PREDNISTAB- prednisolone tablet Butler Animal Health Supply, LLC.

PrednisTab[®] (Prednisolone Tablets, USP)

For Oral Use in Dogs Only

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

DESCRIPTION: Prednisolone, like methylprednisolone, is a potent anti-inflammatory steroid. Prednisolone, 11,17,21-trihydroxypregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione, is a synthetic dehydrogenated analogue of cortisone. Prednisolone and methylprednisolone have a greater anti-inflammatory potency and less tendency to induce sodium and water retention than the older corticoids, cortisone and hydrocortisone. The relative anti-inflammatory potency for hydrocortisone is 1.0; cortisone is 0.8; prednisolone is 4 and methylprednisolone is 5. The relative sodium retaining potency for hydrocortisone is 4; prednisolone is 3 and methylprednisolone is 2.^{1,2}

INDICATIONS: PrednisTab is intended for use in dogs. The indications for PrednisTab are the same as those for other anti-inflammatory steroids and comprise the various collagen, dermal, allergic, ocular, otic, and musculoskeletal conditions known to be responsive to the anti-inflammatory corticosteroids. Representative of the conditions in which the use of steroid therapy and the benefits to be derived therefrom have had repeated confirmation in the veterinary literature are: (1) dermal conditions, such as nonspecific eczema, summer dermatitis, and burns; (2) allergic manifestations, such as acute urticaria, allergic dermatitis, drug and serum reactions, bronchial asthma, and pollen sensitivities; (3) ocular conditions, such as iritis, iridocyclitis, secondary glaucoma, uveitis, and chorioretinitis; (4) otic conditions, such as otitis externa; (5) musculoskeletal conditions, such as myositis, rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, and bursitis; (6) various chronic or recurrent diseases of unknown etiology such as ulcerative colitis and nephrosis.

In acute adrenal insufficiency, prednisolone may be effective because of its ability to correct the defect in carbohydrate metabolism and relieve the impaired diuretic response to water, characteristic of primary or secondary adrenal insufficiency. However, because this agent lacks significant mineralocorticoid activity, hydrocortisone sodium succinate, hydrocortisone, or cortisone should be used when salt retention is indicated.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Do not use in viral infections. Prednisolone, like methylprednisolone, is contraindicated in animals with peptic ulcer, corneal ulcer, and Cushingoid syndrome. The presence of diabetes, osteoporosis, predisposition to thrombophlebitis, hypertension, congestive heart failure, renal insufficiency, and active tuberculosis necessitates carefully controlled use. Some of the above conditions occur only rarely in dogs but should be kept in mind.

CAUTION: Because of its inhibitory effect on fibroplasia, prednisolone may mask the signs of infection and enhance dissemination of the infecting organism. Hence, all animal patients receiving prednisolone should be watched for evidence of intercurrent infection. Should infection occur, it must be brought under control by use of appropriate

antibacterial measures, or administration of prednisolone should be discontinued.

Warning: Not for human use. Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or by injection to animals may induce the first stage of parturition if used during the last trimester of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis.

Additionally, corticosteroids administered to dogs, rabbits, and rodents during pregnancy have resulted in cleft palate in offspring. Corticosteroids administered to dogs during pregnancy have also resulted in other congenital anomalies, including deformed forelegs, phocomelia, and anasarca.

PRECAUTIONS: Prednisolone, like methylprednisolone and other adrenocortical steroids, is a potent therapeutic agent influencing the biochemical behavior of most, if not all, tissues of the body. Because this anti-inflammatory steroid manifests little sodium-retaining activity, the usual early sign of cortisone or hydrocortisone overdosage (i.e., increase in body weight due to fluid retention) is not a reliable index of overdosage. Hence, recommended dose levels should not be exceeded, and all animal patients receiving prednisolone should be under close medical supervision. All precautions pertinent to the use of methylprednisolone apply to prednisolone. Moreover, the veterinarian should endeavor to keep informed of current studies of corticosteroids as they are reported in the veterinary literature.

Use of corticosteroids, depending on dose, duration and specific steroid, may result in inhibition of endogenous steroid production following drug withdrawal. In patients presently receiving or recently withdrawn from systemic corticosteroid treatments, therapy with a rapid-acting corticosteroid should be considered in unusually stressful situations.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: Prednisolone is similar to methylprednisolone in regard to kinds of side effects and metabolic alterations to be anticipated when treatment is intensive or prolonged. In animal patients with diabetes mellitus, use of prednisolone may be associated with an increase in the insulin requirement. Negative nitrogen balance may occur, particularly in animals that require protracted maintenance therapy; measures to counteract persistent nitrogen loss include a high protein intake and the administration, when indicated, of a suitable anabolic agent. Excessive loss of potassium, like excessive retention of sodium, is not likely to be induced by effective maintenance doses of prednisolone. However, these effects should be kept in mind and the usual regulatory measures employed as indicated. Ecchymotic manifestations in dogs may occur. If such reactions do occur and are serious, reduction in dose or discontinuance of prednisolone therapy may be indicated.

Side effects, such as SAP and SALT enzyme elevations, weight loss, anorexia, polydipsia and polyuria have occurred following the use of synthetic corticosteroids in dogs. Vomiting and diarrhea (occasionally bloody) have also been observed. Cushing's syndrome in dogs has been reported in association with prolonged or repeated steroid therapy.

Since prednisolone, like methylprednisolone, suppresses endogenous adrenocortical activity, it is highly important that the animal patient receiving prednisolone be under careful observation, not only during the course of treatment but for some time after treatment is terminated. Adequate adrenocortical supportive therapy with cortisone or hydrocortisone, and including ACTH, must be employed promptly if the animal is

subjected to any unusual stress such as surgery, trauma, or severe infection.

ADMINISTRATION: The keystone of satisfactory therapeutic management with PrednisTab prednisolone tablets, as with other steroid predecessors, is individualization of dosage in reference to the severity of the disease, the anticipated duration of steroid therapy, and the animal patient's threshold or tolerance for steroid excess. The prime objective of steroid therapy should be to achieve a satisfactory degree of control with a minimum effective daily dose.

The dosage recommendations are suggested **average total daily doses** and are intended as guides. As with other orally administered corticosteroids, the total daily dose of prednisolone should be given in equally divided doses. The initial suppressive dose level is continued until a satisfactory clinical response is obtained, a period usually of 2 to 7 days in the case of musculoskeletal diseases, allergic conditions affecting the skin or respiratory tract, and ocular inflammatory diseases. If a satisfactory response is not obtained in 7 days, reevaluation of the case to confirm the original diagnosis should be made. As soon as a satisfactory clinical response is obtained, the daily dose should be reduced gradually, either to termination of treatment in the case of acute conditions (e.g., seasonal asthma, dermatitis, acute ocular inflammations) or to the minimal effective maintenance dose level in the case of chronic conditions (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis). In chronic conditions, and in rheumatoid arthritis especially, it is important that the reduction in dosage from initial to maintenance dose levels be accomplished slowly. The maintenance dose level should be adjusted from time to time as required by fluctuation in the activity of the disease and the animal's general status. Accumulated experience has shown that the long-term benefits to be gained from continued steroid maintenance are probably greater the lower the maintenance dose level. In rheumatoid arthritis in particular, maintenance steroid therapy should be at the lowest possible level.

Important: In the therapeutic management of animal patients with chronic diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, prednisolone should be regarded as a highly valuable adjunct, to be used in conjunction with, but *not as replacement* for, standard therapeutic measures.

DOSAGE: 2.5 mg per 10 lb (4.5 kg) body weight per day. Average total daily oral doses for dogs as follows:

 5 to 20 lb (2 to 9 kg) body
 1.25 to 5 mg

 weight
 1.25 to 5 mg

 20 to 40 lb (9 to 18 kg) body
 5 to 10 mg

 weight
 10 to 20 mg

 40 to 80 lb (18 to 36 kg) body
 10 to 20 mg

 weight
 20 to 40 mg

The total daily dose should be given in divided doses, 6 to 10 hours apart.

HOW SUPPLIED: PrednisTab is available as 5 mg compressed quarter-scored tablets in bottles of 1000 and 20 mg compressed quarter-scored tablets in bottles of 500.

STORAGE: Store at controlled room temperature 20° - 25°C (68° - 77°F), excursions permitted between 15° - 30°C (59° - 86°F)

Manufactured by LLOYD, Inc. Shenandoah, Iowa 51601 U.S.A.

References

1. Liddle GW. Studies of structure-function relationship of steroids. II. The 6α -methylcorticosteroids. *Metab Clin Exp* 1958; 7:405-415.

2. Haynes RC, Jr. Adrenocorticotropic hormone; adrenocortical steroids and their synthetic analogs; inhibitors of the synthesis and actions of adrenocortical hormones. In: Gilman AG, Goodman LS, Gilman A, eds. *Pharmacological basis of therapeutics.* 8th ed. Elmsford, NY: Pergamon Press, 1990; 1431-1462.

Rev. 1119

Approved by FDA under NADA # 140-921

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 5 mg Tablet Bottle Label

covetrus

NDC: 11695-4469-1

PrednisTab[®] (prednisolone tablets), USP 5 mg

For oral use in dogs only

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Approved by FDA under NADA # 140-921

Net contents: 1000 Tablets

$\left(\right)$	Dosage and administration: Dosages should be restricted to the lowest level necessary to control clinical signs, If no therapeutic response is noted in seven days,	covetrus 🗲	Each tablet contains: Prednisolone, USP	
	the diagnosis should be redetermined. Recommended dose: 2.5 mg per 10 lb (4.5 kg) body	NDC: 11695-4469-1	Important: Read the accompanying I completely before use.	
	weight per day in divided doses six to ten hours apart. Warning: Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered during the last trimester	(prednisolone tablets), USP 5 mg	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN Storage: Store at controlled room tem (68° - 77°F), excursions permitted be (59° - 86°F).	nperature 20° - 25°C stween 15° - 30°C
	of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta, and metritis. Additionally, corticosteroids administered to dogs, rabbits, and rodents during pregnancy have resulted in cleft palate in offspring. Corticosteroids administered to dogs during pregnancy have also resulted in other congenital anomalies, including	For oral use in dogs only CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian,	Reorder #006368 Cd The PrednisTab® Trademark 40 is the property of LLOYD, Inc. Dir	istributed by: ovetrus North America 00 Metro Place North ublin, OH 43017 ovetrus.com
	deformed forelegs, phocomelia, and anasarca.	Approved by FDA under NADA # 140-921	Questions? (855) 724-3461 AH	H-006368-02 REV: 0221
	8 40066 50774 III 3	Net contents: 1000 Tablets	Lipi Dato	

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL - 20 mg Tablet Bottle Label

covetrus

NDC: 11695-4470-1

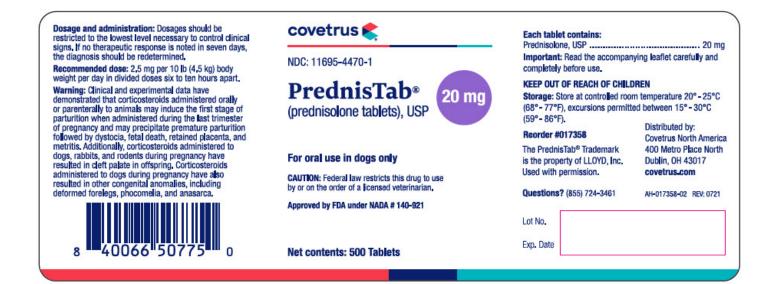
PrednisTab[®] (prednisolone tablets), USP 20 mg

For oral use in dogs only

CAUTION: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Approved by FDA under NADA # 140-921

Net contents: 500 Tablets



PREDNISTAB prednisolone tablet						
Product Information						
Product Type	roduct Type PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG Item Co					1695-4469
Route of Administration	ORAL					
Active Ingredient/Activ	e Moiety					
Ing		Basis of Strength		Strength		
PREDNISOLONE (UNII: 9PHQ9Y)	10LM)	PREDNISOLONE		5 mg		
Product Characteristic	s					
Color	WHITE	Score		4	oieces	

Shape		OV	AL	Size					0mm	
Flavor			Imprint Code			PT5				
Contains										
Packaging										
# Item Co	ode	Packa	ge Descript	ion	Marketin	g Start	Date	Mar	ketina I	End Date
1 NDC:11695-4	469-1 1		BOTTLE, PLAST					-		
Marketin	g Info	ormati	ion							
			ation Number or Monograph Citation		Mark	Marketing Start Date		Marketing End Date		
NADA		DA140921	1			11/08/19	991			
Product Type PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG Item Code (Source) NDC:11695-4470 Route of Administration ORAL V V V V Active Ingredient/Active Moiety Ingredient Name Basis of Strength Strength										
PREDNISOLON	E (UNII: 9F	PHQ9Y1OL	_M) (PREDNISOI	_ONE -	UNII:9PHQ9Y	IOLM)	PREDNIS	OLONE	<u>-</u>	20 mg
Product Ch	aracter	ristics								
Color	WHITE						Score			4 pieces
Shape	OVAL (Ell	iptical. Po	inted at each e	end of	tablet.)		Size			15mm
Flavor							Imprin	nt Cod	le	PT20
Contains										
Packaging										
# Item Co			ge Descript		Marketin	g Start	Date	Mark	ceting I	End Date
1 NDC:11695-4	470-1 5	500 in 1 B	OTTLE, PLASTI	с						
Marketin	g Info	ormati	ion							
Marketin Category		Applicat	tion Number Citatio		onograph	Mark	eting St Date	art		eting End Date
NADA	NA	DA140921	1			11/20/19	997			

Labeler - Butler Animal Health Supply, LLC. (603750329)

Registrant - LLOYD, Inc. of Iowa (007281942)

Establishment						
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations			
LLOYD, Inc. of Iowa		962286535	MANUFACTURE, LABEL, PACK			
Establishment						
Name	Address	ID/FEI	Business Operations			
LLOYD, Inc. of Iowa		007281942	ANALYSIS			

Revised: 11/2023

Butler Animal Health Supply, LLC.