratory acidosis may develop. The blood pressure falls, owing partly to depression of medullary vasomotor centers; partly to a direct action of the drug on the myocardium, sympathetic ganglia, and vascular smooth muscle; partly to hypoxia.

The patient thus develops a typical shock syndrome, with a weak and rapid pulse, cold and clammy skin, and a rise in the hematocrit. Respiratory complications (atelectasis, pulmonary edema, and bronchopneumonia) and renal failure are much dreaded and not infrequent concomitant of severe barbiturate poisoning. There is usually hypothermia, sometimes with temperatures as low as 32°C.

Treatment:

General management should consist of symptomatic and supportive therapy, including gastric lavage, administration of intravenous fluids, and maintenance of blood pressure, body temperature and adequate respiratory exchange. Dialysis will increase the rate of removal of barbiturates from the body fluids. Antibiotics may be required to control pulmonary complications.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Oral Sedative Dose, Adults - 30 to 120 mg daily in 2 or 3 divided doses. Children - 6 mg/kg of body weight daily in 3 divided doses.

Oral Hypnotic Dose, Adults - 100 to 320 mg.

Oral Anticonvulsant Dose, Adults - 50 to 100 mg 2 or 3 times daily.

Children - 15 to 50 mg 2 or 3 times daily.

HOW SUPPLIED

Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 15 mg: White, round, tablets debossed "755" on one side. The opposite side is debossed "e5".

Available in bottles of 100 tablets, NDC 13517-755-01; 500 tablets, NDC 13517-755-05; and 1000 tablets, NDC 13517-755-10.

Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 30 mg: White, round, tablets scored on one side. The scored side is debossed "756" and the opposite side is debossed "e5".

Available in bottles of 100 tablets, NDC 13517-756-01; 500 tablets, NDC 13517-756-05; and 1000 tablets, NDC 13517-756-10.

Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 60 mg: White, round, tablets scored on one side. The scored side is debossed "757" and the opposite side is debossed "e5". Available in bottles of 100 tablets, NDC 13517-757-01; 500 tablets, NDC 13517-757-05;

Available in bottles of 100 tablets, NDC 13517-757-01; 500 tablets, NDC 13517-757-05; and 1000 tablets, NDC 13517-757-10.

Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 100 mg: White, round, tablets scored on one side. The scored side is debossed "758" and the opposite side is debossed "e5". Available in bottles of 100 tablets, NDC 13517-758-01; 500 tablets, NDC 13517-758-05; and 1000 tablets. NDC 13517-758-10.

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]. Protect from light and moisture.

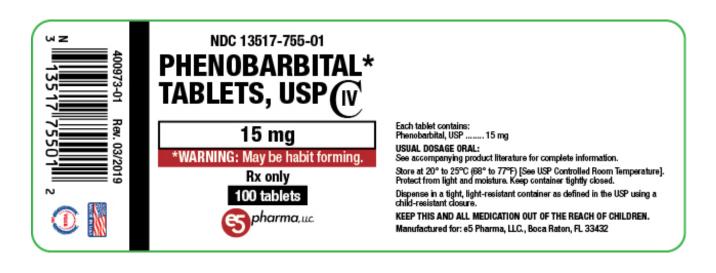
Dispense in a tight, light-resistant container as defined in the USP using a child-resistant closure.

Manufactured for:

e5 Pharma, LLCBoca Raton, FL 33432
500510-01 Rev. 03/19

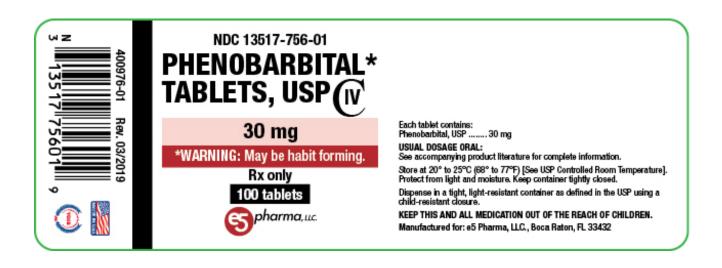
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 13517-755-01 Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 15 mg 100 Tablets Rx Only



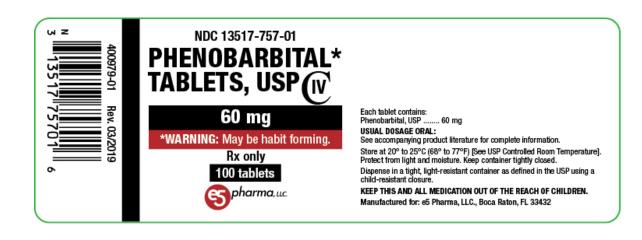
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 13517-756-01 Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 30 mg 100 Tablets Rx Only



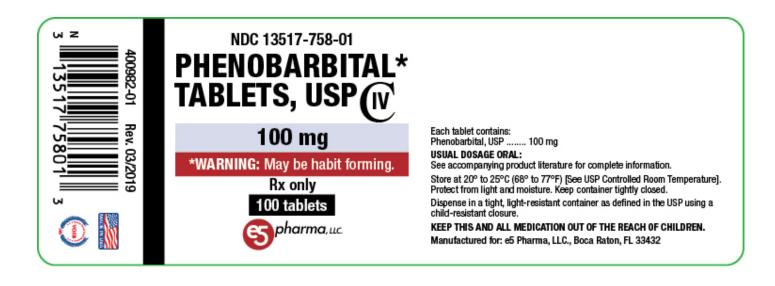
PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 13517-757-01 Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 60 mg 100 Tablets Rx Only



PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

NDC 13517-758-01 Phenobarbital Tablets, USP 100 mg 100 Tablets Rx Only



PHENOBARBITAL

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:13517-755	
Route of Administration	ORAL	DEA Schedule	CIV	

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
PHENOBARBITAL (UNII: YQE403BP4D) (PHENOBARBITAL - UNII:YQE403BP4D)	PHENOBARBITAL	15 mg		

Inactive Ingredients					
Ingredient Name	Strength				
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PMK)					
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)					
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)					
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)					
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)					
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)					

Product Characteristics				
Color white Score no score				
Shape	ROUND	Size	6mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	e5;755	
Contains				

P	Packaging					
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:13517-755- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/21/2024		
2	NDC:13517-755- 05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/21/2024		
3	NDC:13517-755- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/24/2023		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Application Number or Monograph Marketing Start Marketing End Category Citation Date Date				
unapproved drug other		03/21/2019	07/21/2024	
otner				

PHENOBARBITAL

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:13517-756	
Route of Administration	ORAL	DEA Schedule	CIV	

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
PHENOBARBITAL (UNII: YQE403BP4D) (PHENOBARBITAL - UNII:YQE403BP4D)	PHENOBARBITAL	30 mg		

Inactive Ingredients					
Ingredient Name	Strength				
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PMK)					
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)					
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)					
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)					
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)					
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)					

Product Characteristics				
Color	white	Score	2 pieces	
Shape	ROUND	Size	8mm	
Flavor		Imprint Code	e5;756	
Contains				

P	Packaging					
#	# Item Code Package Description		Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:13517-756- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	03/28/2024		
2	NDC:13517-756- 05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	09/29/2024		
3	NDC:13517-756- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/24/2023		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Application Number or Monograph Marketing Start Marketing E Category Citation Date Date				
unapproved drug other		03/21/2019	09/29/2024	

PHENOBARBITAL

Product Information				
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:13517-757	
Route of Administration	ORAL	DEA Schedule	CIV	

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety				
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength		
PHENOBARBITAL (UNII: YQE403BP4D) (PHENOBARBITAL - UNII:YQE403BP4D)	PHENOBARBITAL	60 mg		

Inactive Ingredients				
Ingredient Name	Strength			
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PMK)				
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)				
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)				
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z 6XBU4)				
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)				
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)				

Product Characteristics					
Color white Score 2 pieces					
Shape	ROUND	Size	10mm		
Flavor		Imprint Code	e5;757		
Contains					

P	Packaging					
# Item Code Package Description			Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:13517-757- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	11/10/2024		
2	NDC:13517-757- 05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	11/10/2024		
3	NDC:13517-757- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/24/2023		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Application Number or Monograph Marketing Start Marketing E Category Citation Date Date				
unapproved drug other		03/21/2019	11/10/2024	

PHENOBARBITAL

Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG	Item Code (Source)	NDC:13517-758
Route of Administration	ORAL	DEA Schedule	CIV

Active Ingredient/Active Moiety		
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength
PHENOBARBITAL (UNII: YQE403BP4D) (PHENOBARBITAL - UNII:YQE403BP4D)	PHENOBARBITAL	100 mg

Inactive Ingredients	
Ingredient Name	Strength
ANHYDROUS LACTOSE (UNII: 3SY5LH9PMK)	
CELLULOSE, MICROCRYSTALLINE (UNII: OP1R32D61U)	
MAGNESIUM STEARATE (UNII: 70097M6I30)	
SILICON DIOXIDE (UNII: ETJ7Z6XBU4)	
SODIUM STARCH GLYCOLATE TYPE A POTATO (UNII: 5856J3G2A2)	
STEARIC ACID (UNII: 4ELV7Z65AP)	

Product Characteristics					
Color white Score 2 pieces					
Shape	ROUND	Size	12mm		
Flavor		Imprint Code	e5;758		
Contains					

P	Packaging					
#	Item Code	Package Description	Marketing Start Date	Marketing End Date		
1	NDC:13517-758- 01	100 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	11/11/2024		
2	NDC:13517-758- 05	500 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	11/11/2024		
3	NDC:13517-758- 10	1000 in 1 BOTTLE; Type 0: Not a Combination Product	03/21/2019	07/24/2023		

Marketing Information				
Marketing Application Number or Monograph Marketing Start Marketing En Category Citation Date Date				
unapproved drug other		03/21/2019	11/11/2024	

Labeler - e5 Pharma, LLC (933360179)

Revised: 7/2023 e5 Pharma, LLC